

SECTION1 SUMMARY

KEY TO ABBREVIATIONS

A	AC	:Alternating Current
	ACC	:Automatic Color Control
	ACSS	:Automatic Channel Setting System
	ADJ	:Adjust
	A/E	:Audio Erase
	AFC	:Automatic Frequency Control
	AFT	:Automatic Fine Tuning
	AGC	:Automatic Gain Control
	A.H.SW	:Audio Head Switch
	ALC	:Automatic Level Control
	AM	:Amplitude Modulation
	AMP	:Amplifier
	ANT	:Antenna
	APC	:Automatic Phase Control
	ASS'Y	:Assembly
	AUX	:Auxiliary
B	B	:Base
	BGP	:Burst Gate Pulse
	BPF	:Bandpass Filter
	BS	:Broadcasting Satellite
	BW or B/W	:Black and White
C	C	:Capacitor, Chroma, Collector
	CAN	:Cancel
	CAP	:Capstan
	CAP.BRK	:Capstan Brake
	CAP.RVS	:Capstan Reverse
	CATV	:Cable Television
	CBA	:Circuit Board Assembly
	CCD	:Charge Coupled Device
	C.CTL	:Chro Control, Capstan Control
	CFG	:Capstan Frequency Generator
	CHROMA	:Chrominance
	CNR	:Chroma Noise Redution
	COMB	:Combination
		:Comb Filter
	COMP	:Comparator
		:Composite
		:Compensation
	CONV	:Converter
	C.ROT SW	:Color Rotary Switch
	CS	:Chip Selct
	C.SYNC	:Composite Synchronization
	CTL DIV	:Control Divide
	CUR	:Current
	CYL	:Cylinder
D	D	:Drum, Digital, Diode, Drain
	D.ADJ	:Drum Adjust
	DC	:Direct Current
	D.CTL	:Drum Control
	DEMOD	:Demodulator
	DET	:Detector
	DEV	:Deviation
	DHP	:Double High Pass
	DIGITRON	:Digital Display Tube
	DL	:Delay line
	DOC	:Drop Out Compensator
	DUB	:Dubbing
	D.V SYNC	:Dummy Vertical Synchronization
E	E	:Emitter
	EE	:Electric to Electric
	EMPH	:Emphasis
	ENA	:Enable
	ENV	:Envelope
	EP	:Extended Play
	EQ	:Equalizer
	EXP	:Expander
F	F	:Fuse
	FB	:Feed Back
	FBC	:Feed Back Clamp
	FE	:Full Erase
	FG	:Frequency Generator
	FL	:Filter
	FM	:Frequency Modulation
	F/R	:Front/Rear
	FS	:Frequency Synthesizer
	FSC	:Subcarrier Frequency
	F/V	:Frequency Voltage
G	GEN	:Generator
H	H	:High, Horizontal
I	IC	:Integrated Circuit
	IF	:Intermediate Frequency
	INS	:Insert
L	L	:Low, Left, Coil
	LD	:LED
	LD VTG CTL	:Loading Voltage Control
	LECHA	:Letter Character
	L.M	:Level Meter
	LP	:Long Play

M	LPF	:Low Pass Filter
	MAX	:Maximum
	MD	:Modulator
	MECHA.CTL	:Mechanism Control
	MIC	:Microphone
	MIN	:Minimum
	MIX	:Mixer, Mixing
	M.M.	:Monostable, Multivibrator
	MMV	:Mono Multi Vibrator
	MOD	:Modulation, Modulator
	MODEM	:Modulator-Demodulator
	MPX	:Multiplex
N	NR	:Noise Reduction
O	OSC	:Oscillator
	OSD	:On Screen Display
P	PB	:Playback
	PCB	:Printed Circuit Board
	P.CTL	:Power Control
	PRE-AMP	:Preamplifier
	P.F	:Power Failure
	PG	:Pulse Generator
	PLL	:Phase Locked Loop
	PREM.DET	:Premire Detect
	P.P	:Peak-to-Peak
	PS	:Phase Shift
	PWM	:Pulse Width Modulation
	PWR CTL	:Power Control
Q	Q	:Transistor
	QH	:Quasi Horizontal
	QSR	:Quick Setting Record
	QTR	:Quick Timer Record
	QV	:Quasi Vertical
R	R	:Resistor, Right
	RE(or RC)	:Remocon, Receiver
	REC	:Recording
	REC S 'H'	:Record Start 'Hight'
	REF	:Reference
	REG	:Regulated, Regulator
	REMOCON	:Remote Control(unit)
	RF	:Radio Frequency
	R/P	:Record/Playback
	RTC	:Reel Time Counter
S	S	:Serial
	S.ACCEL	:Slow Accel
	SAOP	:Second Audio Program
	SC	:Scart, Simulcast
	S.DET	:Secam Detect
	SH	:Shift
	SHARP	:Sharpness
	SIF	:Sound Intermediate Frequency
	SLD	:Side Locking
	S/N	:Signal to Noise Ratio
	SP	:Standard Play
	ST	:Stereo
	SUB	:Subtract, Subcarrier
	SW or S/W	:Switch
	SYNC	:Synchronization
	SYSCON	:System Control
T	T	:Coil
	TP	:Test Point
	TR	:Transistor
	TRK	:Tracking
	TRANS	:Transformer
	TU	:Tuner, Take-up
U	UHF	:Ultra High Frequency
	UNREG	:Unregulated
V	V	:Volt, Vertical
	VA	:Always Voltage
	VCO	:Voltage Controlled Oscillator
	VGC	:Voltage Gain Control
	VHF	:Very High Frequency
	V.H.SW	:Video Head Switch
	VISS	:VHS Index Search
	VPS	:Video Program System
	VR	:Variable Resistor or Volume
	V-SYNC	:Vertical Synchronization
	VTG	:Voltage
	VV	:Voltage to Voltage
	VXO	:Voltage X-tal Oscillator
W	W	:Watt
	WHT	:White
	W/O	:With out
X	X-TAL	:Crystal
Y	Y/C	:Luminance/Chrominance
	YNR	:Luminance Noise Reduction
Z	ZD	:Zener Diode

PRODUCT SAFETY SERVICING GUIDELINES FOR VIDEO PRODUCTS

IMPORTANT SAFETY NOTICE

This manual was prepared for use only by properly trained audio-video service technicians.

When servicing this product, under no circumstances should the original design be modified or altered without permission from LG Electronics Corporation. All components should be replaced only with types identical to those in the original circuit and their physical location, wiring and lead dress must conform to original layout upon completion of repairs.

Special components are also used to prevent x-radiation, shock and fire hazard. These components are indicated by the letter "x" included in their component designators and are required to maintain safe performance. No deviations are allowed without prior approval by LG Electronics Corporation.

Circuit diagrams may occasionally differ from the actual circuit used. This way, implementation of the latest safety and performance improvement changes into the set is not delayed until the new service literature is printed.

CAUTION: Do not attempt to modify this product in any way. Never perform customized installations without manufacturer's approval. Unauthorized modifications will not only void the warranty, but may lead to property damage or user injury.

Service work should be performed only after you are thoroughly familiar with these safety checks and servicing guidelines.

GRAPHIC SYMBOLS



The exclamation point within an equilateral triangle is intended to alert the service personnel to important safety information in the service literature.



The lightning flash with arrowhead symbol within an equilateral triangle is intended to alert the service personnel to the presence of noninsulated "dangerous voltage" that may be of sufficient magnitude to constitute a risk of electric shock.



The pictorial representation of a fuse and its rating within an equilateral triangle is intended to convey to the service personnel the following fuse replacement caution notice:

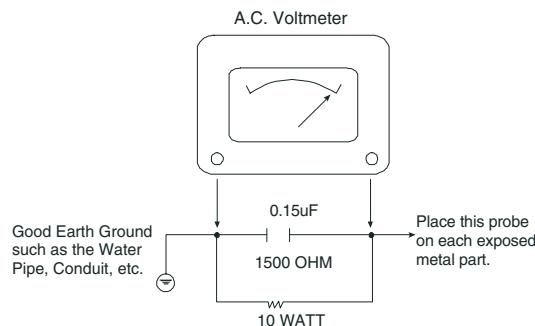
CAUTION: FOR CONTINUED PROTECTION AGAINST RISK OF FIRE, REPLACE ALL FUSES WITH THE SAME TYPE AND RATING AS MARKED NEAR EACH FUSE.

SERVICE INFORMATION

While servicing, use an isolation transformer for protection from AC line shock. After the original service problem has been corrected, make a check of the following:

FIRE AND SHOCK HAZARD

1. Be sure that all components are positioned to avoid a possibility of adjacent component shorts. This is especially important on items trans-ported to and from the repair shop.
2. Verify that all protective devices such as insulators, barriers, covers, shields, strain reliefs, power supply cords, and other hardware have been reinstalled per the original design. Be sure that the safety purpose of the polarized line plug has not been defeated.
3. Soldering must be inspected to discover possible cold solder joints, solder splashes, or sharp solder points. Be certain to remove all loose foreign particles.
4. Check for physical evidence of damage or deterioration to parts and components, for frayed leads or damaged insulation (including the AC cord), and replace if necessary.
5. No lead or component should touch a high current device or a resistor rated at 1 watt or more. Lead tension around protruding metal surfaces must be avoided.
6. After reassembly of the set, always perform an AC leakage test on all exposed metallic parts of the cabinet (the channel selector knobs, antenna terminals, handle and screws) to be sure that set is safe to operate without danger of electrical shock. DO NOT USE A LINE ISOLATION TRANSFORMER DURING THIS TEST. Use an AC voltmeter having 5000 ohms per volt or more sensitivity in the following manner: Connect a 1500 ohm, 10 watt resistor, paralleled by a .15 mfd 150V AC type capacitor between a known good earth ground water pipe, conduit, etc.) and the exposed metallic parts, one at a time. Measure the AC voltage across the combination of 1500 ohm resistor and .15 mfd capacitor. Reverse the AC plug by using a non-polarized adaptor and repeat AC voltage measurements for each exposed metallic part. Voltage measured must not exceed 0.75 volts RMS. This corresponds to 0.5 milliamp AC. Any value exceeding this limit constitutes a potential shock hazard and must be corrected immediately.



X-RADIATION

1. Be sure procedures and instructions to all service personnel cover the subject of x-radiation. The only potential source of x-rays in current TV receivers is the picture tube. However, this tube does not emit x-rays when the HV is at the factory-specified level. The proper value is given in the applicable schematic. Operation at higher voltages may cause a failure of the picture tube or high-voltage supply and, under certain circumstances may produce radiation in excess of desirable levels.
2. Only factory-specified CRT anode connectors must be used.
3. It is essential that the service personnel have available an accurate and reliable high-voltage meter.
4. When the high-voltage circuitry is operating properly, there is no possibility of an x-radiation problem. Every time a chassis is serviced, the brightness should be run up and down while monitoring the high voltage with a meter, to be certain that the high voltage does not exceed the specified value and that it is regulating correctly.
5. When troubleshooting and making test measurements in a product with a problem of excessively high voltage, avoid being unnecessarily close to the picture tube and the high voltage power supply. Do not operate the product longer than necessary to locate the cause of excessive voltage.
6. Refer to the CRT Anode High Voltage Measurement and Shutdown Adjustment procedures described in the appropriate text (where used).

IMPLOSION

1. All direct view picture tubes are equipped with an integral implosion protection system; take care to avoid damage during installation.
2. Use only the recommended factory replacement tubes.

TIPS ON PROPER INSTALLATION

1. Never install any receiver in a closed-in recess, cubbyhole, or closely fitting shelf space over, or close to, a heat duct, or in the path of heated air flow.
2. Avoid conditions of high humidity such as: outdoor patio installations where dew is a factor, near steam radiators where steam leakage is a factor, etc.
3. Avoid placement where draperies may obstruct venting. The customer should also avoid the use of decorative scarves or other coverings that might obstruct ventilation.
4. Wall- and shelf-mounted installations using a commercial mounting kit must follow the factory-approved mounting instructions. A product mounted to a shelf or platform must retain its original feet (or the equivalent thickness in spacers) to provide adequate air flow across the bottom. Bolts or screws used for fasteners must not touch any parts or wiring. Perform leakage tests on customized installations.
5. Caution customers against mounting a product on a sloping shelf or in a tilted position, unless the receiver is properly secured.
6. A product on a roll-about cart should be stable in its mounting to the cart. Caution the customer on the hazards of trying to roll a cart with small casters across thresholds or deep pile carpets.
7. Caution customers against using a cart or stand that has not been listed by Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. for use with its specific model of television receiver or generically approved for use with TVs of the same or larger screen size.
8. Caution customers against using extension cords. Explain that a forest of extensions, sprouting from a single outlet, can lead to disastrous consequences to home and family.

SERVICING PRECAUTIONS

CAUTION : Before servicing the VCR covered by this service data and its supplements and addends, read and follow the **SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**. **NOTE :** if unforeseen circumstances create conflict between the following servicing precautions and any of the safety precautions in this publication, always follow the safety precautions.

Remember Safety First:

General Servicing Precautions

1. Always unplug the VCR AC power cord from the AC power source before:
 - (1) Removing or reinstalling any component, circuit board, module, or any other assembly.
 - (2) Disconnection or reconnecting any internal electrical plug or other electrical connection.
 - (3) Connecting a test substitute in parallel with an electrolytic capacitor.
- Caution :** A wrong part substitution or incorrect polarity installation of electrolytic capacitors may result in an explosion hazard.
2. Do not spray chemicals on or near this VCR or any of its assemblies.
3. Unless specified otherwise in this service data, clean electrical contacts by applying an appropriate contact cleaning solution to the contacts with a pipe cleaner, cotton-tipped swab, or comparable soft applicator.
Unless specified otherwise in this service data, lubrication of contacts is not required.
4. Do not defeat any plug/socket B+ voltage interlocks with which instruments covered by this service manual might be equipped.
5. Do not apply AC power to this VCR and/or any of its electrical assemblies unless all solid-state device heat sinks are correctly installed.
6. Always connect test instrument ground lead to the appropriate ground before connecting the test instrument positive lead. Always remove the test instrument ground lead last.

Insulation Checking Procedure

Disconnect the attachment plug from the AC outlet and turn the power on. Connect an insulation resistance meter(500V) to the blades of the attachment plug. The insulation resistance between each blade of the attachment plug and accessible conductive parts (Note 1) should be more than 1M-ohm.

Note 1 : Accessible Conductive Parts including Metal panels, Input terminals, Earphone jacks, etc.

Electrostatically Sensitive (ES) Devices

Some semiconductor (solid state) devices can be damaged easily by static electricity. Such components commonly are called Electrostatically Sensitive (ES) Devices. Examples of typical ES devices are integrated circuits and some field effect transistors and semiconductor chip components. The following techniques should be used to help reduce the incidence of component damage caused by static electricity.

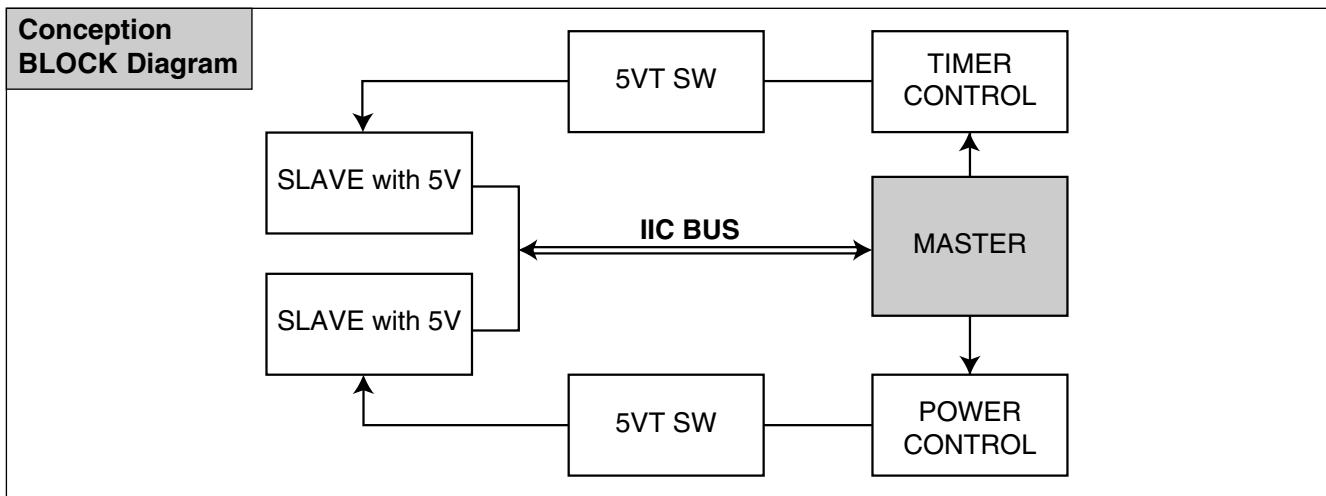
1. Immediately before handling any semiconductor component or semiconductor-equipped assembly, drain off any electrostatic charge on your body by touching a known earth ground. Alternatively, obtain and wear a commercially available discharging wrist strap device, which should be removed for potential shock reasons prior to applying power to the unit under test.
2. After removing an electrical assembly equipped with ES devices, place the assembly on a conductive surface such as aluminum foil, to prevent electrostatic charge buildup or exposure of the assembly.
3. Use only a grounded-tip soldering iron to solder or unsolder ES devices.
4. Use only an anti-static solder removal device. Some solder removal devices not classified a "anti-static" can generate electrical charges sufficient to damage ES devices.
5. Do not use freon-propelled chemicals. These can generate electrical charge sufficient to damage ES devices.
6. Do not remove a replacement ES device from its protective package until immediately before you are ready to install it. (Most replacement ES devices are packaged with leads electrically shorted together by conductive foam, aluminum foil, or comparable conductive material).
7. Immediately before removing the protective material from the leads of a replacement ES device, touch the protective material to the chassis or circuit assembly into which the device will be installed.
- Caution :** Be sure no power is applied to the chassis or circuit, and observe all other safety precautions.
8. Minimize bodily motions when handling unpackaged replacement ES devices. (Normally harmless motion such as the brushing together of your clothes fabric or the lifting of your foot from a carpeted floor can generate static electricity sufficient to damage an ES device.)

PROPOSAL FOR APPLYING SHORT PROTECTION

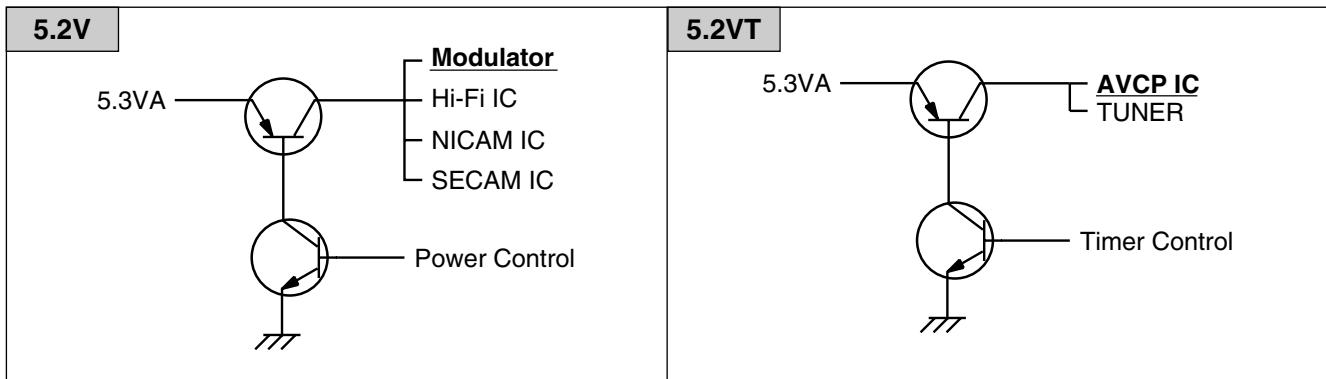
• The Contents of Examination

As all the IC that is applied to VCR is controlled by IIC, mutual communication, if Vcc of IC is short or open with detecting 'Acknowledge' data of the specific IC according to each power(5V, 5VT) μ -COM gets unable to detect 'ACK' data.

μ -COM regards this case as abnormal one and if it can't detect 'ACK' data for a certain time(3.5 sec) the signal of 'Power Control' and 'Timer Control' are switched to 'Low'. As a result POWER Switching TR is kept from generating heat and fire.



• POWER for each IC



- IC to detect 'ACK' data is selected as below because IC is different in accordance to region and option

S/	5V POWER	SECAM IC
Series	5VT POWER	AVCP IC
P/Y/I	5V POWER	Modulator
Series	5VT POWER	AVCP IC

*Short protection off mode : DJ01 Diode in

SERVICE NOTICE ON REPLACING EEPROM

In case that defective EEPROM of PAL models is replaced, to operate these sets from the initial state MP KEY must be repaired as well before delivering to the customer.

If MP KEY isn't repaired the setting of RF OUT channel or LANGUAGE might be different from that for customer's country.

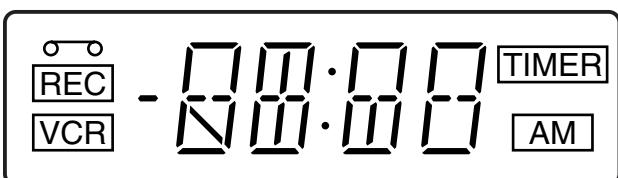
•MP KEY : In case of PAL VCR if holding the REC button on the front panel and the CLEAR button on the remote control handset for 5 ~ 7 seconds with power being switch all and no tapes, OK is displayed at FLD for FLD models and LED becomes on for LED CLOCK models. This is the state that initializing EEPROM is finished.
(In case of PAL VCP if holding the REC button on the front panel and the MENU button on the remote control handset for 5 ~ 7 seconds with power being off and no tapes, All the LED DOTs become on. This is the state that initializing EEPROM is finished.)

•MP KEY's function : MP KEY sets EEPROM's data up to the initial state.

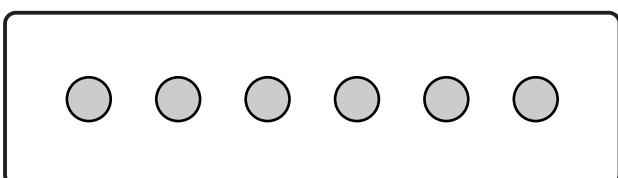


OK

• FLD MODEL:
MP KEY "OK"



• LED CLOCK MODEL:
MP KEY Switch all on a Light



• LED DOT MODEL:
MP KEY Switch all on a Light

SPECIFICATIONS

General

Power	: 110~240V, 50/60Hz
Power consumption	: Approx. 12 watts(Energy Saving mode : 3 watts)
Video Head system	: Double azimuth 4 heads, helical scanning system (4HD MONO, 4HD Hi-Fi Model Only)
Tape speed	: 23.39 mm/sec (SP mode) 11.69 mm/sec(LP mode)
Tape format	: Tape width 1/2" (12.7 mm high density VHS tape)
Maximum recording time	: 4 hours in SP mode/8 hours in LP mode (with E-240 tape)
Rewind time	: Approx. 150 sec. (with E-180 tape)
Dimensions (W X H X D)	: 360 x 94.5 x 230 mm
Weight	: 9.0 lbs. (4.0 kg)
Operating temperature	: 41°F-95°F (5°C-35°C)
Operating humidity	: Less than 80%
Timer	: 24 hours display type

Video

Input level	: VIDEO IN (RCA type) 1.0 Vp-p, 75 ohm, unbalanced
Output level	: VIDEO OUT (RCA type) 1.0 Vp-p, 75 ohm, unbalanced
Signal to noise ratio	: More than 43 dBm
RF Modulator	: UHF 28~68(Adjustable)

Audio

Input level	: AUDIO IN (RCA type) -6.0dBm, more than 47kΩ
Output level	: AUDIO OUT (RCA type) -6.0 dBm, less than 1kΩ
Track	Mono track & Hi-Fi track
Frequency response	: Normal : 100 Hz - 10 kHz(-6/+3 dB) Hi-Fi : 20 Hz - 20 kHz(3/-+3 dB)
Signal to noise ratio	: Normal : More than 43 dBm(at SP mode)
Dynamic range	: Hi-Fi : More than 70 dBm(at SP mode) Hi-Fi : More than 85 dBm(at SP mode)

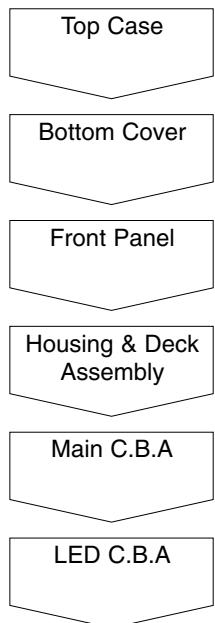
- Design and specifications are subject to change without notice.

:Hi-Fi Model only

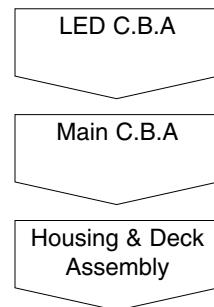
SECTION2 CABINET & MAIN FRAME

SERVICE METHOD

(1) Disassembly Flow



(2) Re-assembly Flow for service like Fig. 2-1



(3) To check and replace Electrical parts

- ① Disassemble the unit according to No.1) Disassembly Flow.
- ② Re-assemble the unit according to No.2) Re-assembly Flow.
- ③ Place the unit like Fig. 2-1
- ④ Check and replace Electrical parts.

NOTE :

- ① Insert Video Cassette Tape inversely like Fig. 2-1 to check and replace defective parts.
- ② In disassembling and reassembling, be careful not to damaged CST switch.

(Positioned Upside Down)

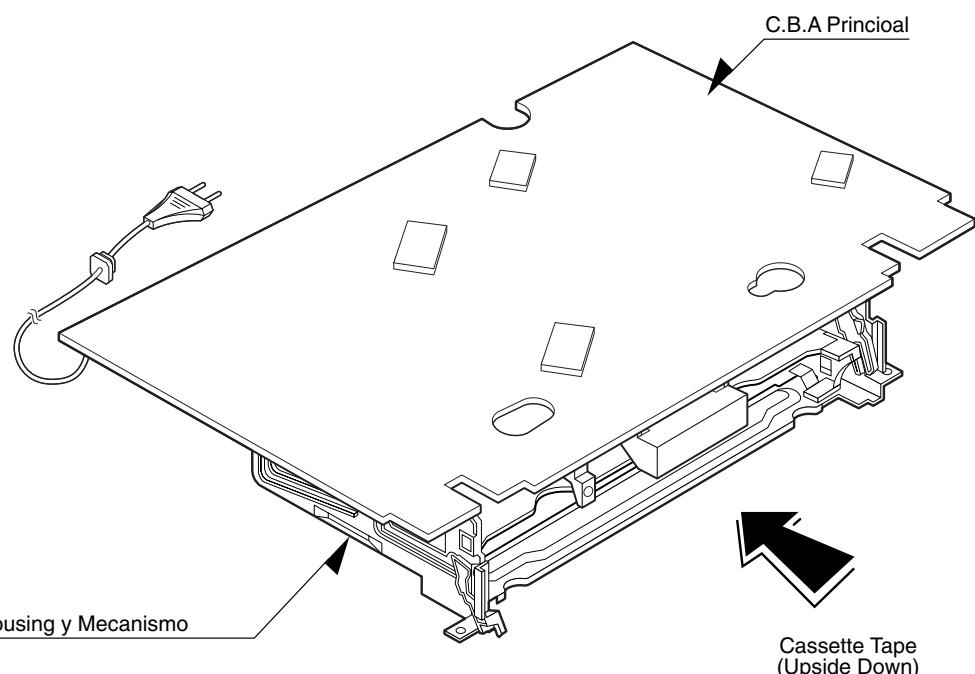
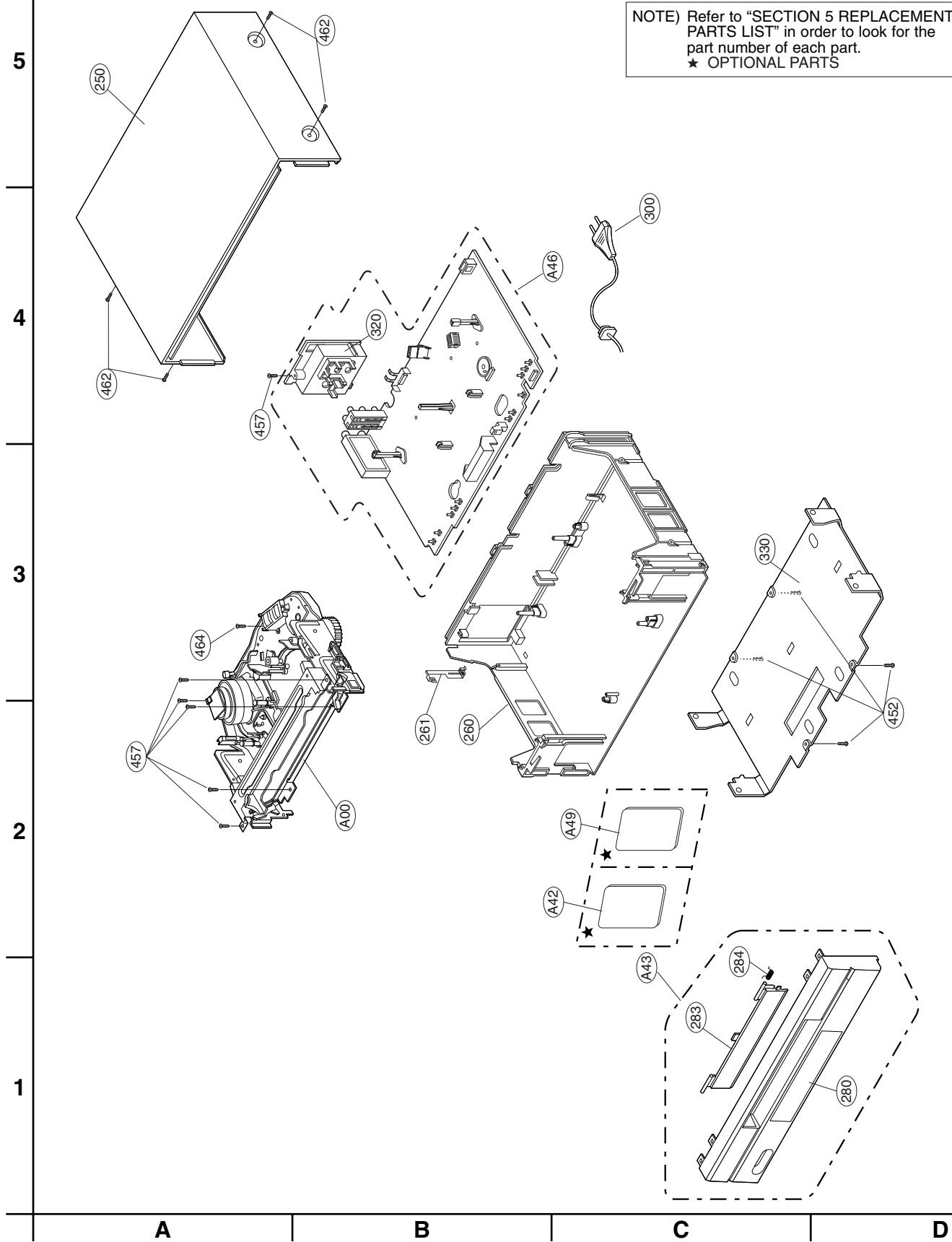


Fig.2-1

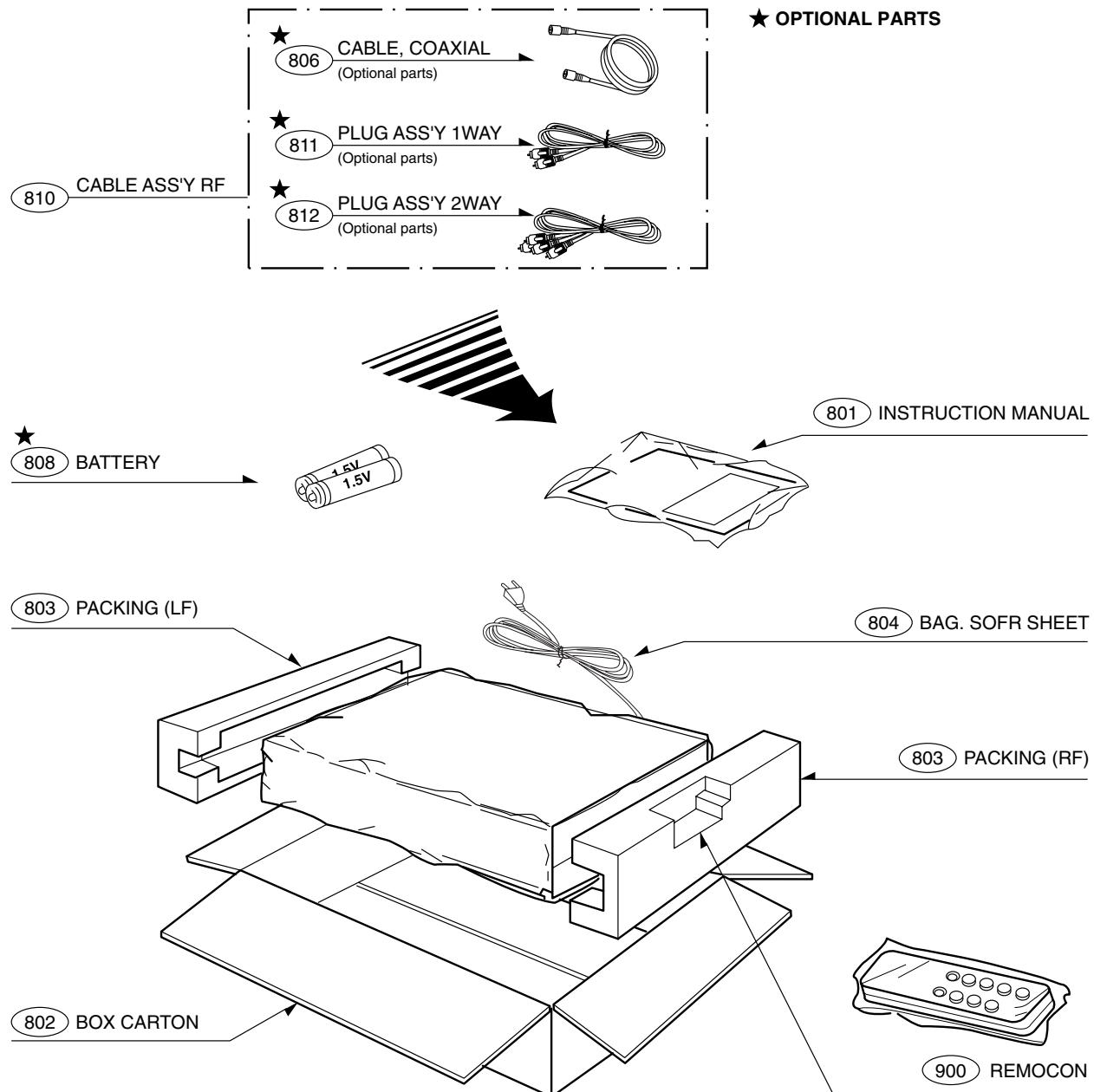
EXPLODED VIEWS

1. Cabinet and Main Frame Section



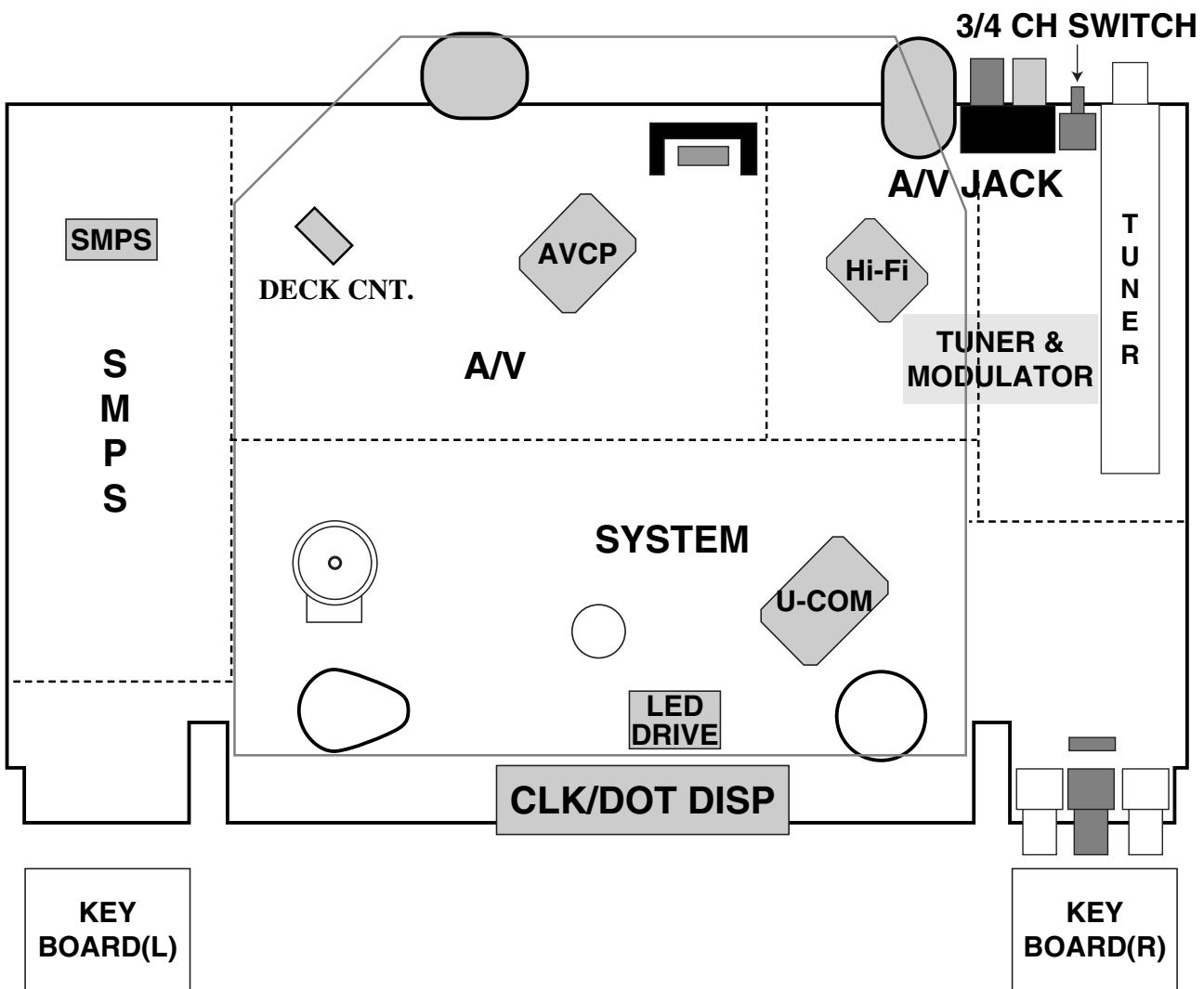
2. Packing Accessory Section

NOTE) Refer to "SECTION REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST
in order to look for the part number of each part.



SECTION 3 ELECTRICAL ELECTRICAL ADJUSTMENT POINTS ARRANGEMENT

(---) : Measurement point
[] : Adjustment point



ELECTRICAL ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURES

1. Servo Adjustment

- 1) PG Adjustment
 - Test Equipment

- | |
|----------------------------------|
| a) OSCILLOSCOPE |
| b) PAL TEST TAPE (VHS SP) |
| c) JIG REMOCON (AUTO PG SETTING) |

- Adjustment And Specification

MODE	MEASUREMENT POINT	ADJUSTMENT POINT	SPECIFICATION
PLAY	V.Out H/SW(W714, W715)		$6.5 \pm 0.5H$

- **Adjustment Procedure**

- a) Insert the PAL SP Test Tape and play.

Note - Adjust the distance of X, pressing the Tracking(+) or Tracking(-) when the “ATR” is blink after the PAL SP Test Tape is inserted.

- b) Press the Auto PG KEY on JIG Remocon(1'st) or Press “Play” key on set and “0” key on Remocon.(Then check the blink “TRK OK” (Hi-Fi Model), “ALL LIGHT”(MONO Model) on CLK/LED -TRK is a Initial)

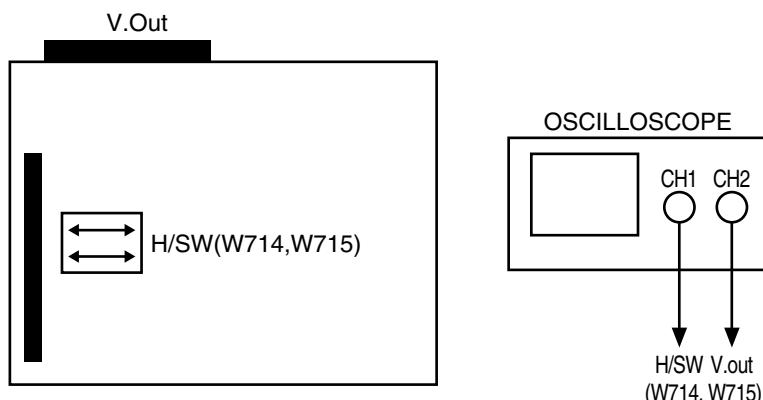
- c) Press the Auto PG Key on JIG Remocon again (2'nd) or press “Play” key on set and “0” key on Remocon again.(Then check the blink “PG NG > PG OK” on CLK/LED(Hi-Fi Model), Then check the blink “PG waveform” on oscilloscope(MONO Model)).

- **Check the PG**

- a) Connect the CH1 of the oscilloscope to the H/SW and CD2 to the Video out for the VCR.

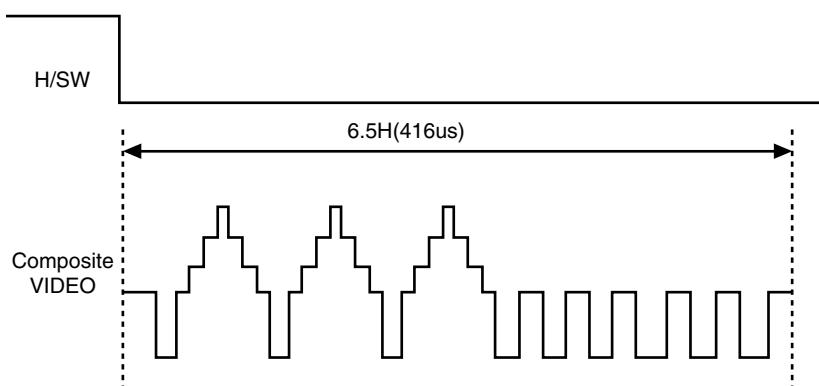
- b) Trigger the mixed Video Signal of CH2 to the CH1 H/SW(W714, W715), and then check the distance (time difference), which is from the selected A(B) Head point of the H/SW(W714, W715) signal to the starting point of the vertical synchronized signal, to $6.5H \pm 0.5H$ ($416\mu s$, $1H=64.0\mu s$).

- **CONNECTION**



ELECTRICAL ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURES

- WAVEFORM



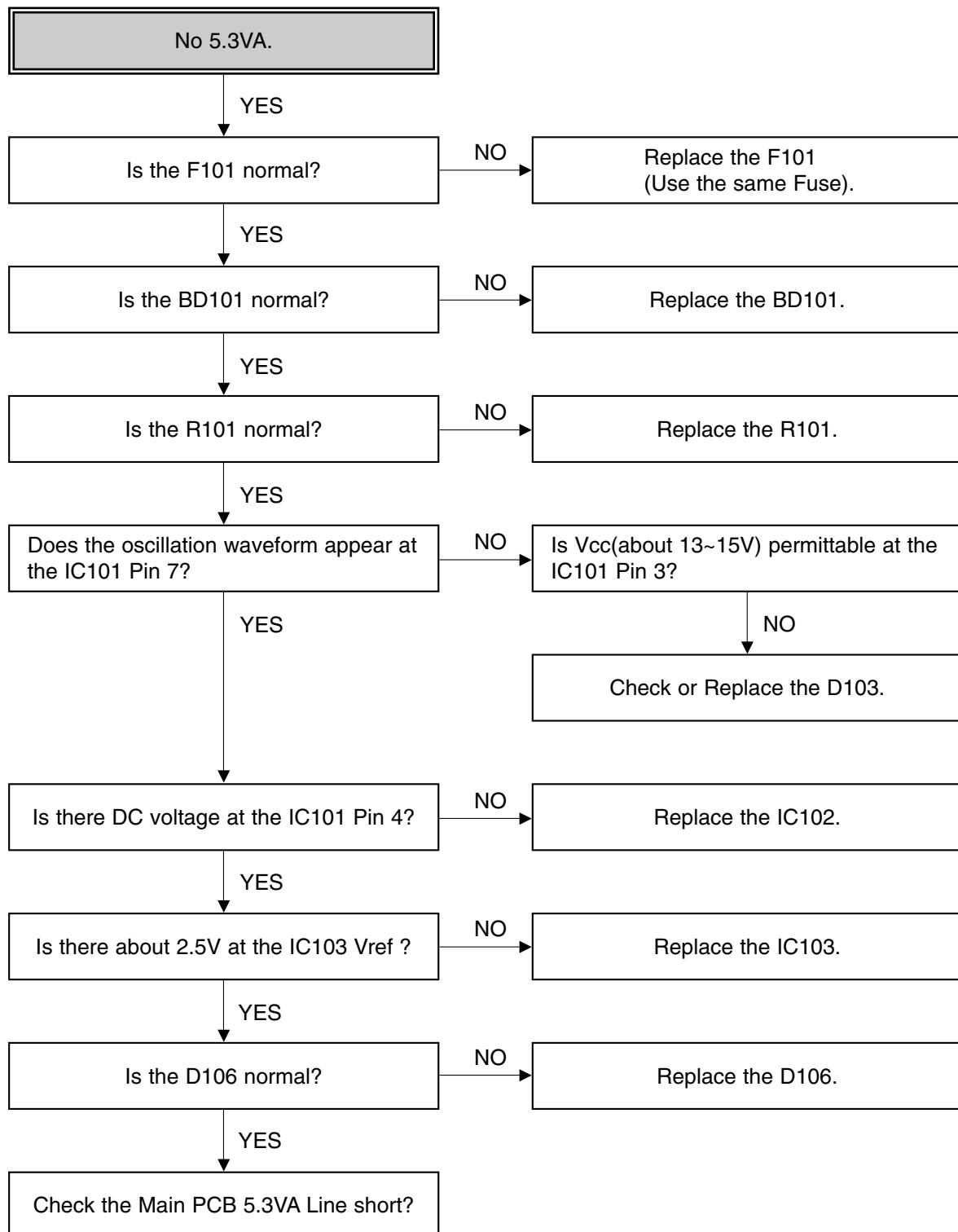
- Attention and Reference

- a) The PG checking must do when RF Level is Maximum and SERVO system is Locking (MTR MODE)
- b) V.H/SW Level is 2Vpp.

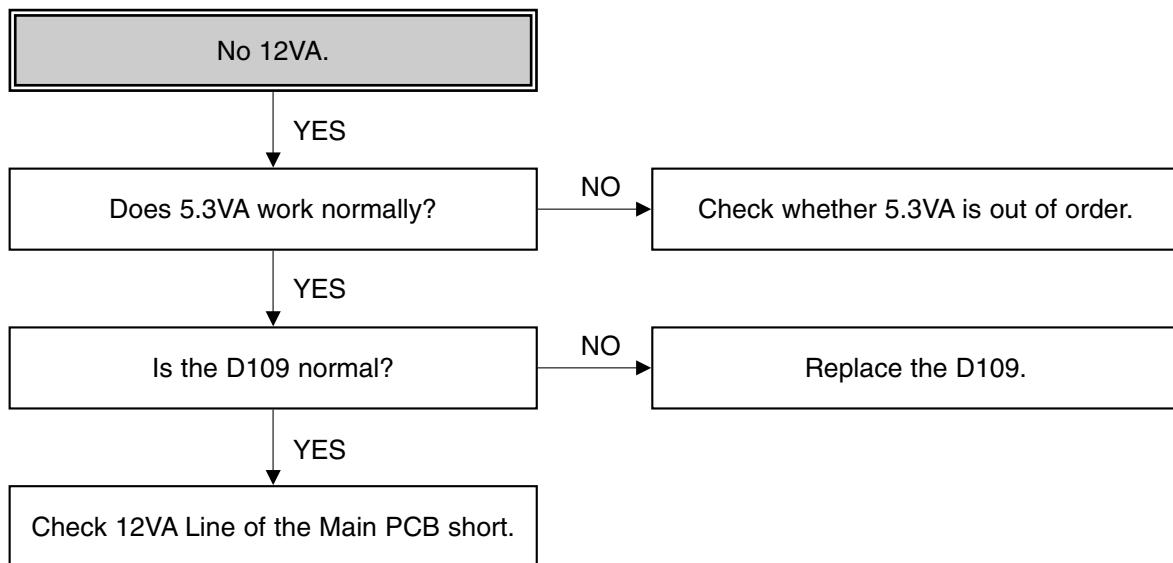
ELECTRICAL TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

1. Power Circuit(SMPS)

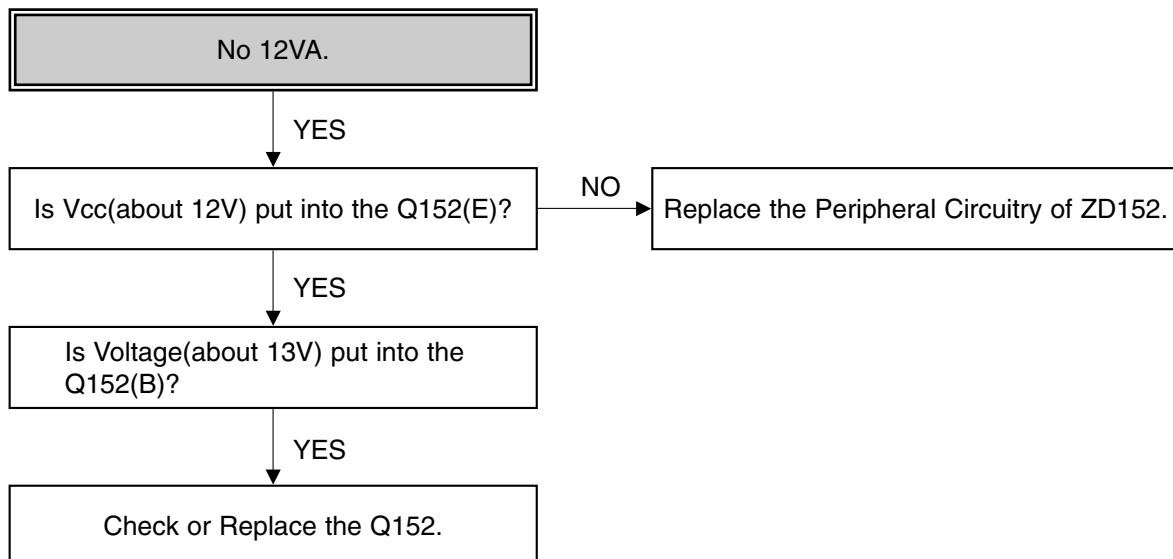
(1) No 5.3VA.



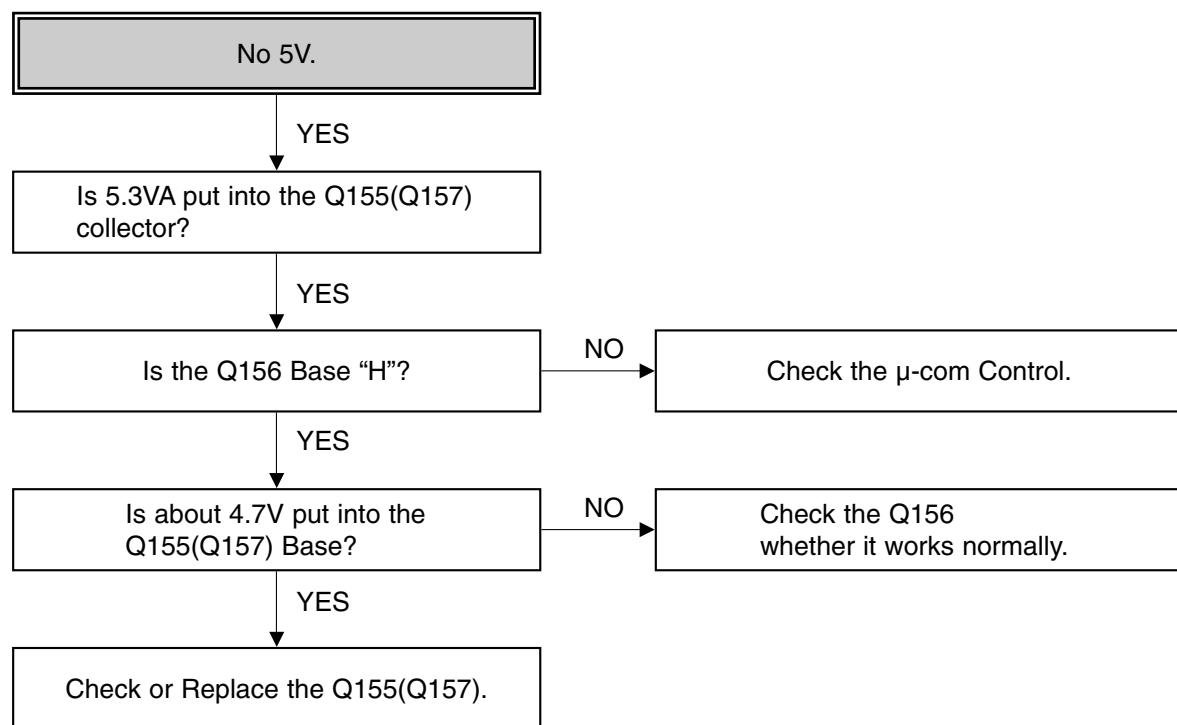
(2) No 12VA.(Capstan)



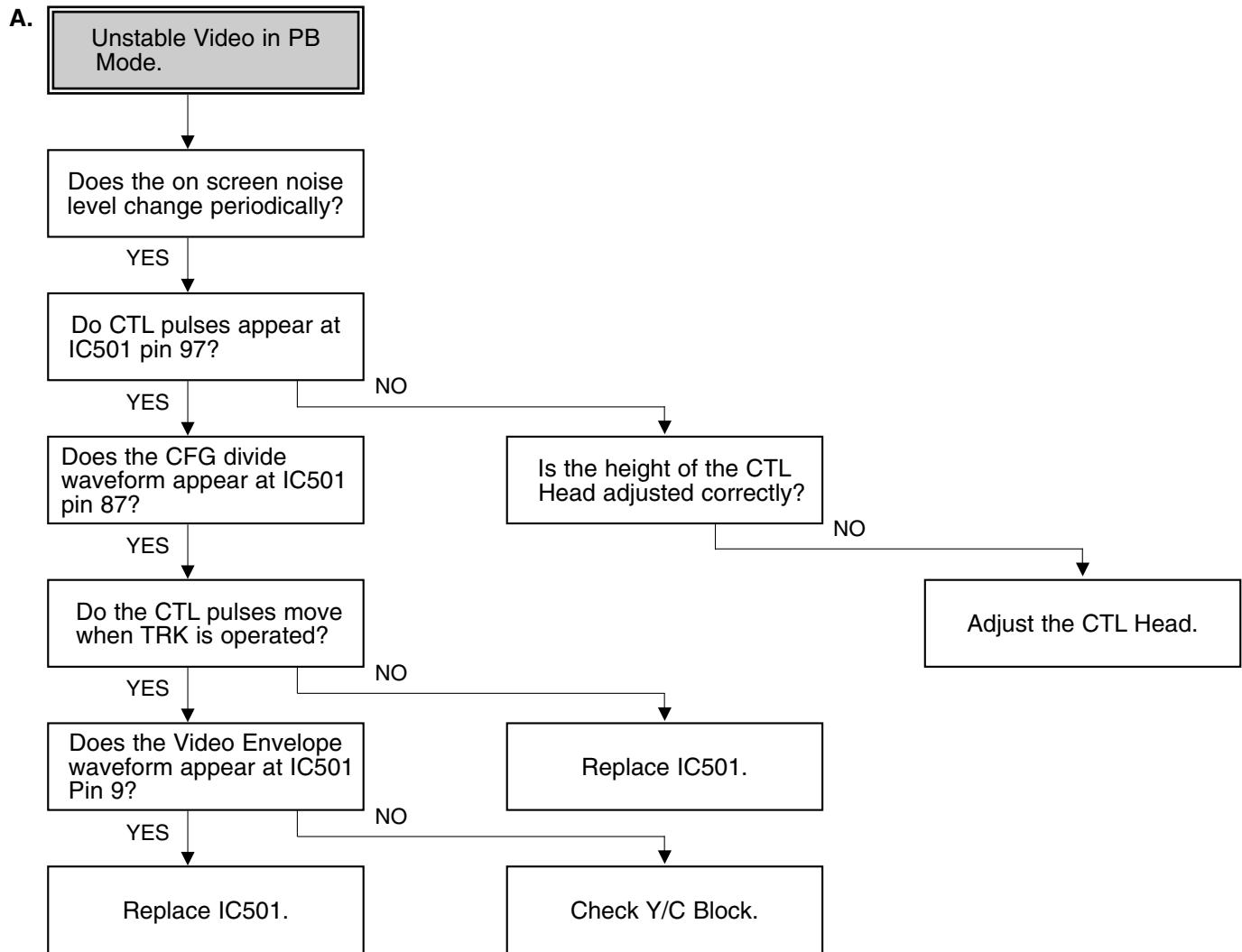
(3) No 12V (Hi-Fi, Buffer)

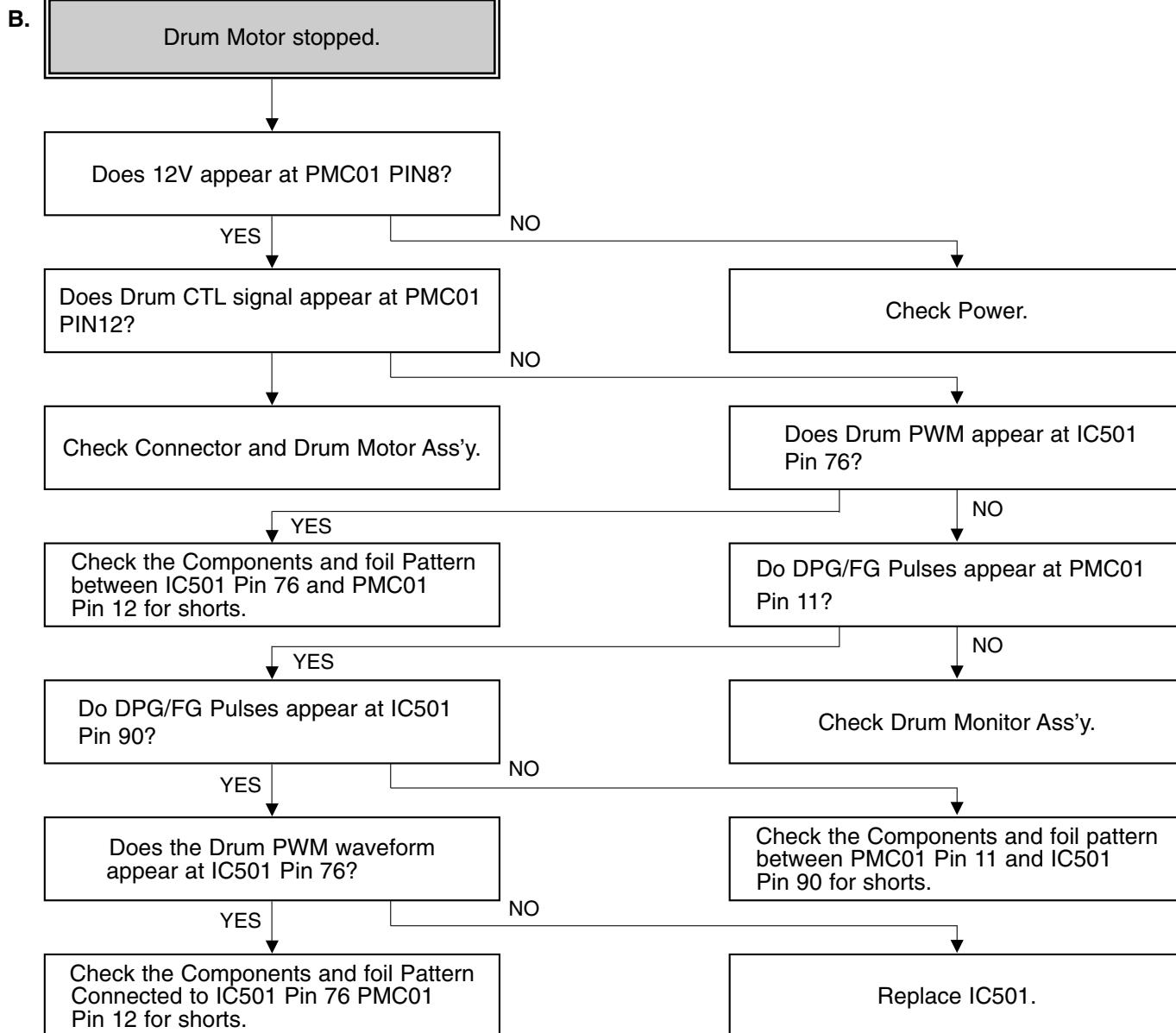


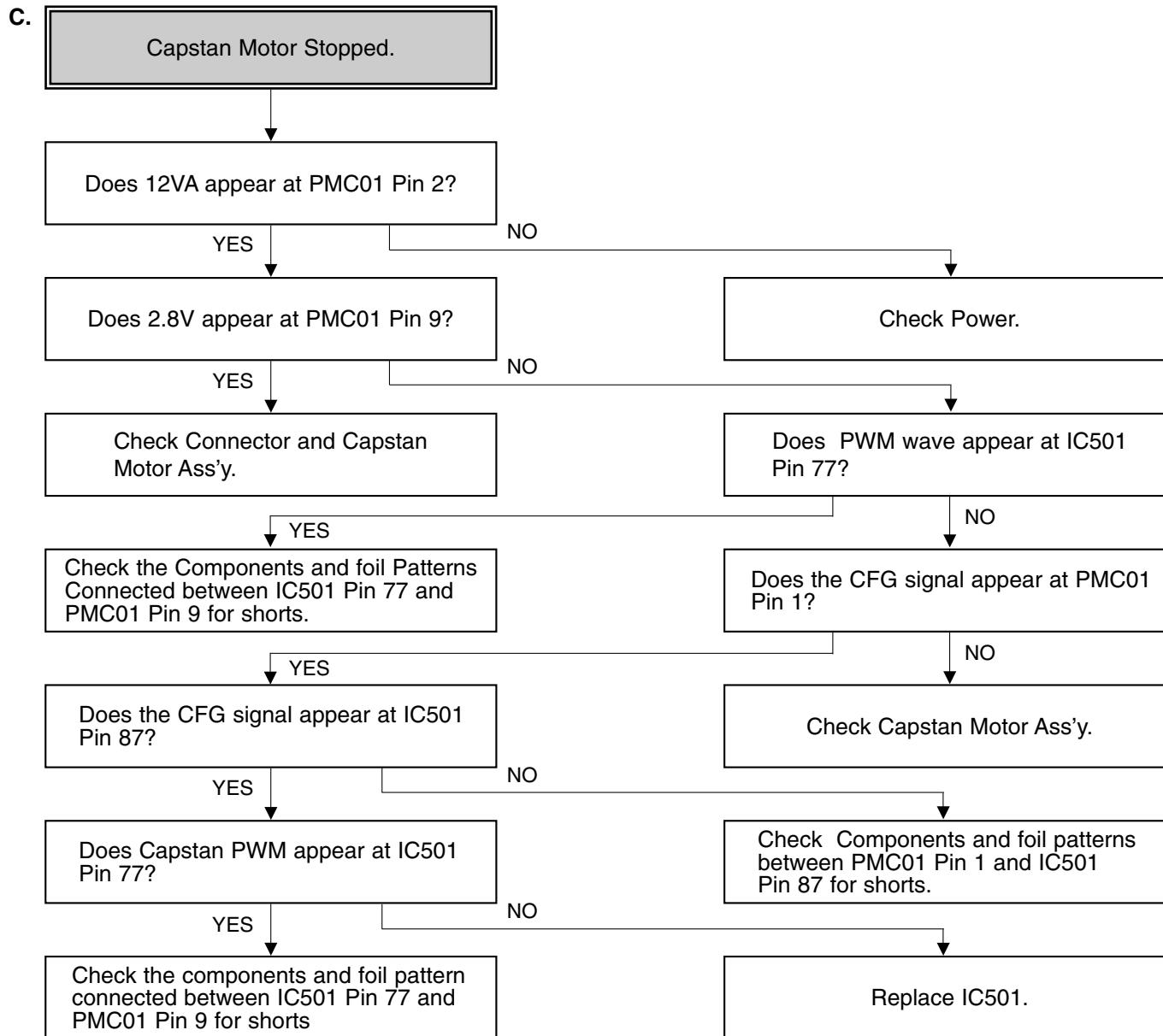
(4) No 5V



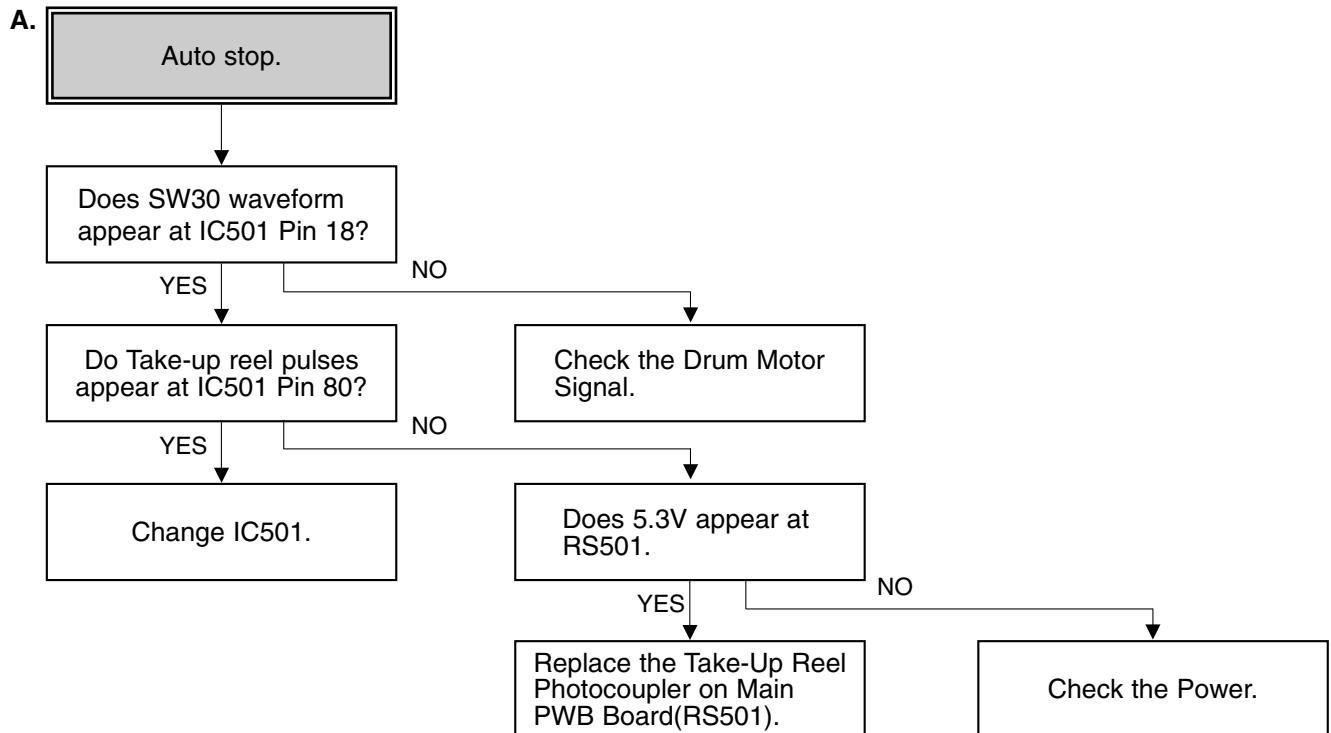
2. Servo Circuit

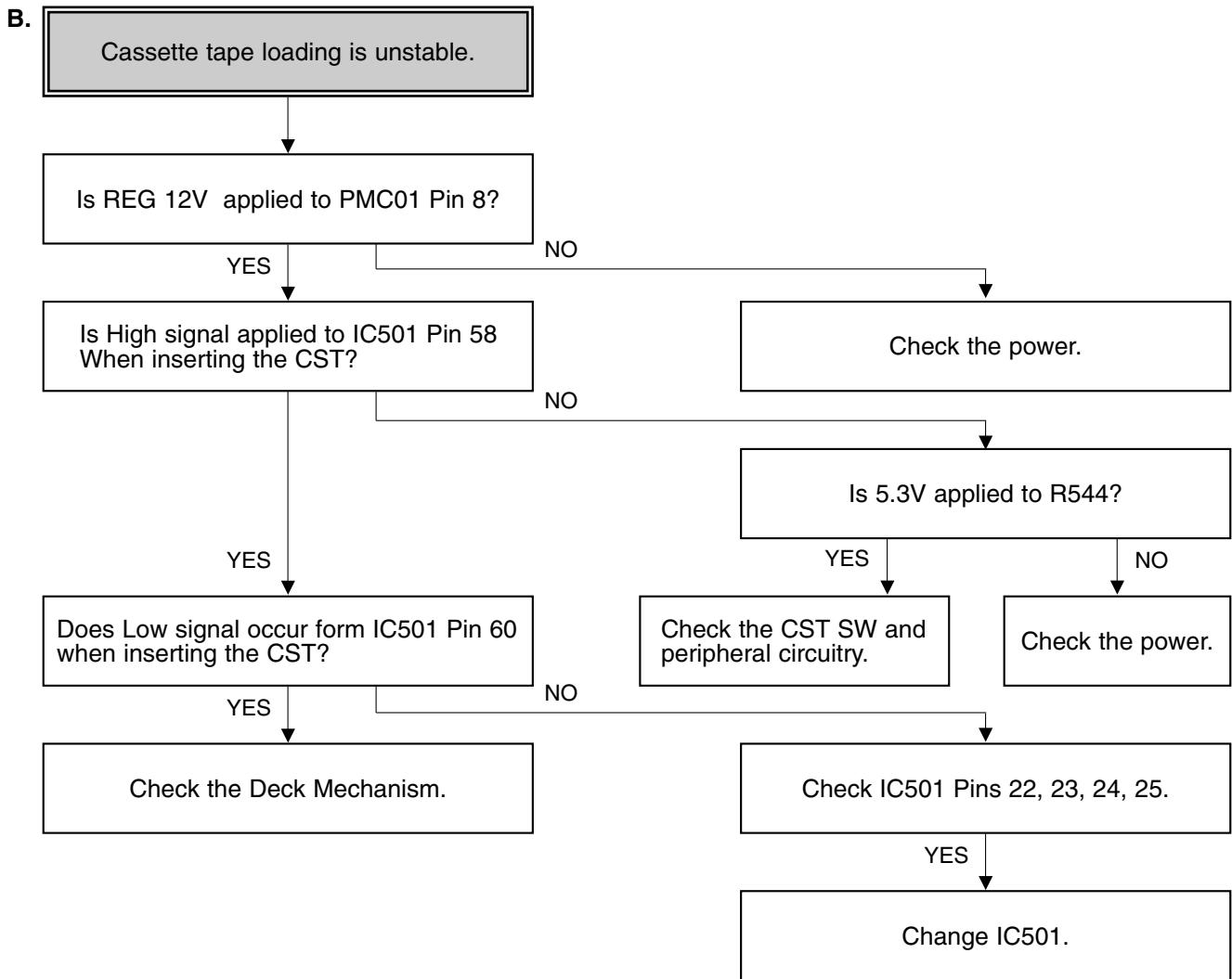




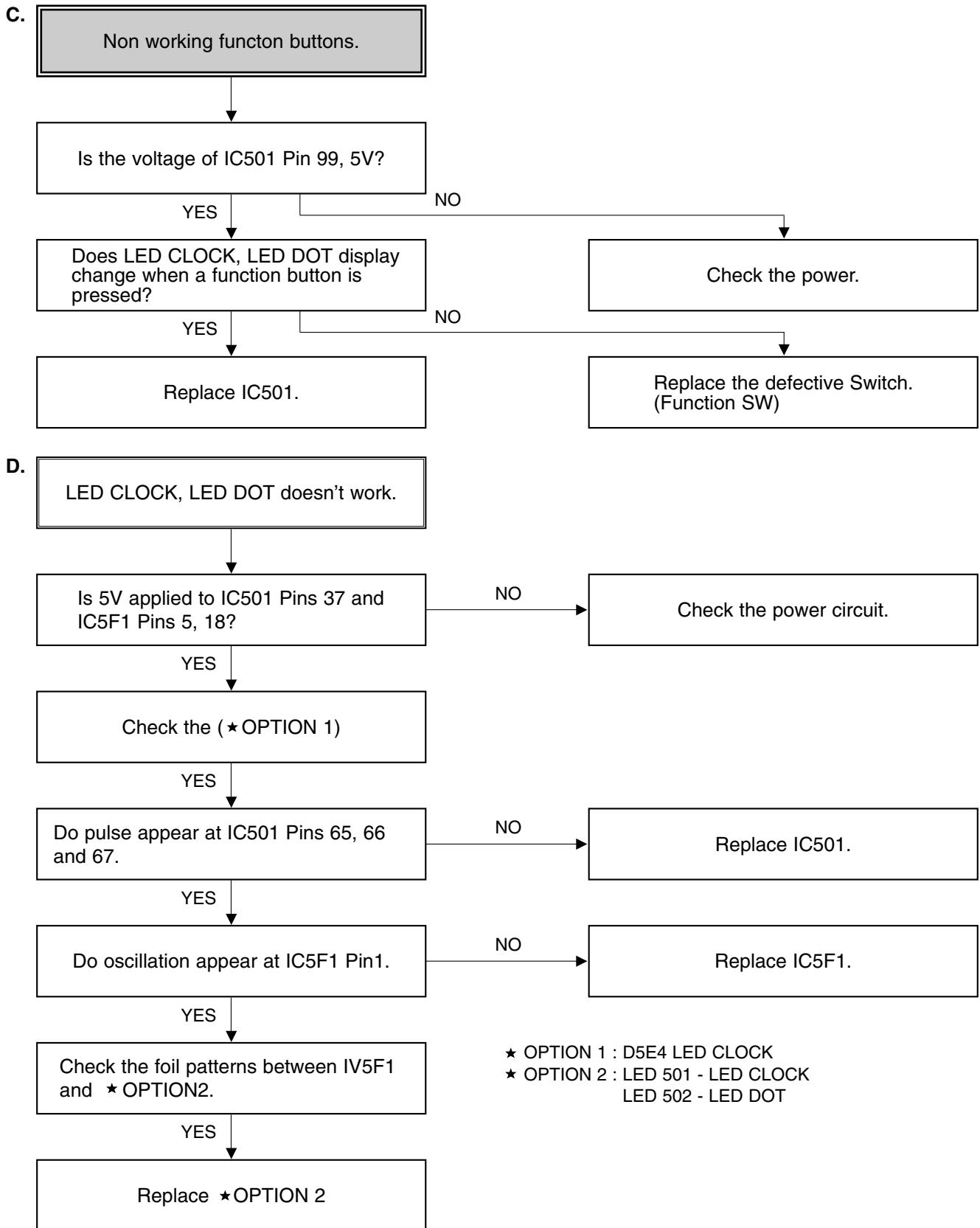


3. System & Front Panel Circuit



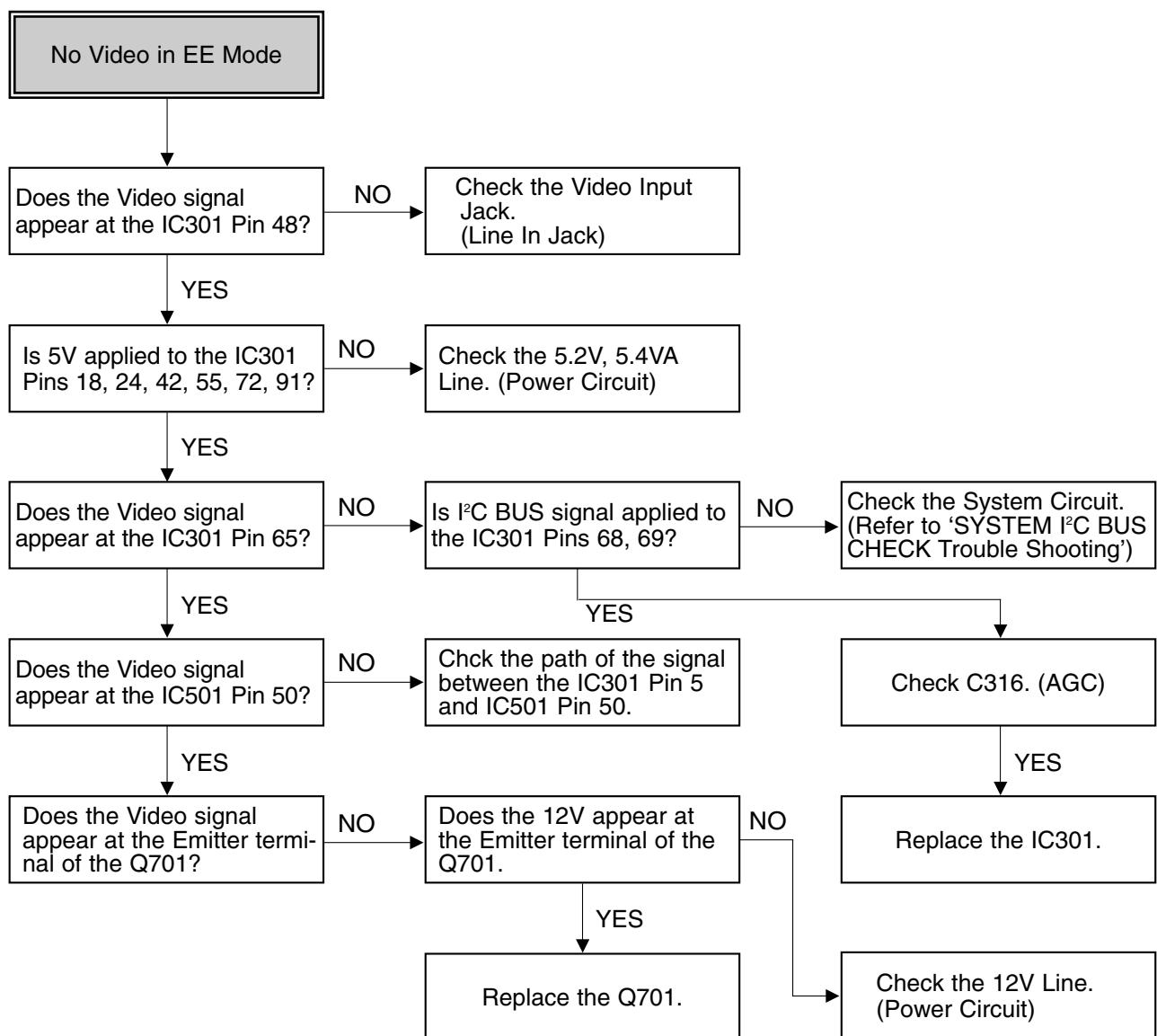


NOTE : Auto stop may also be caused by lack of lubrication,due to dried grease or oil.

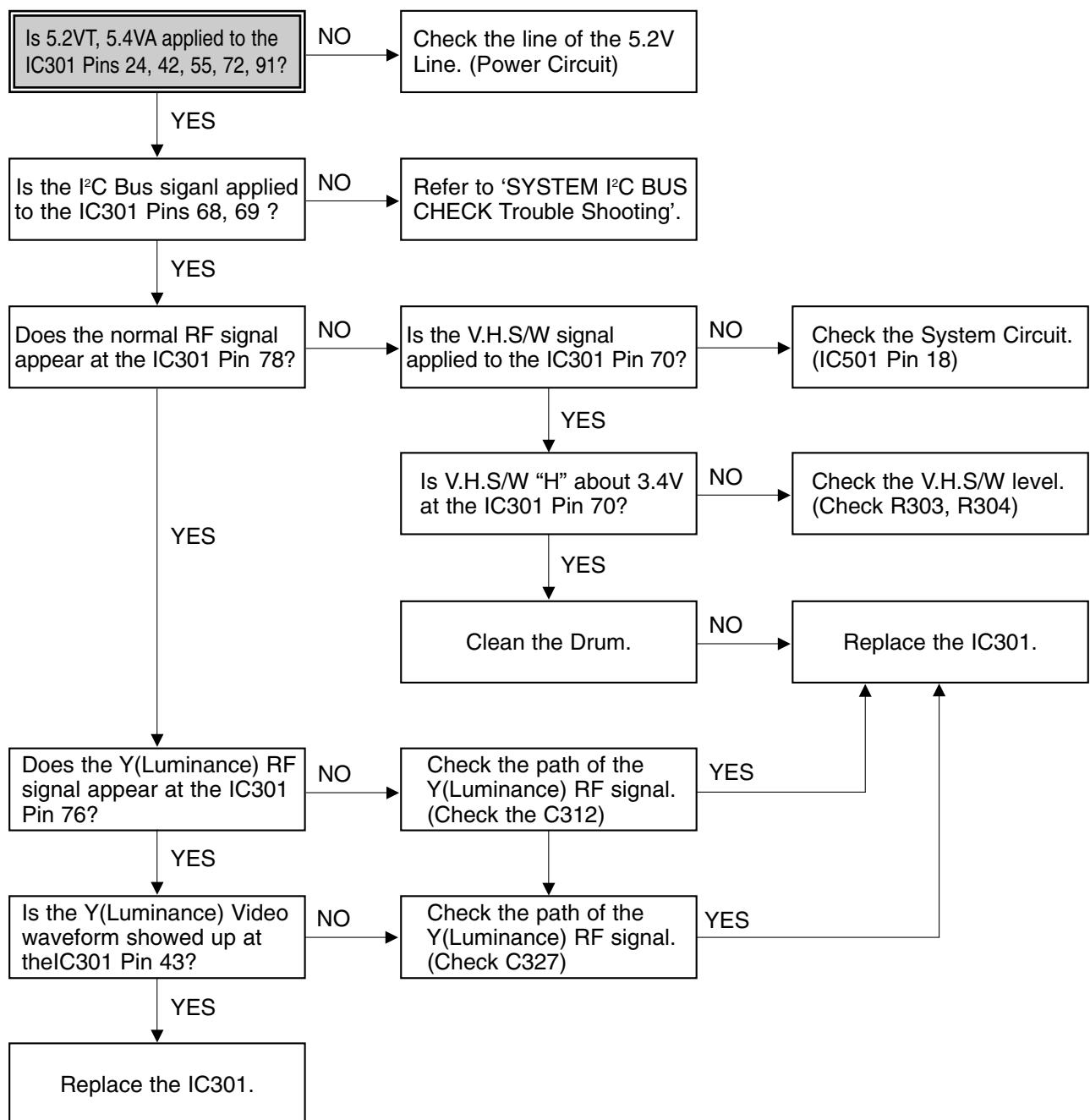


4. Y/C CIRCUIT

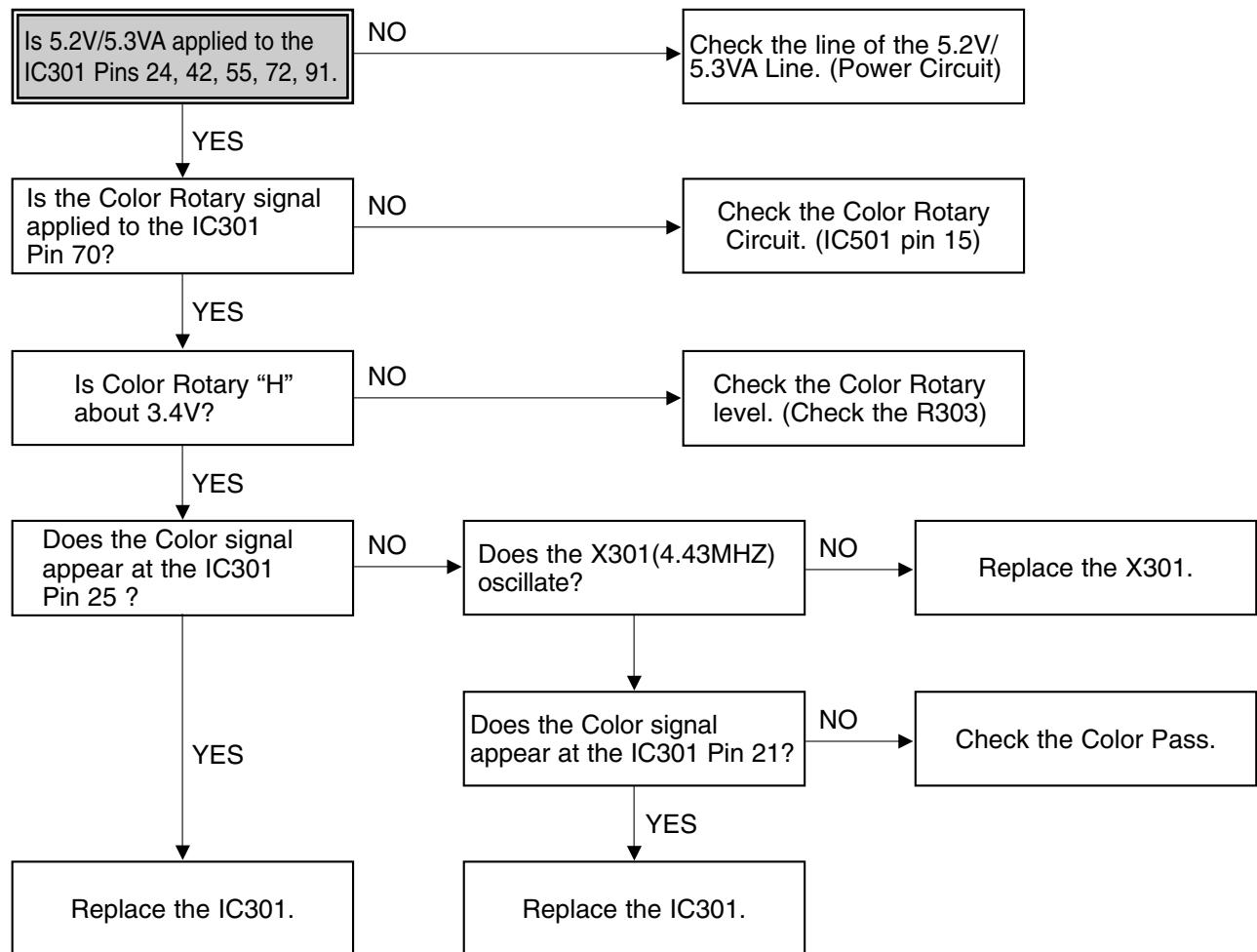
(1) No Video in EE Mode,



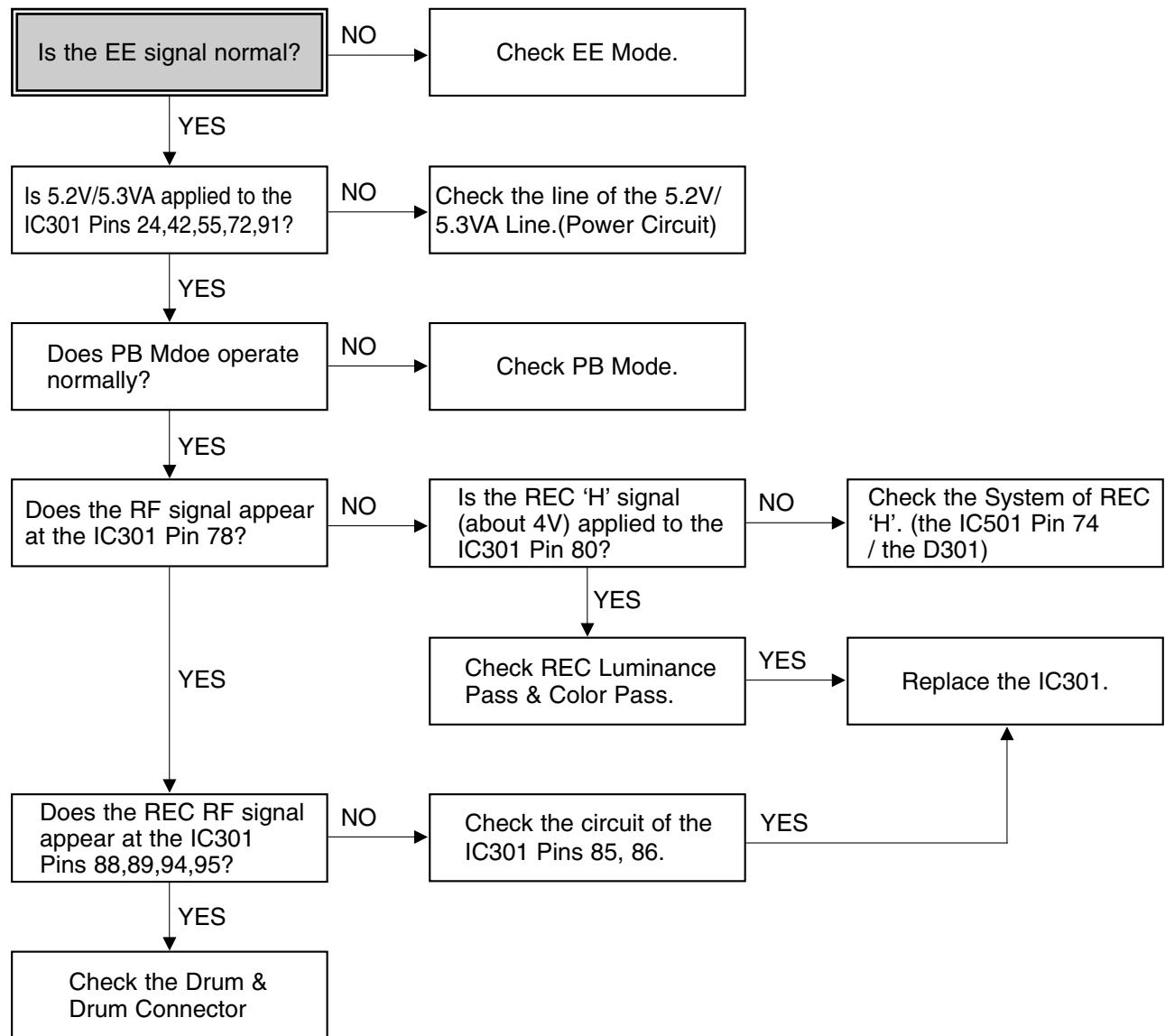
(2) When the Y(Luminance) signal doesn't appear on the screen in PB Mode,



(3) When the C(Color) signal doesn't appear on the screen in PB Mode,

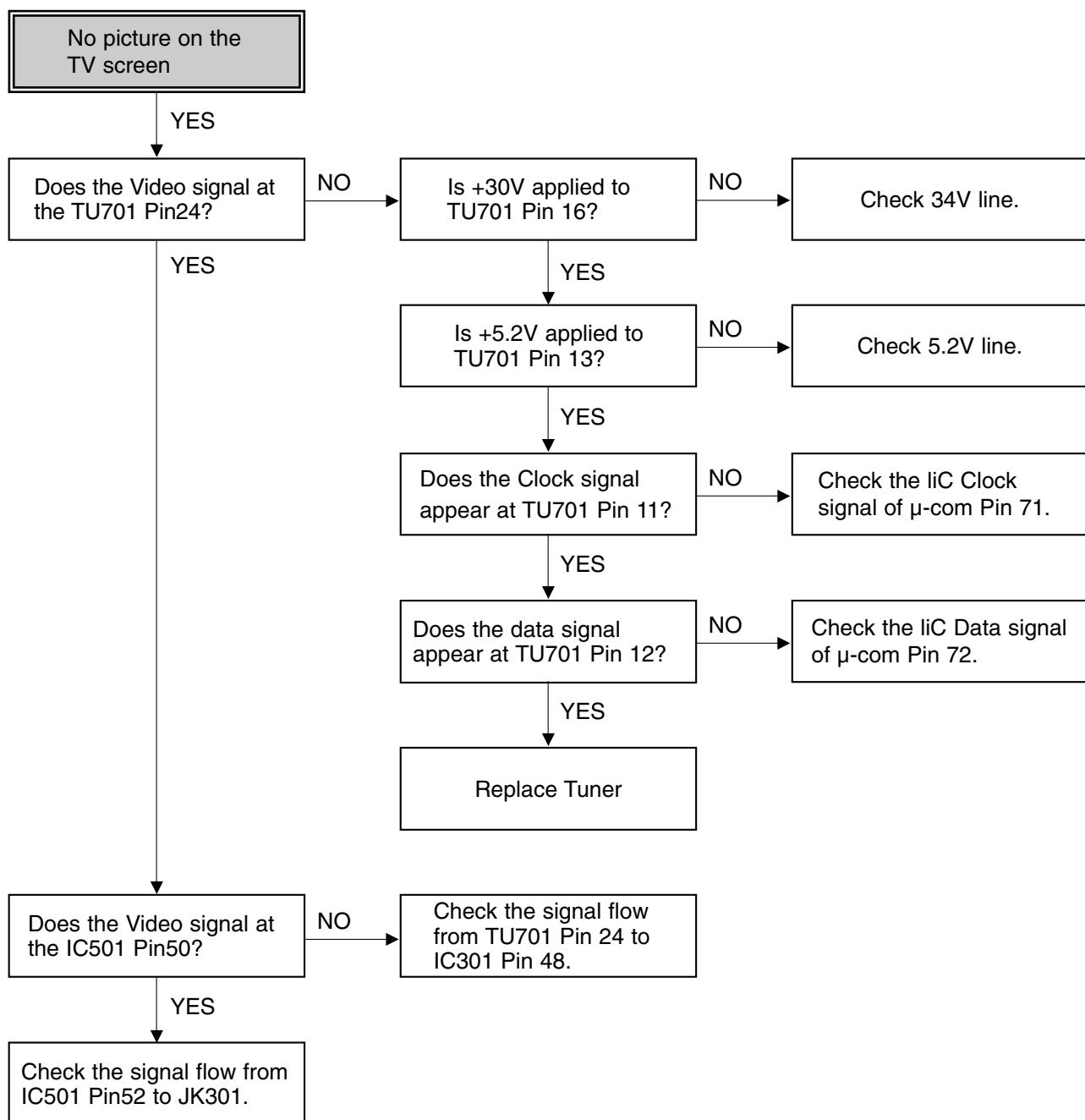


(4) When the Video signal doesn't appear on the screen in REC Mode,

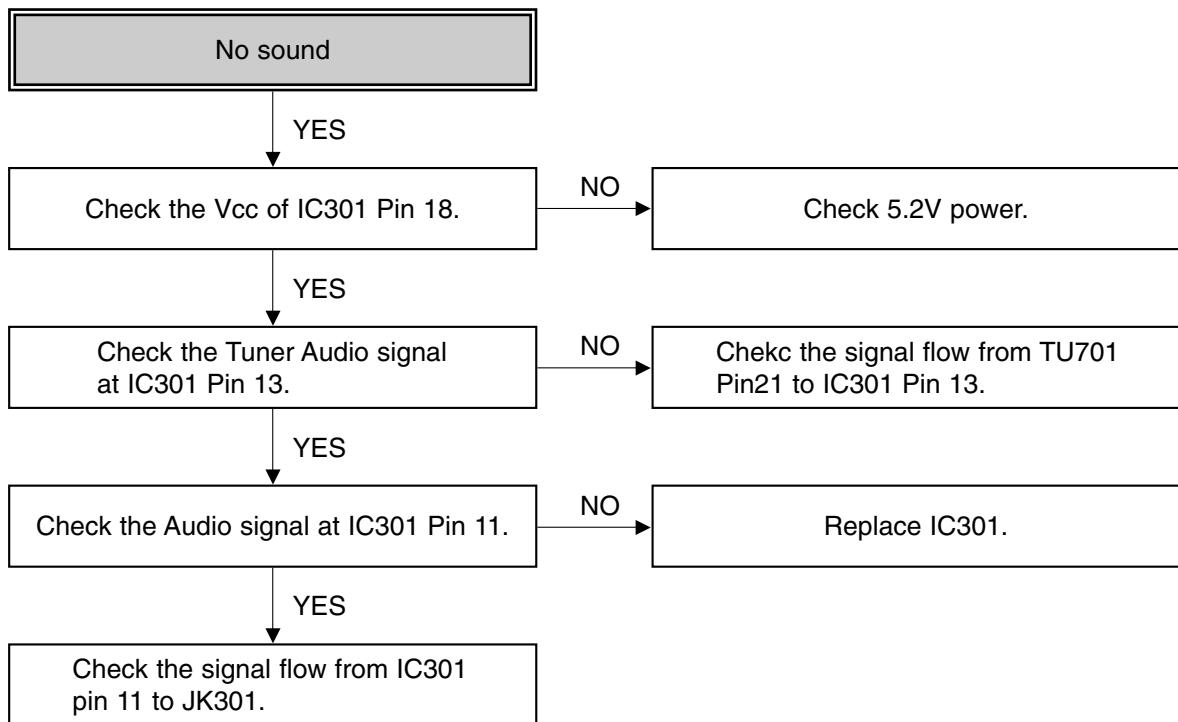


5. Tuner/IF circuit

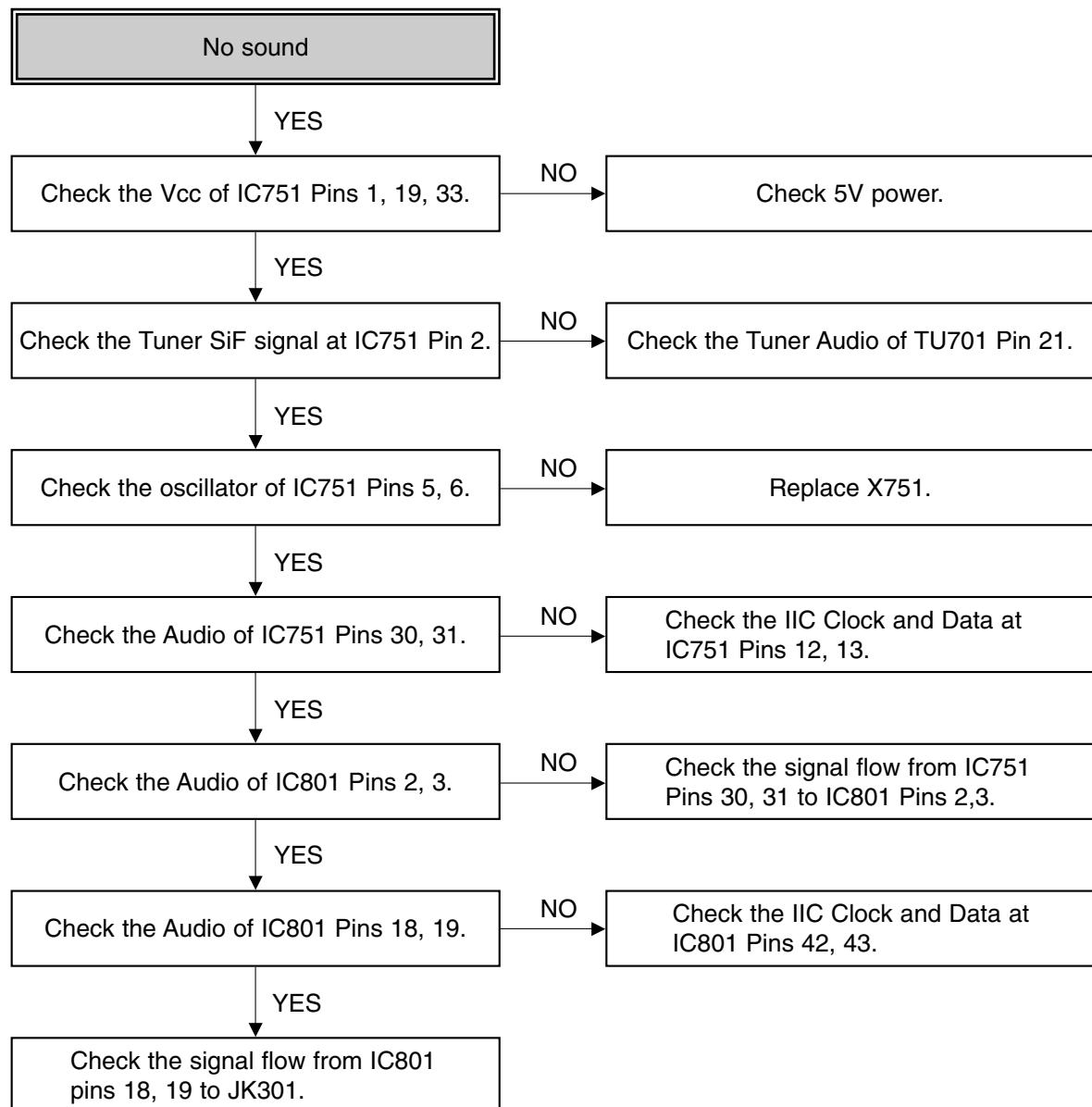
(1) No picture on the TV screen



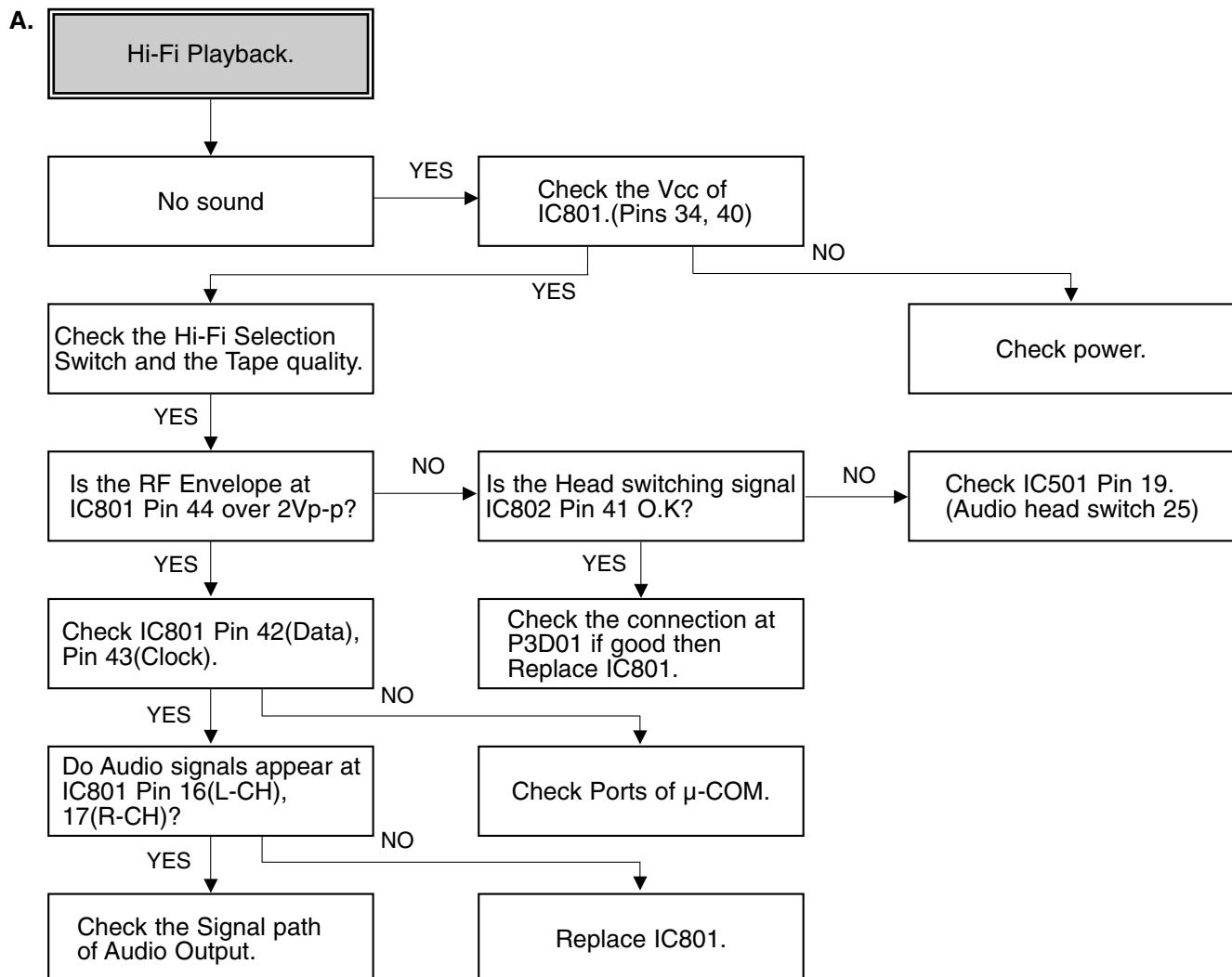
(2) No sound (Mono Model)

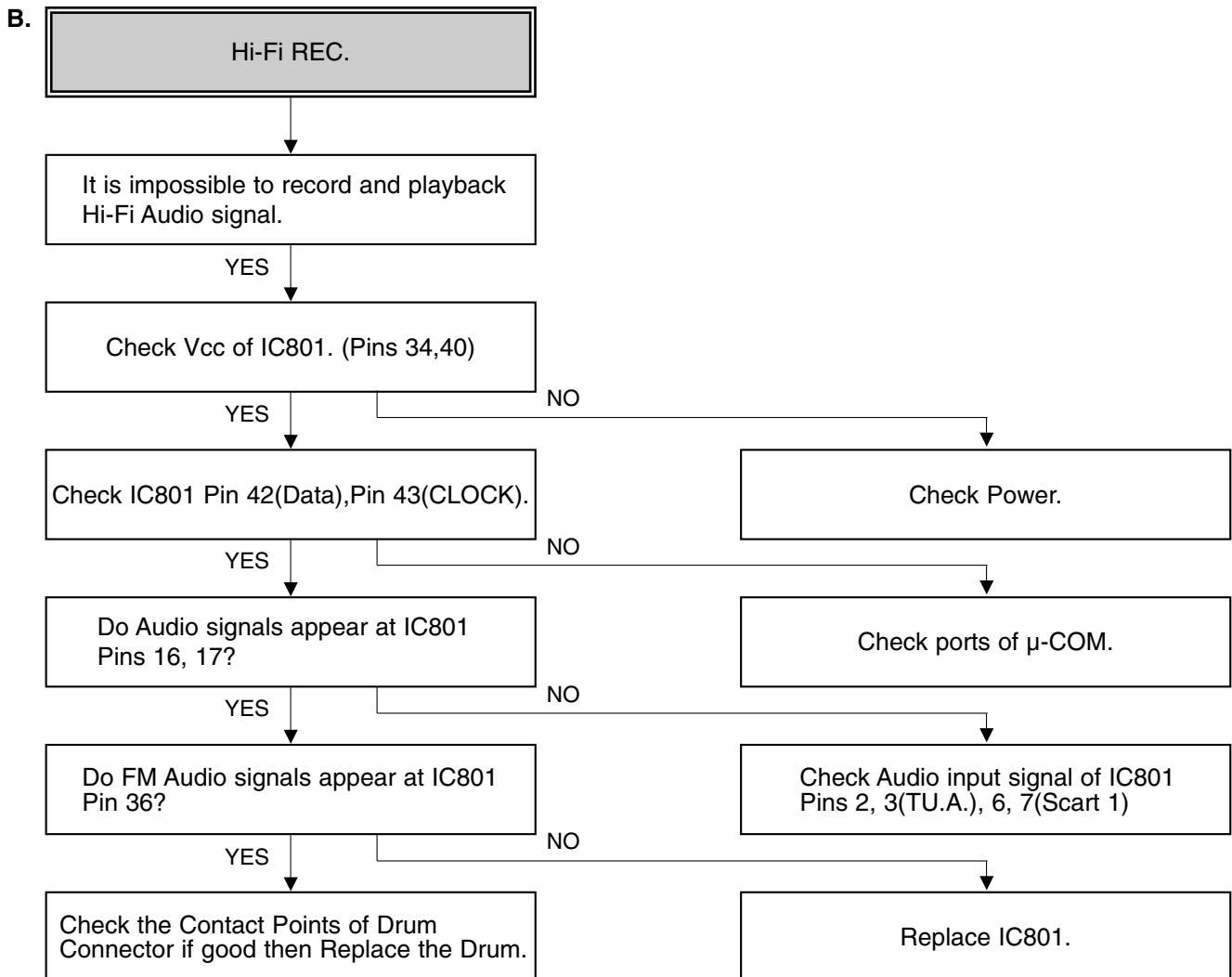


(3) No sound (Hi-Fi Model)



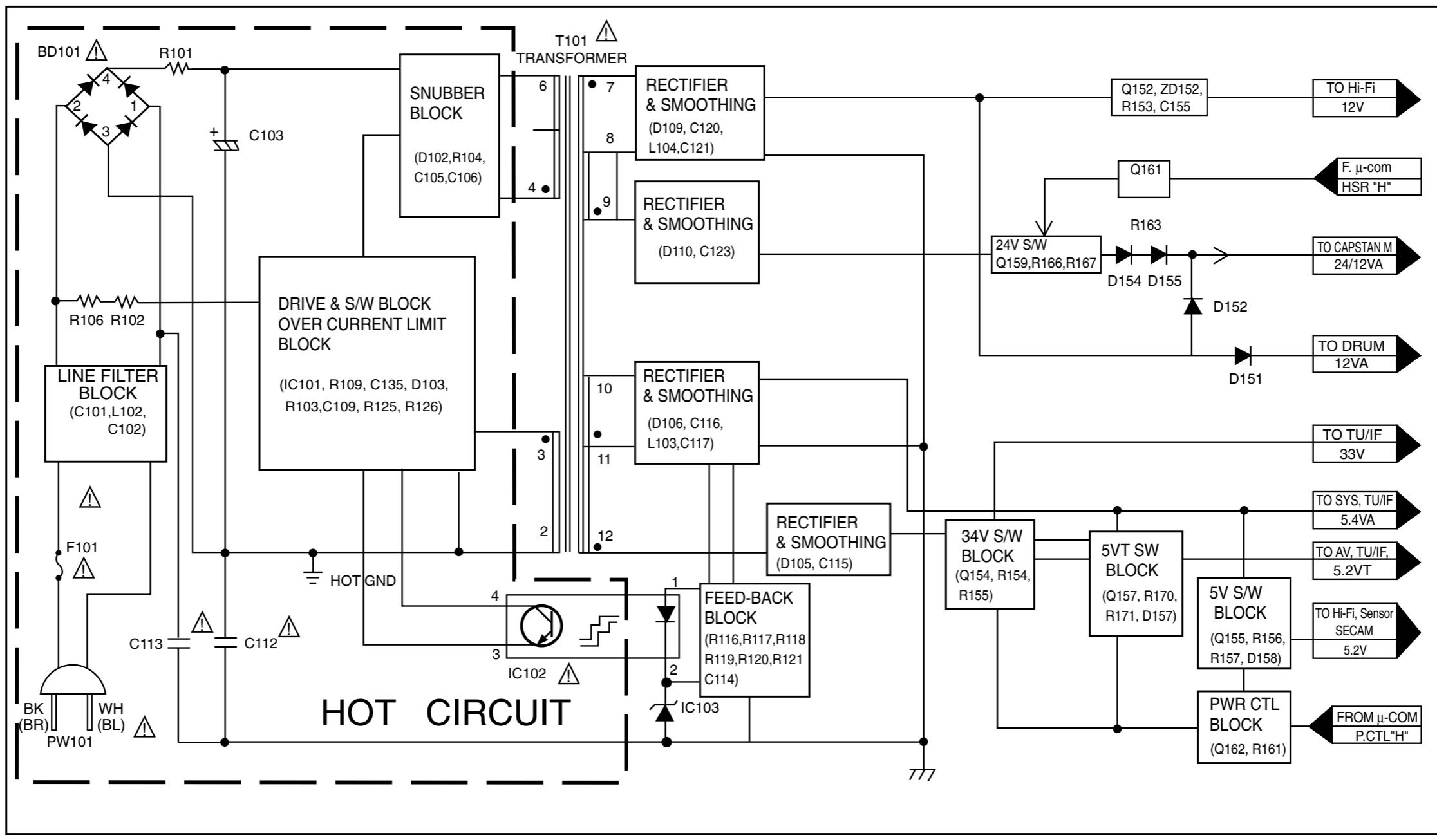
6. Hi-Fi Circuit (Hi-Fi Model)





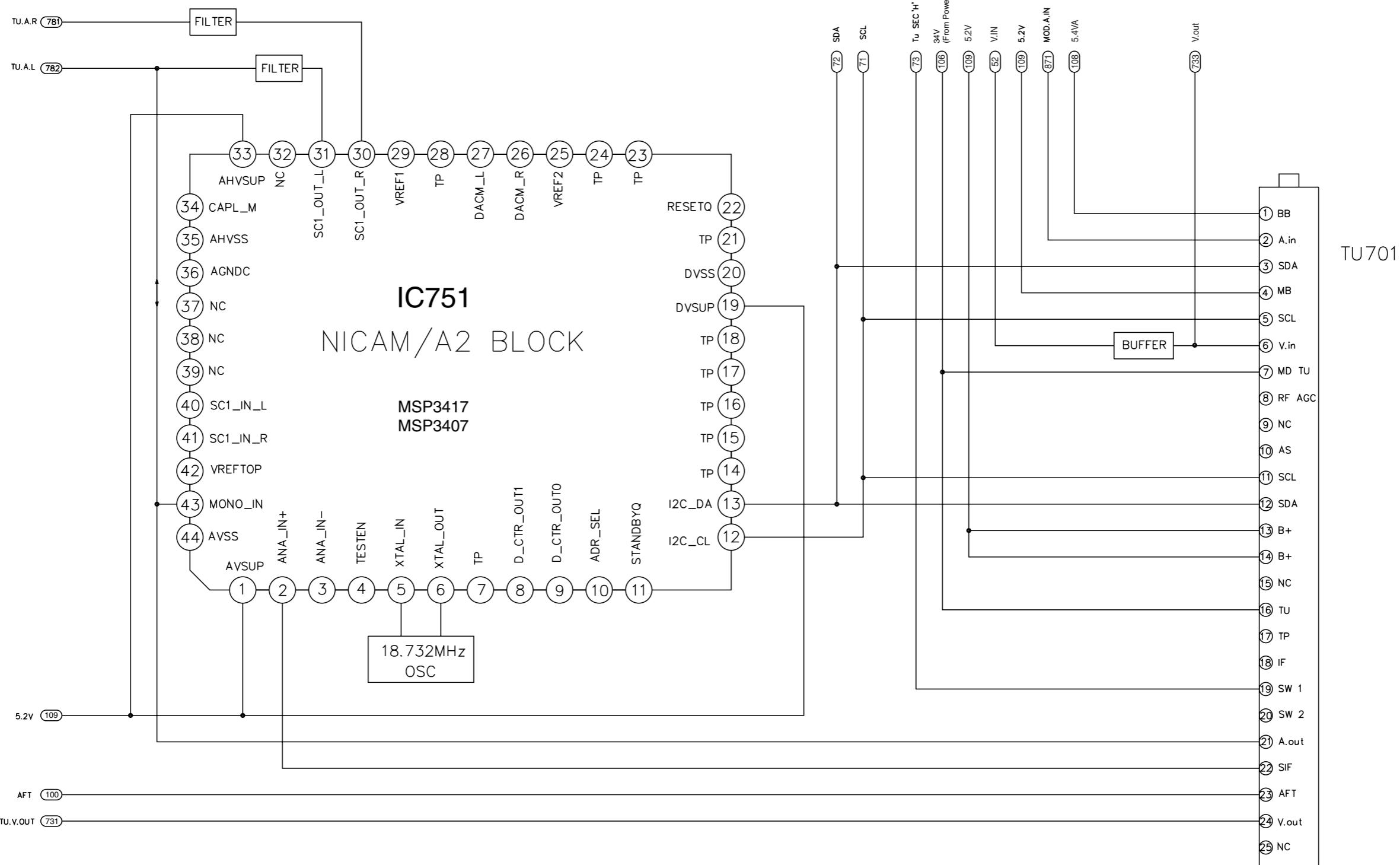
BLOCK DIAGRAMS

1. Power Block Diagram



NOTES : Symbol denotes AC ground.
 Symbol denotes DC chassis ground.

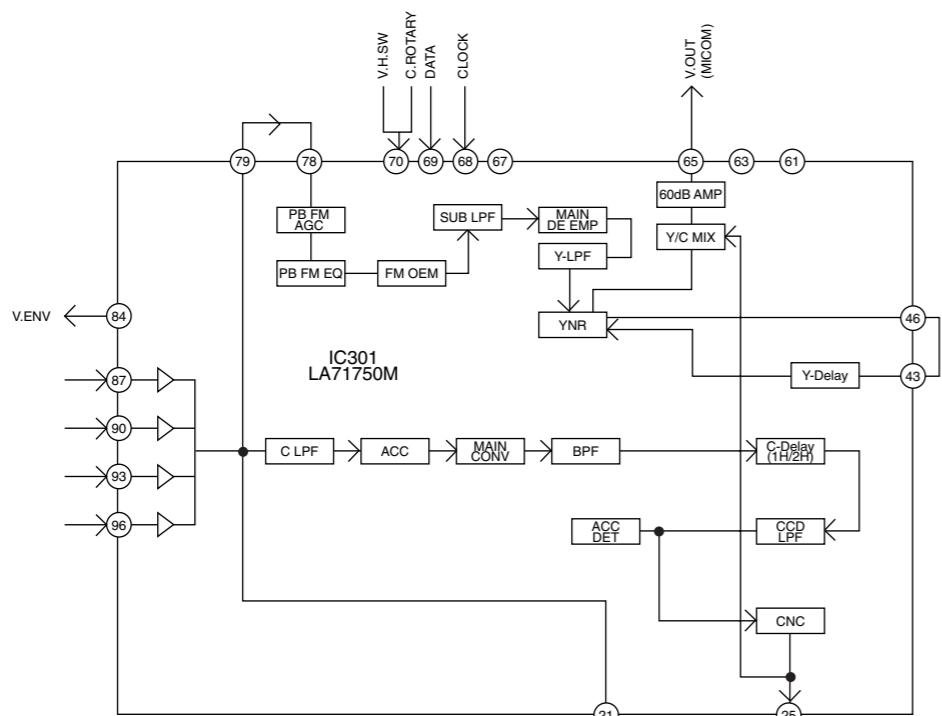
2. Tu/IF, NICAM & A2 Block Diagram



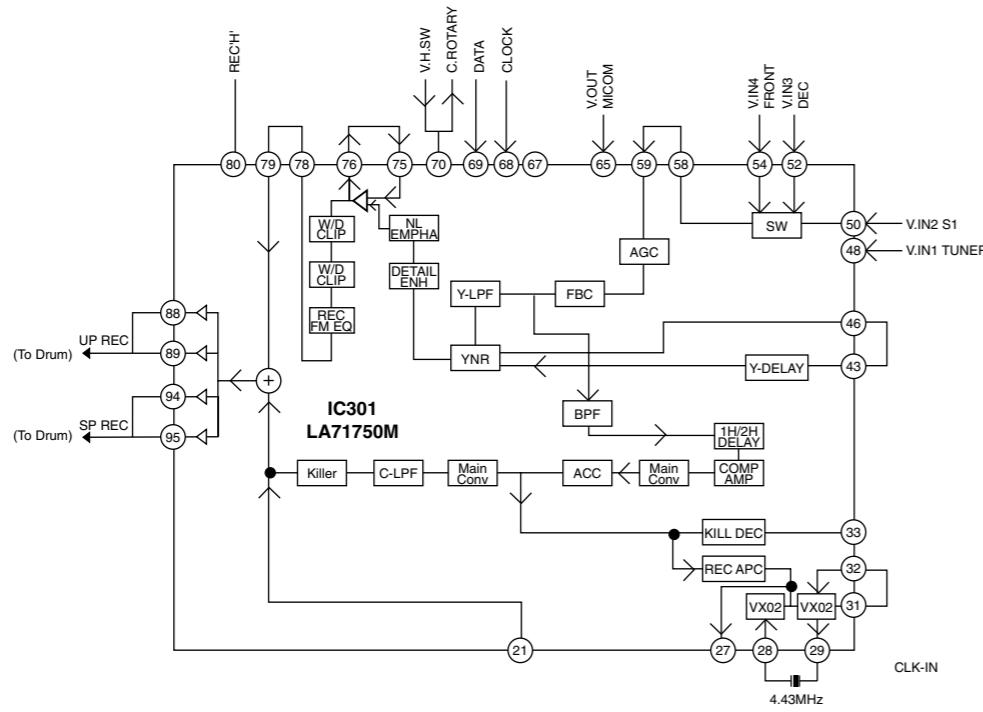
'99 12.8 R10488BA
BC999NS/BD289Y

3. Y/C Block Diagram

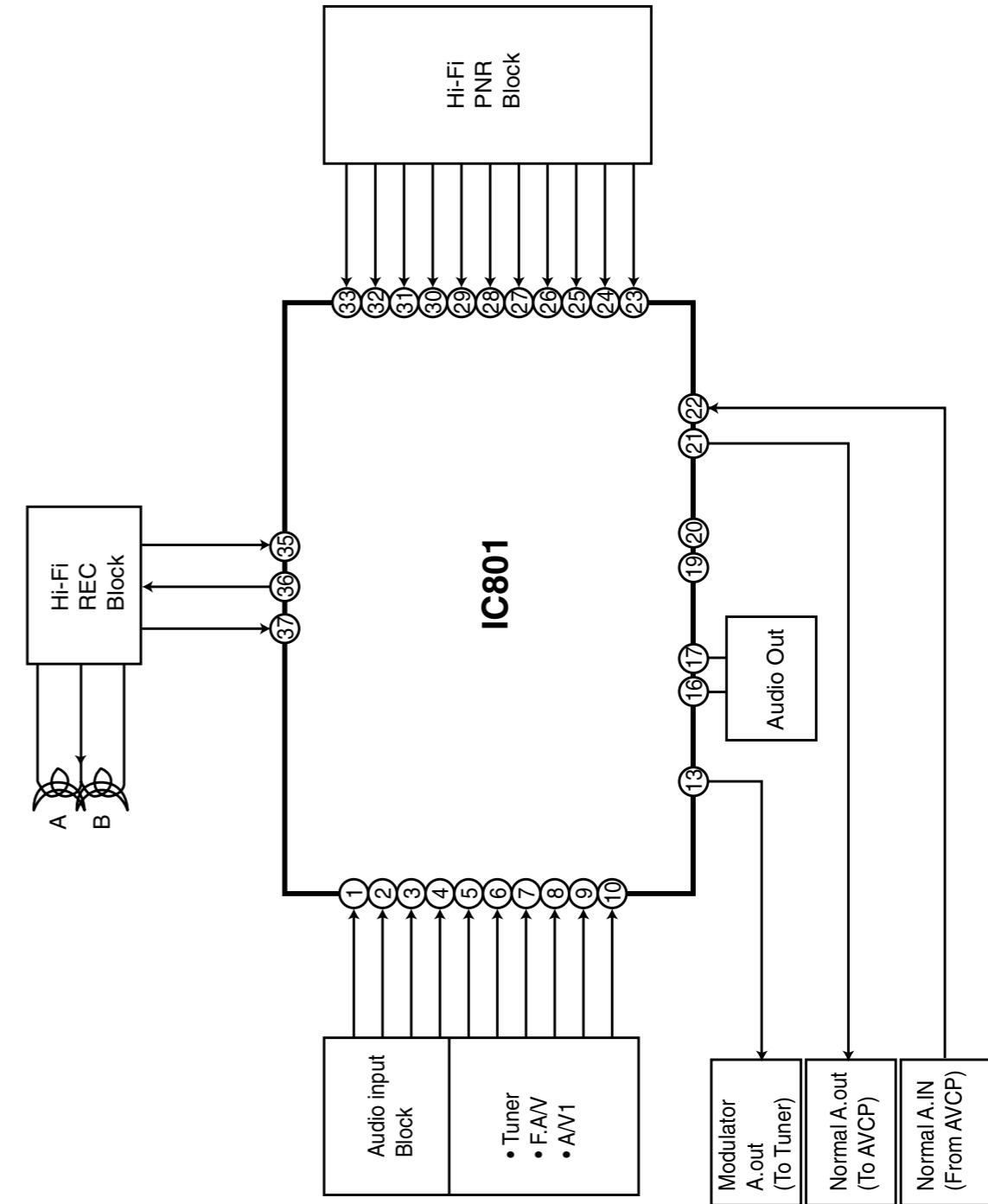
(PB MODE)



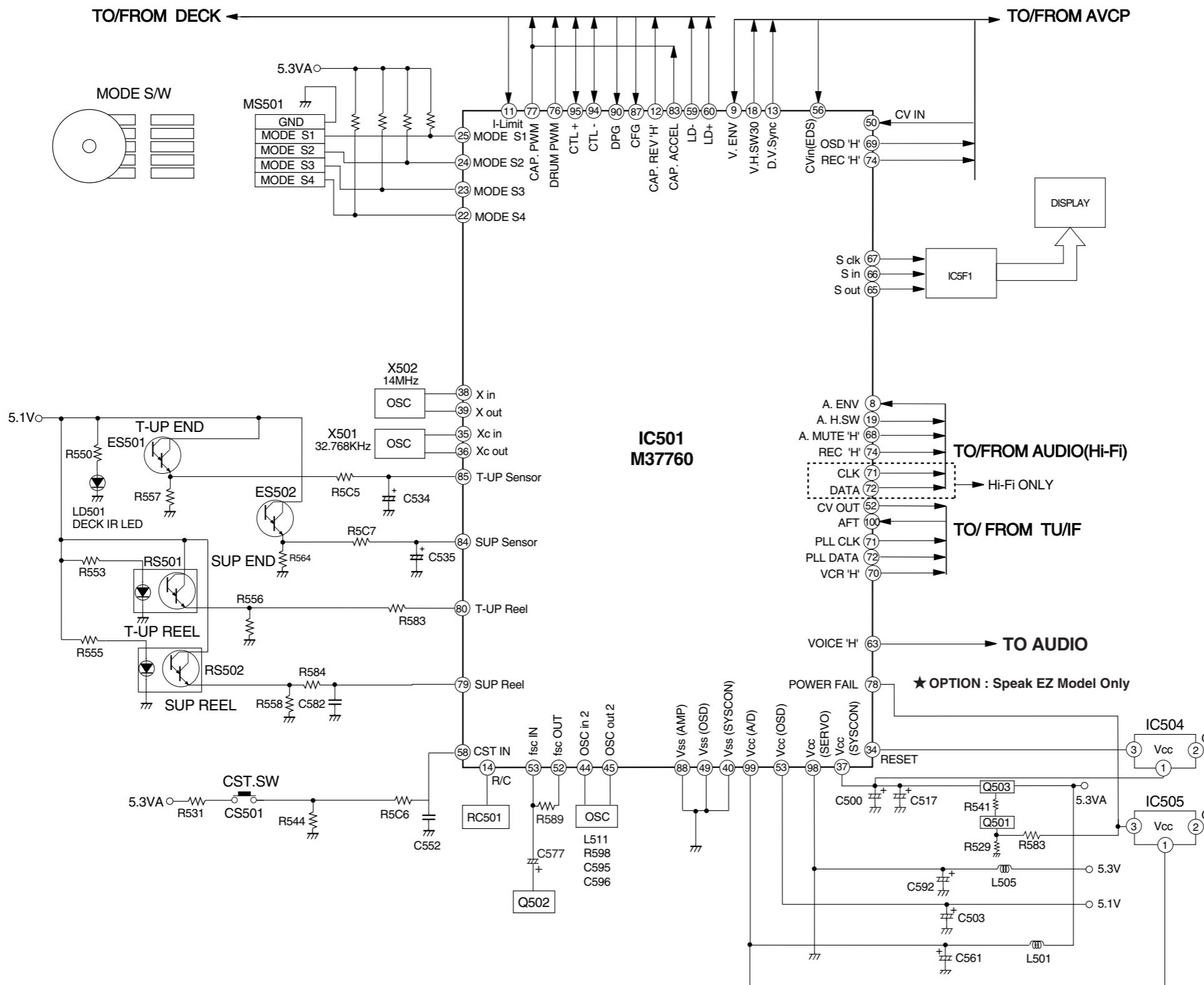
(REC MODE)



4. Hi-Fi Block Diagram (Hi-Fi Model)

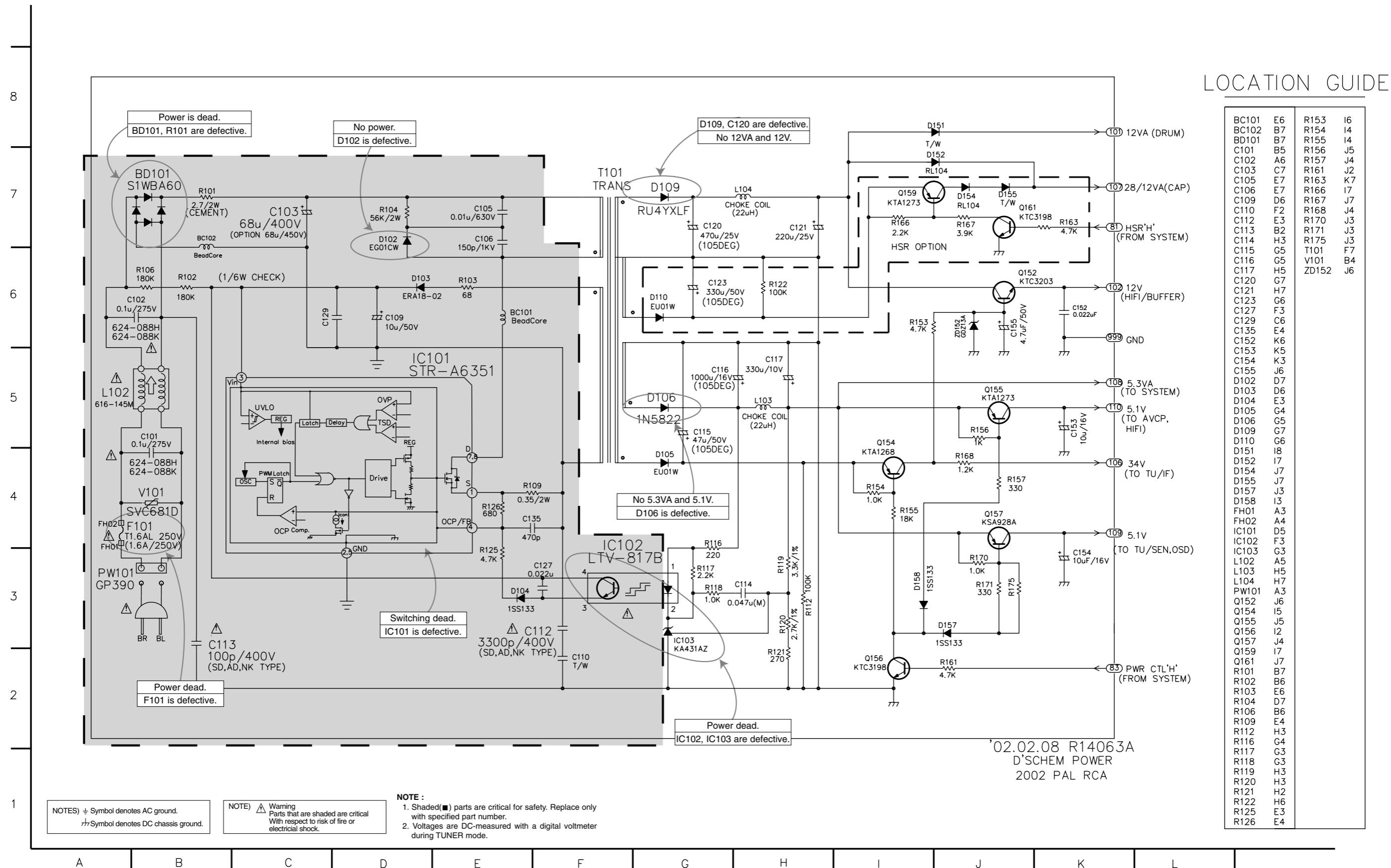


5. System Block Diagram



CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS

1. Power Circuit Diagram

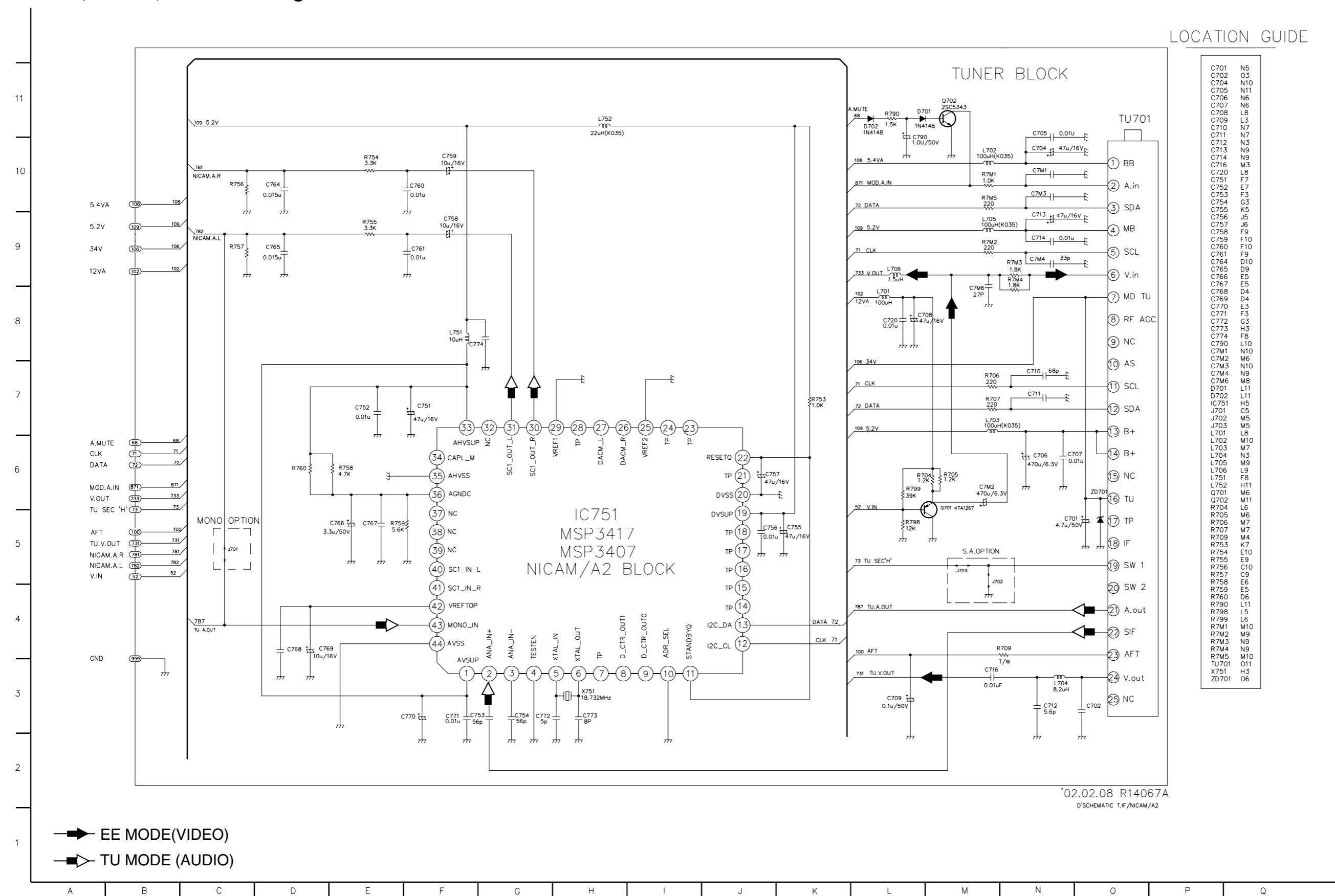


NOTES) \div Symbol denotes AC ground.
 \nearrow Symbol denotes DC chassis ground.

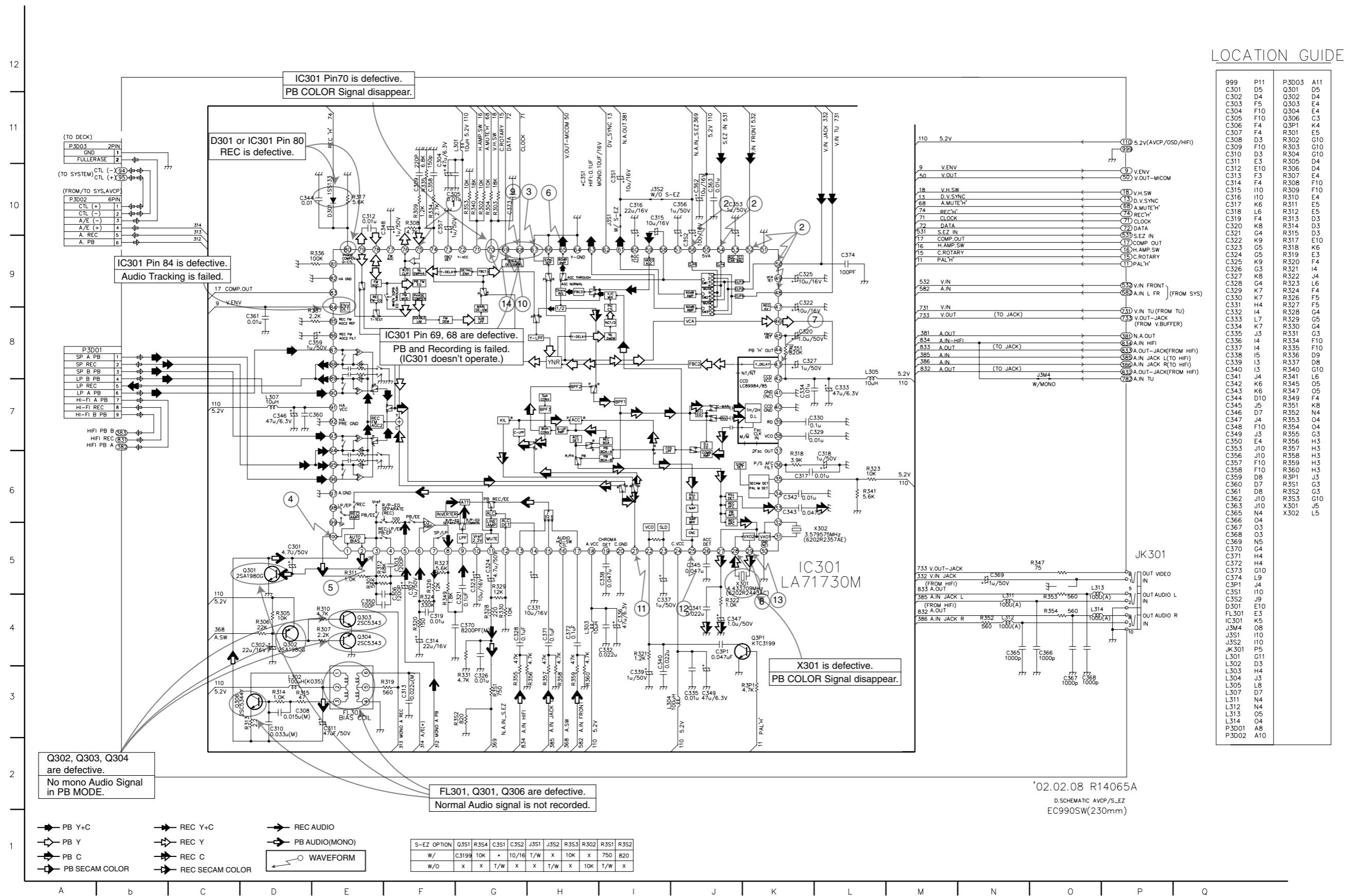
NOTE) \triangle Warning
Parts that are shaded are critical
With respect to risk of fire or
electrical shock.

NOTE :
1. Shaded parts are critical for safety. Replace only
with specified part number.
2. Voltages are DC-measured with a digital voltmeter
during TUNER mode.

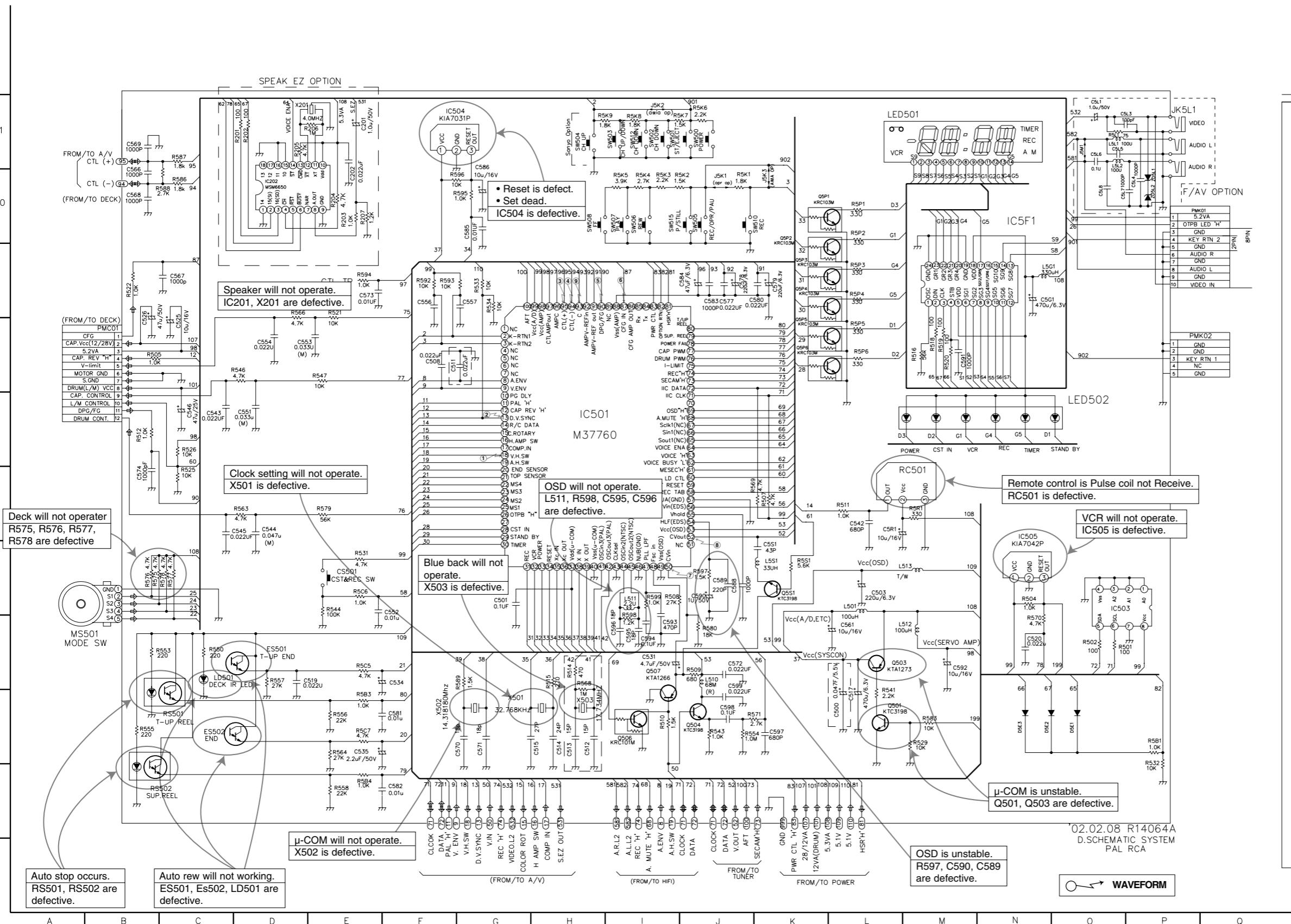
2. Tuner, NICAM, A2 Circuit Diagram



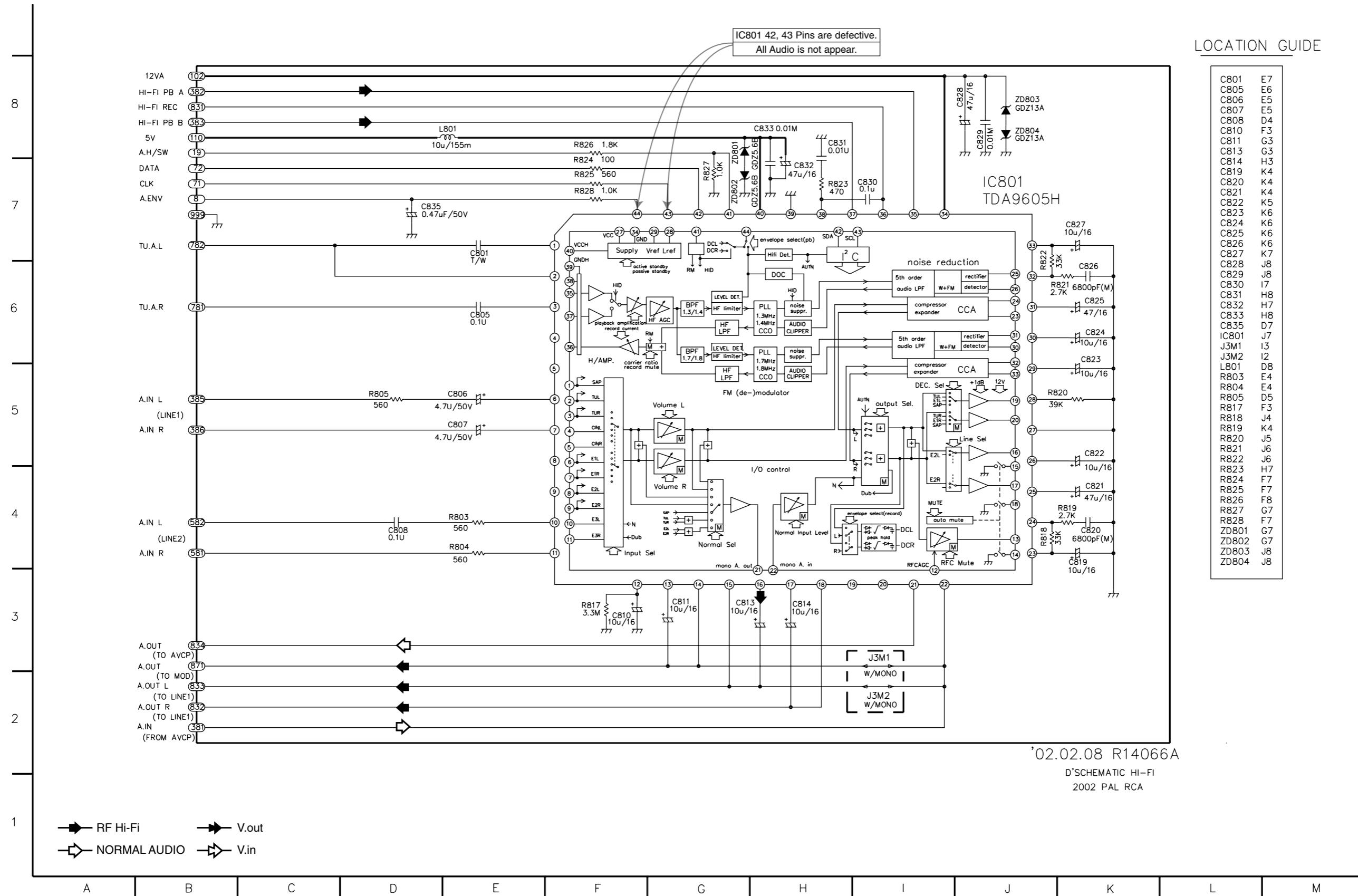
3. A/V Circuit Diagram



4. System Circuit Diagram

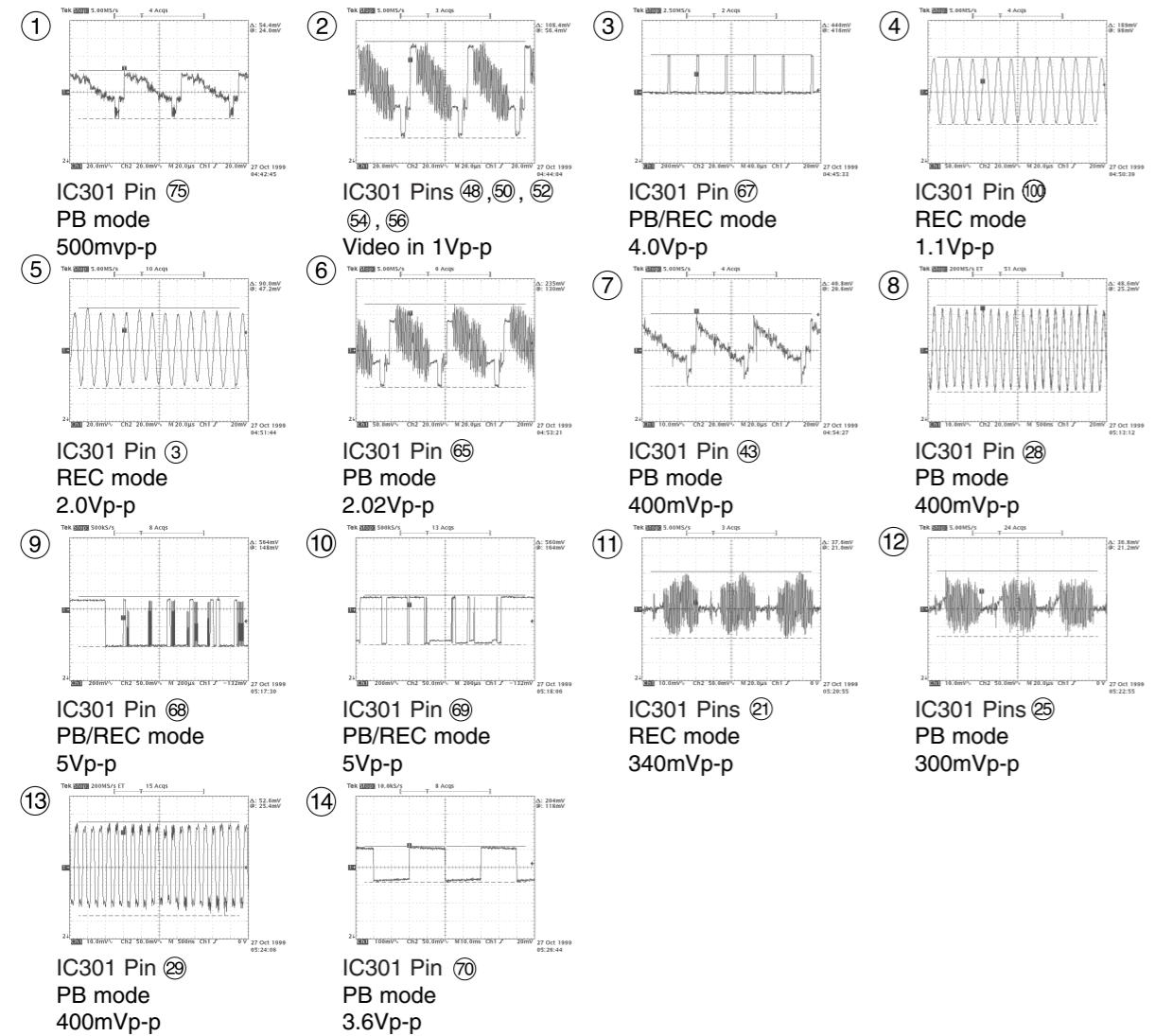


5. Hi-Fi Circuit Diagram (Hi-Fi Model)

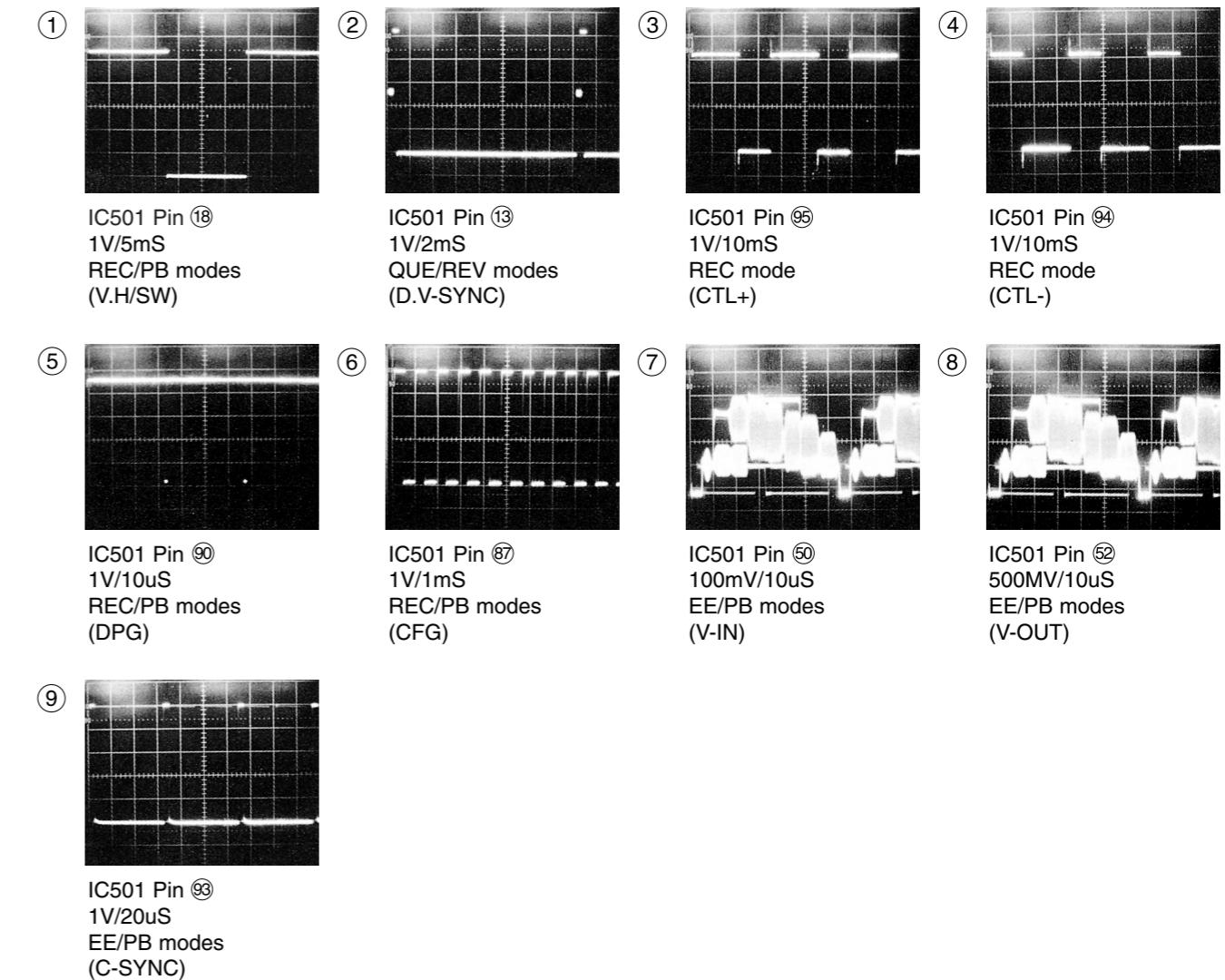


WAVEFORM

★ IC301 Oscilloscope Waveform



* IC501 Waveform photographs

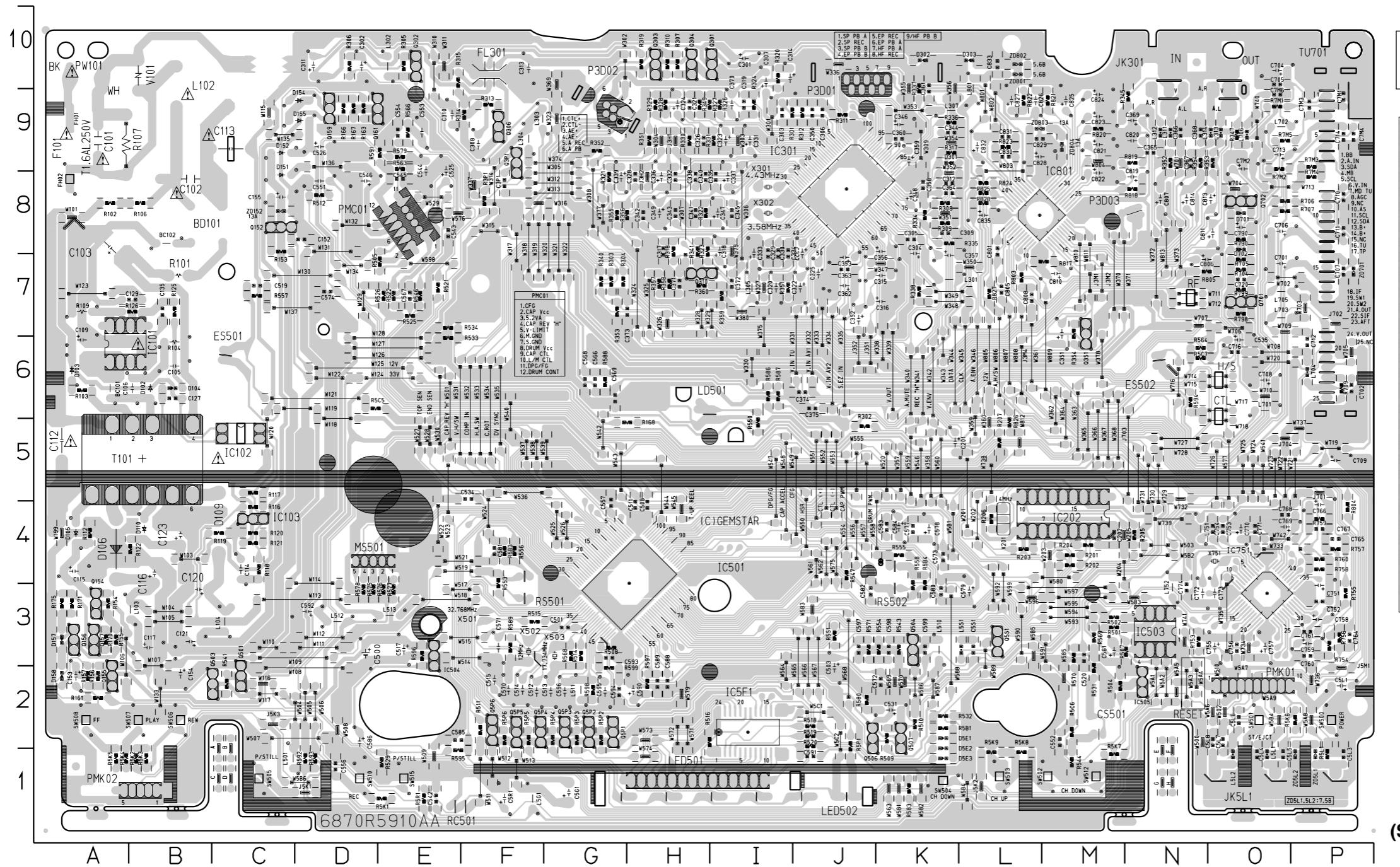


Transistor	EE Mode			PB Mode			REC Mode		
	EE	PB	REC	EE	PB	REC	EE	PB	REC
Q151	4.55	5.3	5.24	5.34	4.54	5.24	5.3	4.55	5.24
Q152	5.31	4.52	5.22	5.31	4.52	5.22	5.3	4.51	5.22
Q154	32.99	32.34	32.97	33.53	32.89	33.5	33.76	33.12	33.72
Q155	12.73	13.4	14.05	12.68	13.35	13.77	12.76	13.42	13.98
Q157	0.03	0.84	4.38	0.03	0.84	4.38	-0.03	0.84	4.38
Q159	29.84	29.78	13.21	29.79	29.8	12.48	30.14	30.13	12.73
Q161	0.03	0	29.82	0.03	0	29.8	-0.03	0	30.11
Q162	0.02	0.69	0	-0.02	0.69	0	-0.02	0.69	0
Q163	0.03	5.18	0.03	0.03	5.18	0.03	-0.03	5.18	0.03
Q164	-0.03	4.38	-0.01	-0.03	4.38	-0.01	-0.03	4.38	0
Q165	14.06	-0.01	14.04	13.74	-0.01	13.71	13.95	-0.01	13.95
Q166	4.4	5.3	5.11	5.3	4.41	5.13	5.3	4.4	5.1
Q301	0	0.01	5.15	0	0	5.15	0	0.75	1.69
Q302	5.18	5.18	-0.42	5.18	4.52	5.12	5.14	5.13	-24.71
Q303	0.01	-0.42	0	0	0.69	0.01	-18.22	-24.85	0.01
Q304	0.01	-0.4	0	0	0.71	0	-18.22	-24.7	0
Q305	2.01	1.29	0	2.53	1.83	0	2.5	1.81	0
Q306	5.14	5.19	5.19	5.19	5.16	5.19	1.9	2.14	4.89
Q307	2.69	1.98	0	2.69	1.98	0	2.64	1.93	0
Q308	2.66	1.98	0	2.63	1.96	0	2.6	1.93	0
Q309	3.09	2.41	0	3.05	2.37	0	3.01	2.33	0

\	Emitter		Collector		Base	
	REC	PB	REC	PB	REC	PB
Q501	0	0	0	0	0.6	0.6
Q503	5.2	5.2	5.1	5.1	4.43	4.43
Q506	0	0	VIDEO	VIDEO	0	0
Q504	VIDEO	VIDEO	5.0	5.0	VIDEO	VIDEO

PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD DIAGRAMS

1. MAIN P.C. Board



LOCATION GUIDE	
C101	A9
B101	B8
C102	B8
D101	C9
E101	C9
F101	C9
G101	C9
H101	C9
I101	C9
J101	C9
K101	C9
L101	C9
M101	C9
N101	C9
O101	C9
P101	C9
C102	C345
D102	C346
E102	C347
F102	C348
G102	C349
H102	C350
I102	C351
J102	C352
K102	C353
L102	C354
M102	C355
N102	C356
O102	C357
P102	C358
C103	D2
D103	D3
E103	D3
F103	D3
G103	D3
H103	D3
I103	D3
J103	D3
K103	D3
L103	D3
M103	D3
N103	D3
O103	D3
P103	D3
C104	E4
D104	E4
E104	E4
F104	E4
G104	E4
H104	E4
I104	E4
J104	E4
K104	E4
L104	E4
M104	E4
N104	E4
O104	E4
P104	E4
C105	F4
D105	F4
E105	F4
F105	F4
G105	F4
H105	F4
I105	F4
J105	F4
K105	F4
L105	F4
M105	F4
N105	F4
O105	F4
P105	F4
C106	G4
D106	G4
E106	G4
F106	G4
G106	G4
H106	G4
I106	G4
J106	G4
K106	G4
L106	G4
M106	G4
N106	G4
O106	G4
P106	G4
C107	H4
D107	H4
E107	H4
F107	H4
G107	H4
H107	H4
I107	H4
J107	H4
K107	H4
L107	H4
M107	H4
N107	H4
O107	H4
P107	H4
C108	I4
D108	I4
E108	I4
F108	I4
G108	I4
H108	I4
I108	I4
J108	I4
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L108	I4
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G110	K4
H110	K4
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J110	K4
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L110	K4
M110	K4
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P110	K4
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D111	L4
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J112	M4
K112	M4
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N112	M4
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P112	M4
C113	N4
D113	N4
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F113	N4
G113	N4
H113	N4
I113	N4
J113	N4
K113	N4
L113	N4
M113	N4
N113	N4
O113	N4
P113	N4
C114	O4
D114	O4
E114	O4
F114	O4
G114	O4
H114	O4
I114	O4
J114	O4
K114	O4
L114	O4
M114	O4
N114	O4
O114	O4
P114	O4
C115	P4
D115	P4
E115	P4
F115	P4
G115	P4
H115	P4
I115	P4
J115	P4
K115	P4
L115	P4
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N115	P4
O115	P4
P115	P4
C116	Q4
D116	Q4
E116	Q4
F116	Q4
G116	Q4
H116	Q4
I116	Q4
J116	Q4
K116	Q4
L116	Q4
M116	Q4
N116	Q4
O116	Q4
P116	Q4
C117	R4
D117	R4
E117	R4
F117	R4
G117	R4
H117	R4
I117	R4
J117	R4
K117	R4
L117	R4
M117	R4
N117	R4
O117	R4
P117	R4
C118	S4
D118	S4
E118	S4
F118	S4
G118	S4
H118	S4
I118	S4
J118	S4
K118	S4
L118	S4
M118	S4
N118	S4
O118	S4
P118	S4
C119	T4
D119	T4
E119	T4
F119	T4
G119	T4
H119	T4
I119	T4
J119	T4
K119	T4
L119	T4
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P119	T4
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J121	V4
K121	V4
L121	V4
M121	V4
N121	V4
O121	V4
P121	V4
C122	W4
D122	W4
E122	W4
F122	W4
G122	W4
H122	W4
I122	W4
J122	W4
K122	W4
L122	W4
M122	W4
N122	W4
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P122	W4
C123	Y4
D123	Y4
E123	Y4
F123	Y4
G123	Y4
H123	Y4
I123	Y4
J123	Y4
K123	Y4
L123	Y4
M123	Y4
N123	Y4
O123	Y4
P123	Y4

SECTION 4 MECHANISM

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MECHANISM TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

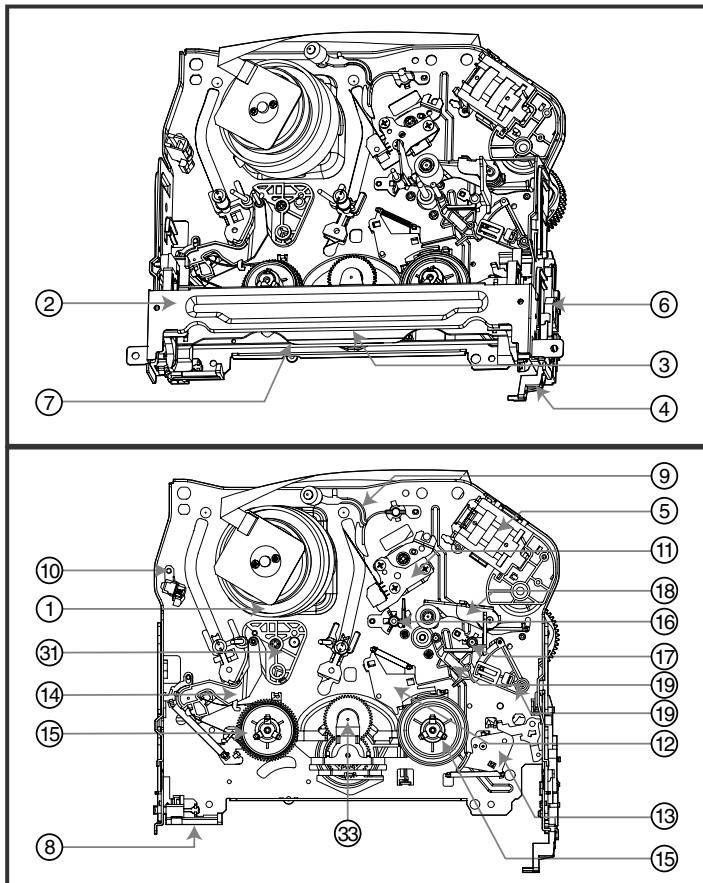
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EXPLODED VIEWS

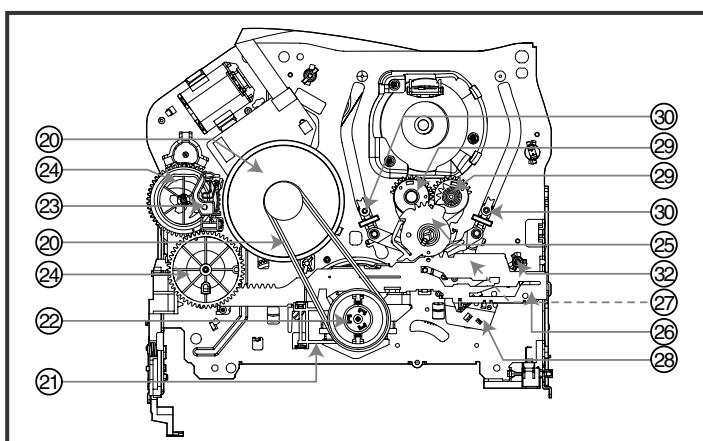
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DECK MECHANISM PARTS LOCATIONS

• Top View



• Bottom View



Procedure Starting No.	Part	Fixing Type	Figure	View
1	Drum Assembly	3 Screw	A-1	T
2	Plate Top	2 Hook	A-2	T
2	Holder Assembly CST	Chassis Hole	A-2	T
2	Opener Door	Chassis Hole	A-2	T
5	Bracket Assembly L/D Motor	3 Hook	A-2	T
2,3,4	Gear Assembly Rack F/L	1 Hook, Chassis Hole	A-2	T
2,3,4,6	Arm Assembly F/L	Chassis Hole	A-2	T
	Lever Assembly S/W	1 Hook	A-2	T
9	Arm Assembly Cleaner	Chassis Embossing	A-3	T
10	Head F/E	Chassis Embossing	A-3	T
11	Base Assembly A/C Head	1 Screw	A-3	T
2,3	Brake Assembly T	1 Hook	A-4	T
2,3	Brake Assembly RS	1 Hook	A-4	T
2,3	Arm Assembly Tension	2 Hook	A-4	T
2,3,12,13,	Reel S/Reel T		A-4	T
14				
16	Base Assembly P4	Chassis Embossing	A-5	T
17	Opener Lid	Chassis Embossing	A-5	T
17	Arm Assembly Pinch	Shaft	A-5	T
17	Lever T/Up / Arm T/Up	1 Hook	A-5	T
17,18	Belt Capstan/Motor Capstan	3 Screw	A-6	B
21	Lever F/R	Locking Tab	A-6	B
20, 21	Clutch Assembly D35	Washer	A-6	B
23	Brake Assembly Capstan	Locking Tab	A-6	B
24	Gear Drive/Gear Cam	Washer/Hook	A-7	B
25	Gear Sector	1 Hook	A-7	B
20,21,23,	Plate Slider	Shaft Guide	A-7	B
24,25				
20,21,23,	Lever Tension	1 Hook	A-7	B
24,25,26				
2,3,14,20,	Lever Spring	Locking Tab	A7	B
21,25,23,				
24,26				
25	29 Gear Assembly P2/Gear Assembly P3	Boss	A-8	B
2,3,14,25,	30 Base Assembly P2/Base Assembly P3	Chassis Slot	A-8	B
29				
2,3,14,25,	31 Base Loading	1 Screw	A-9	T
29				
2,3,14,	32 Base Tension	Chassis Embossing	A-9	B
22				
2,3,20,21,	33 Arm Assembly Idler	Locking Tab	A-9	T

T:Top, B:Bottom

NOTE : When reassembly perform the procedure in the reverse order.

- 1) When reassembling, confirm Mechanism and Mode Switch Alignment Position (Refer to Page 4-13)
- 2) When disassembling, the Parts for Starting No. Should be removed first.

DECK MECHANISM DISASSEMBLY

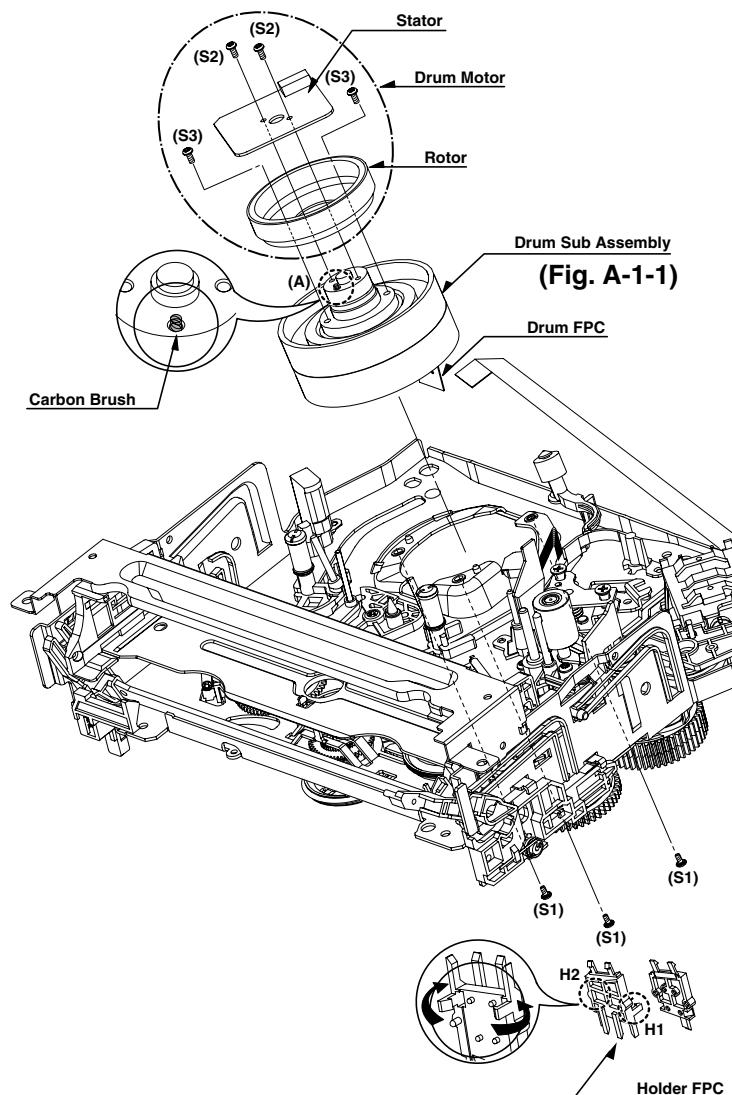


Fig. A-1

1. Drum Assembly (Fig. A-1-1)

- 1) Unplug the Drum FPC Connector.
- 2) Remove three Screws(S1) on bottom side and separate the Drum assembly.
- 3) Unhook (H1), (H2) and separate the Holder FPC and Cap FPC.

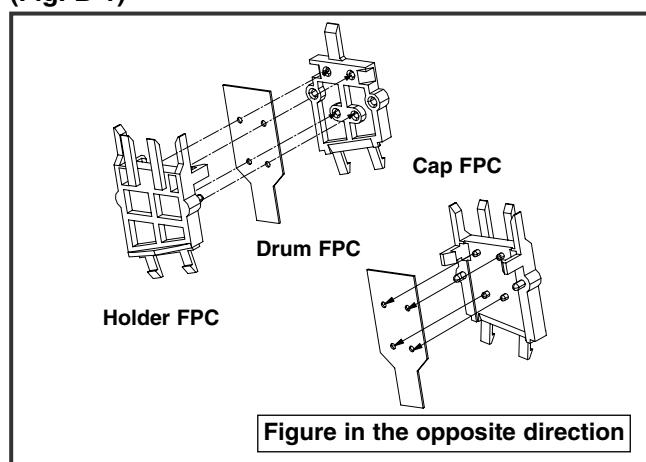
1-1. Drum Motor

- 1) Remove two Screws(S2) and disassemble the Stator of the Drum Motor.
- 2) Remove two Screws(S3) and separate the Rotor of the Drum Motor from the Drum Sub assembly.

NOTE

When reassembling, confirm (A) portion of the Drum Sub assembly whether the Carbon Brush is in there or not.

(Fig. B-1)



DECK MECHANISM DISASSEMBLY

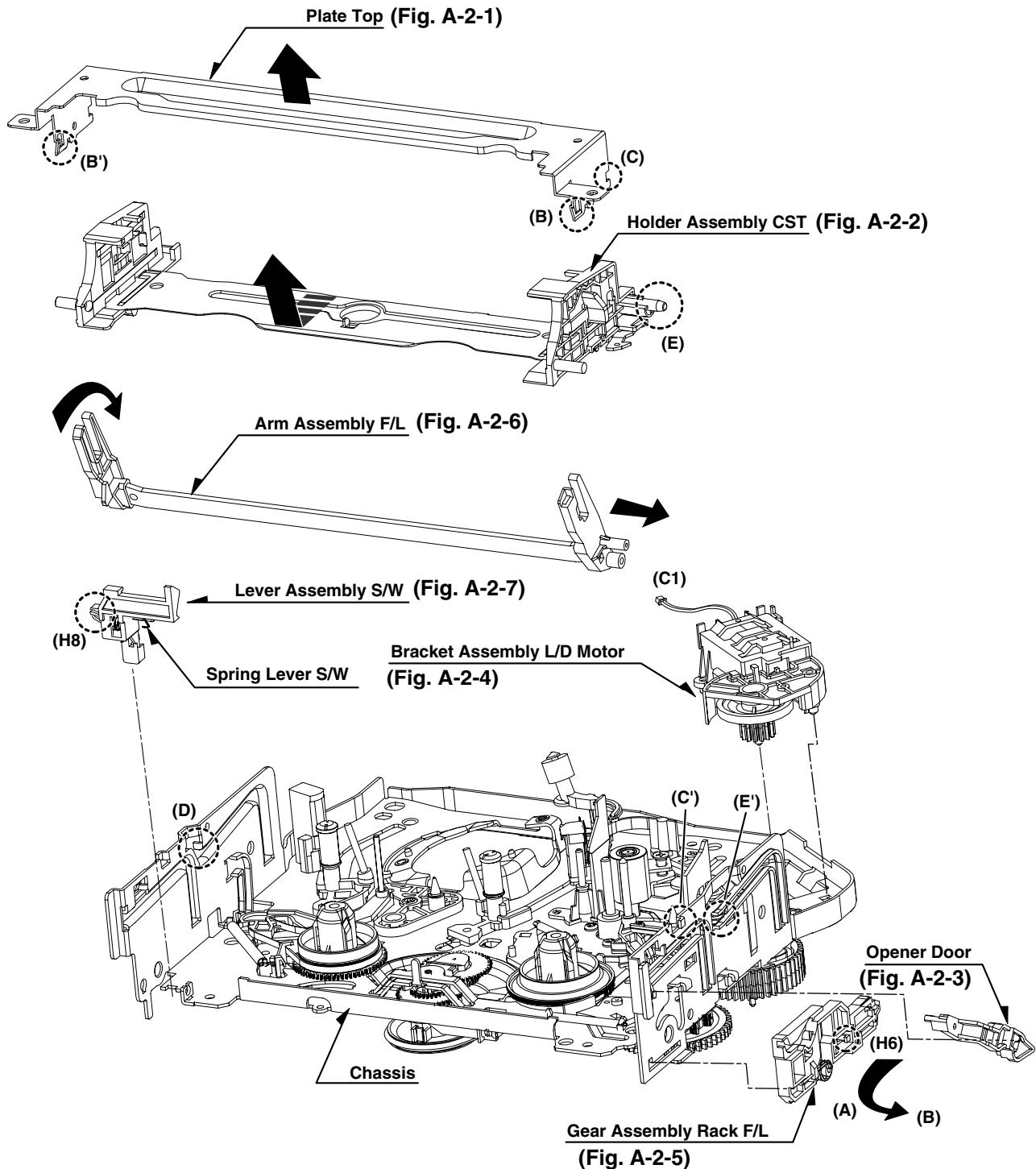


Fig. A-2

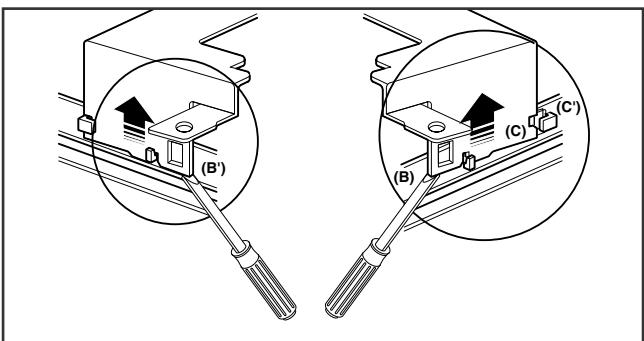
DECK MECHANISM DISASSEMBLY

2. Plate Top (Fig. A-2-1)

- 1) Pull the (B) portion of the Plate Top back in direction of arrow and separate the right side of it.
- 2) pull the (B') portion of the Plate Top back in direction of arrow and separate the left side of it.
(Used tools : (-) type driver, anything tool with sharp point or flat point.)

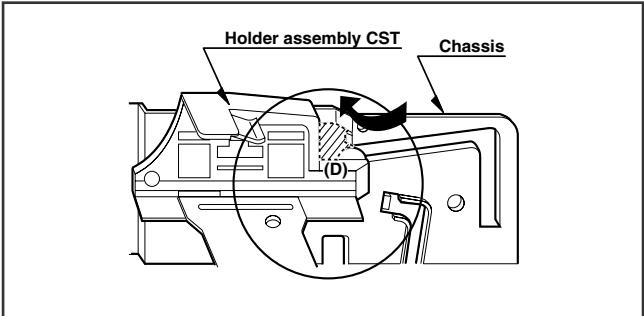
NOTE

- (1) When reassembling, push the Plate Top after alignment the two position(C), (C') as below Fig.



3. Holder Assembly CST (Fig.A-2-2)

- 1) Move the Holder Assembly CST in direction of arrow and separate the left side of it first through the (D) position of the Chassis.



- 2) Disassemble the right side of the Holder Assembly CST from each guided hole of the Chassis.

NOTE

When reassembling, insert the (E) part of the Holder Assembly CST in the (E') hole of the Chassis first and assemble the left side of it.

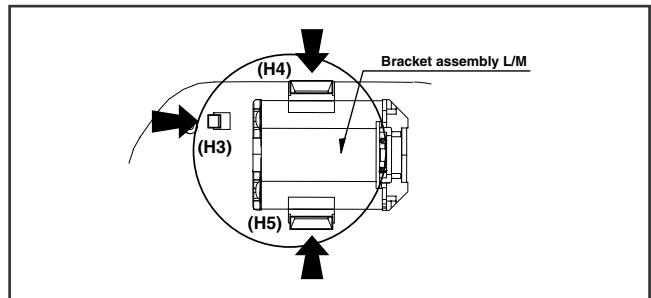
4. Opener Door (Figure. A-2-3)

- 1) Turn the Opener Door clockwise and remove it through the guide hole of the Chassis.

5. Bracket Assembly L/D Motor (Fig. A-2-4)

- 1) Unplug the Connector(C1).

- 2) Unhook three Hooks(H3, H4, H5) on bottom side of the Chassis, lift up the Bracket Assembly L/M and disassemble the Bracket Assembly L/D Motor.

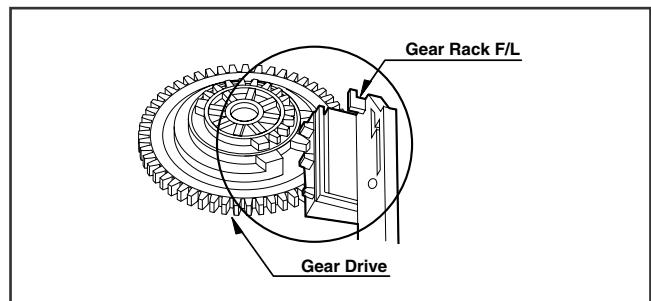


6. Gear Assembly Rack F/L (Fig. A-2-5)

- 1) Move the Gear Assembly Rack F/L in direction of arrow(A) and unhook the Hook(H6) pulling back in front.
- 2) Separate the Gear Rack F/L in direction of arrow(B).

NOTE

When reassembling, align the gear part of the Gear Assembly Rack F/L with the Gear Drive as below Fig.

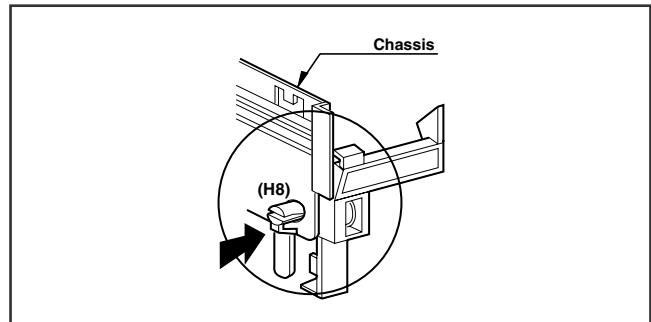


7. Arm Assembly F/L (Fig. A-2-6)

- 1) Move the Arm Assembly F/L in direction of arrow and separate the left side of it first.
- 2) Disassemble the Arm Assembly F/L from each guided hole of the Chassis.

8. Lever Assembly S/W(Fig. A-2-7)

- 1) Unhook the Hook(H8) in the left side of the Chassis and remove the Lever Assembly S/W.



DECK MECHANISM DISASSEMBLY

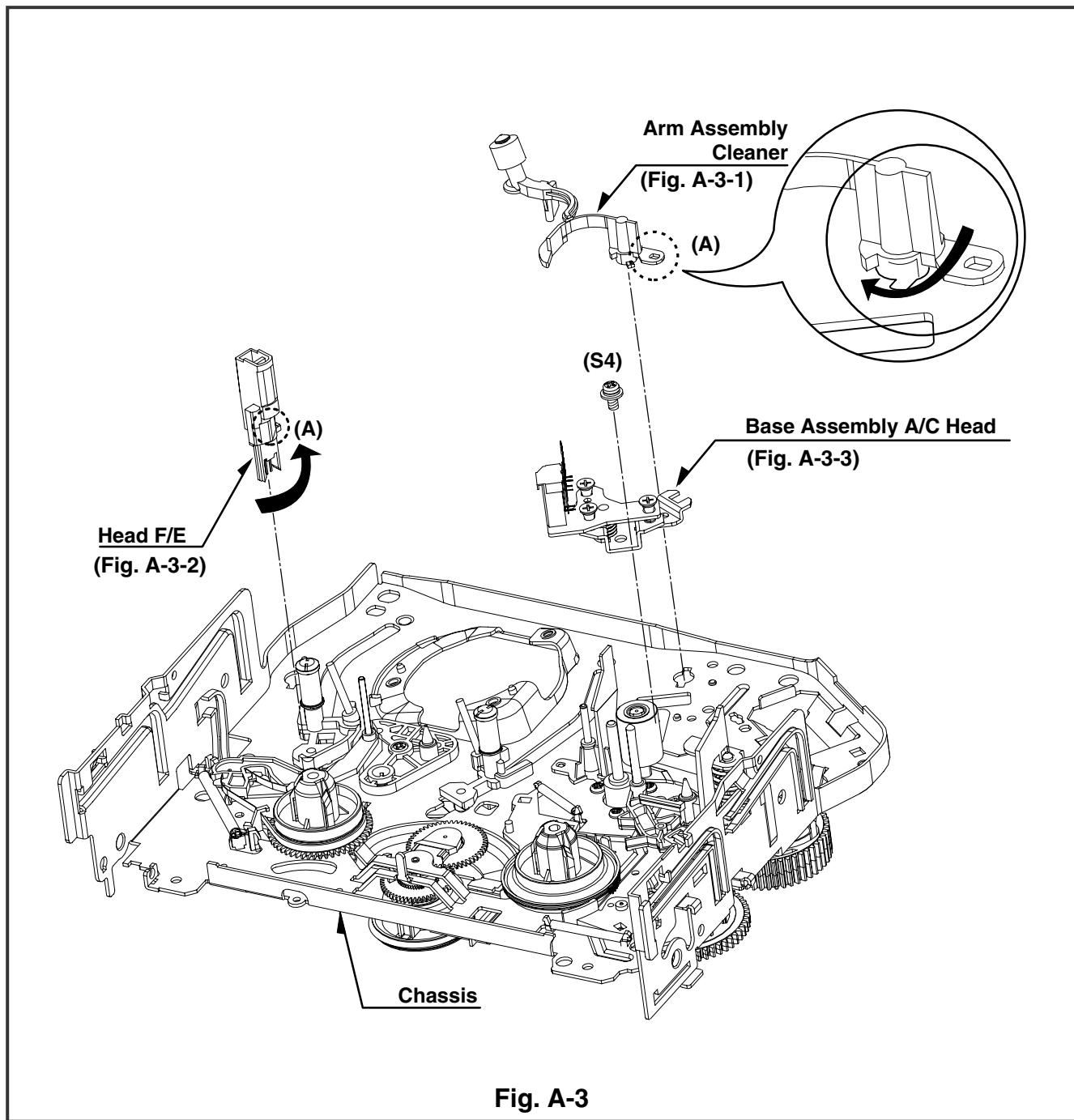


Fig. A-3

9. Arm Assembly Cleaner (Fig. A-3-1)

- 1) Breakaway the (A) portion as Fig. A-3-1 from the embossing of the Chassis, turn the Arm assembly Cleaner to clockwise direction and lift it up.

10. Head F/E (Fig. A-3-2)

- 1) Breakaway the (A) portion of the Head F/E from the embossing of the Chassis, turn it to counterclockwise direction and lift it up.

11. Base Assembly A/C Head (Fig. A-3-3)

- 1) Remove the Screw(S4) and lift the Base Assembly A/C Head up.

DECK MECHANISM DISASSEMBLY

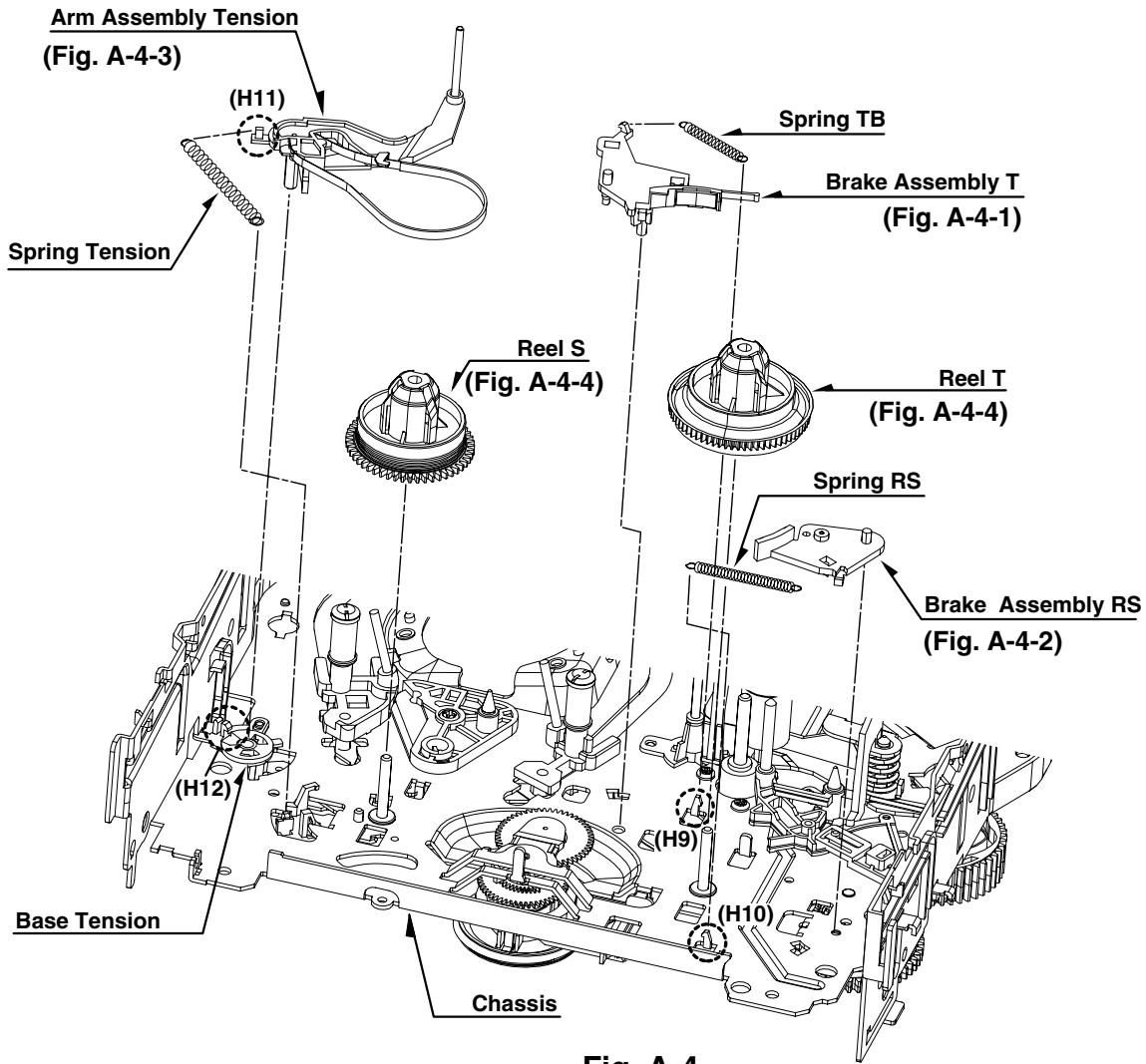


Fig. A-4

12. Brake Assembly T (Fig. A-4-1)

- 1) Unhook the Spring TB from the Hook(H9) of the Chassis.
- 2) Lift the Brake Assembly T up.

NOTE

Difference for Springs

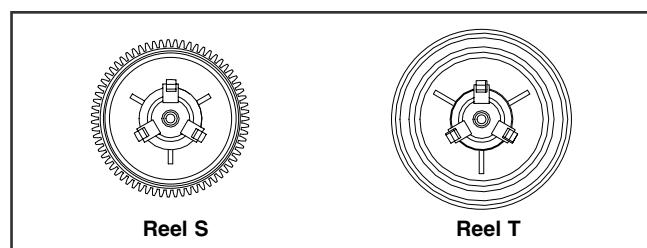
	Spring TB
	Spring RS Color (Black)
	Spring Tension

13. Brake Assembly RS (Fig. A-4-2)

- 1) Unhook the Spring RS from the Hook(H10) of the Chassis.
- 2) Lift the Brake Assembly T up.

15. Reel S / Reel T (Fig. A-4-4)

- 1) Difference for Reel S / Reel T



DECK MECHANISM DISASSEMBLY

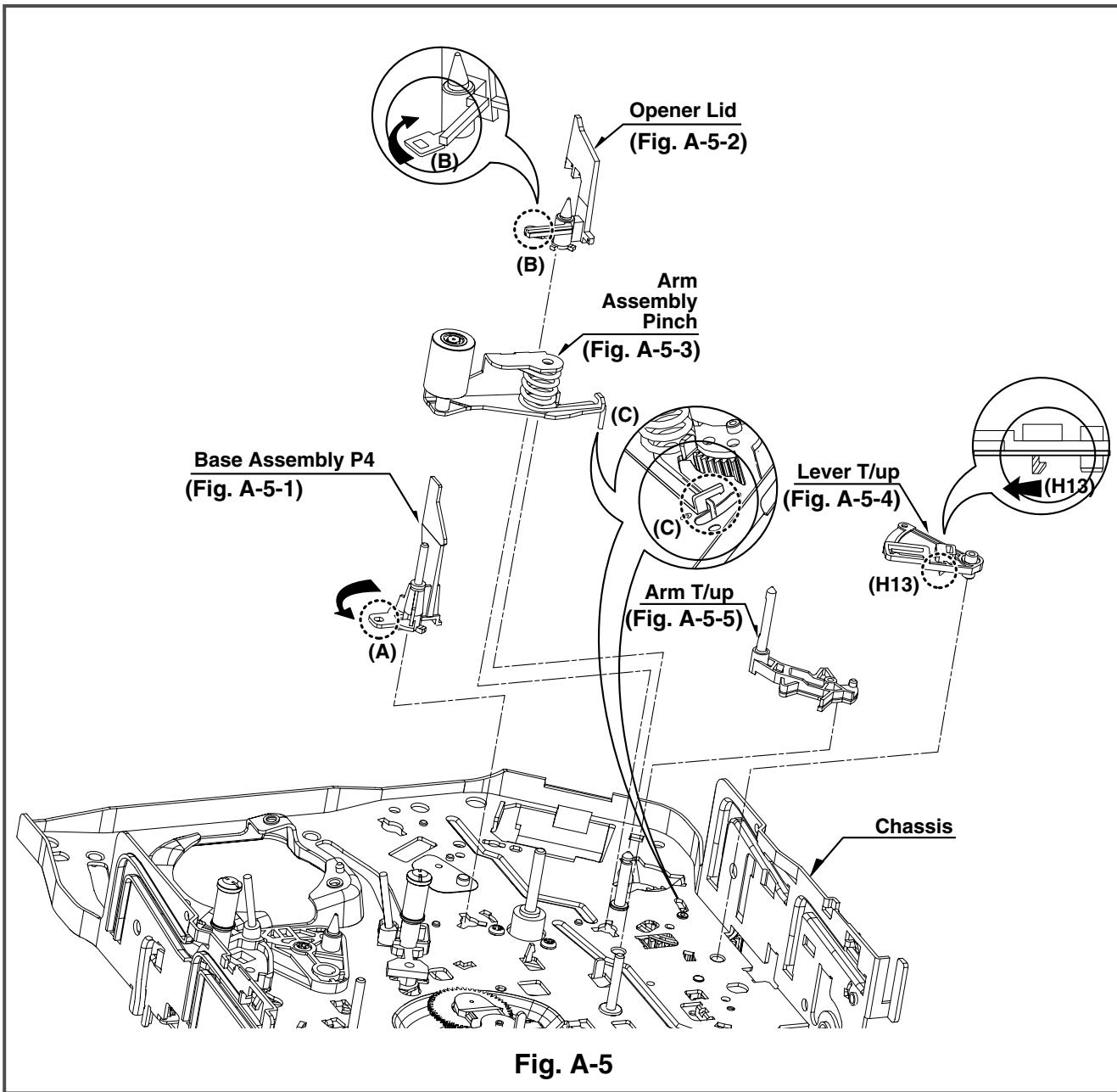


Fig. A-5

16. Base Assembly P4 (Fig. A-5-1)

- 1) Breakaway the (A) portion of the Base Assembly P4 from the embossing of the Chassis.
- 2) Turn the Base Assembly P4 to counterclockwise direction and lift it up.

17. Opener Lid (Fig. A-5-2)

- 1) Breakaway the (B) portion of the Opener Lid from the embossing of the Chassis.
- 2) Turn the Opener Lid to clockwise direction and lift it up.

18. Arm Assembly Pinch (Fig. A-5-3)

- 1) Lift the Arm Assembly Pinch up.

NOTE

When reassembling, confirm the (C) portion of the Arm Assembly Pinch is inserted to the Chassis hole correctly as Fig.

19. Lever T/up (Fig. A-5-4)/ Arm T/up (Fig. A-5-5)

- 1) Unhook the Hook(H13) of the bottom Chassis and lift the Lever T/up up.
- 2) Lift the Arm T/up up.

DECK MECHANISM DISASSEMBLY

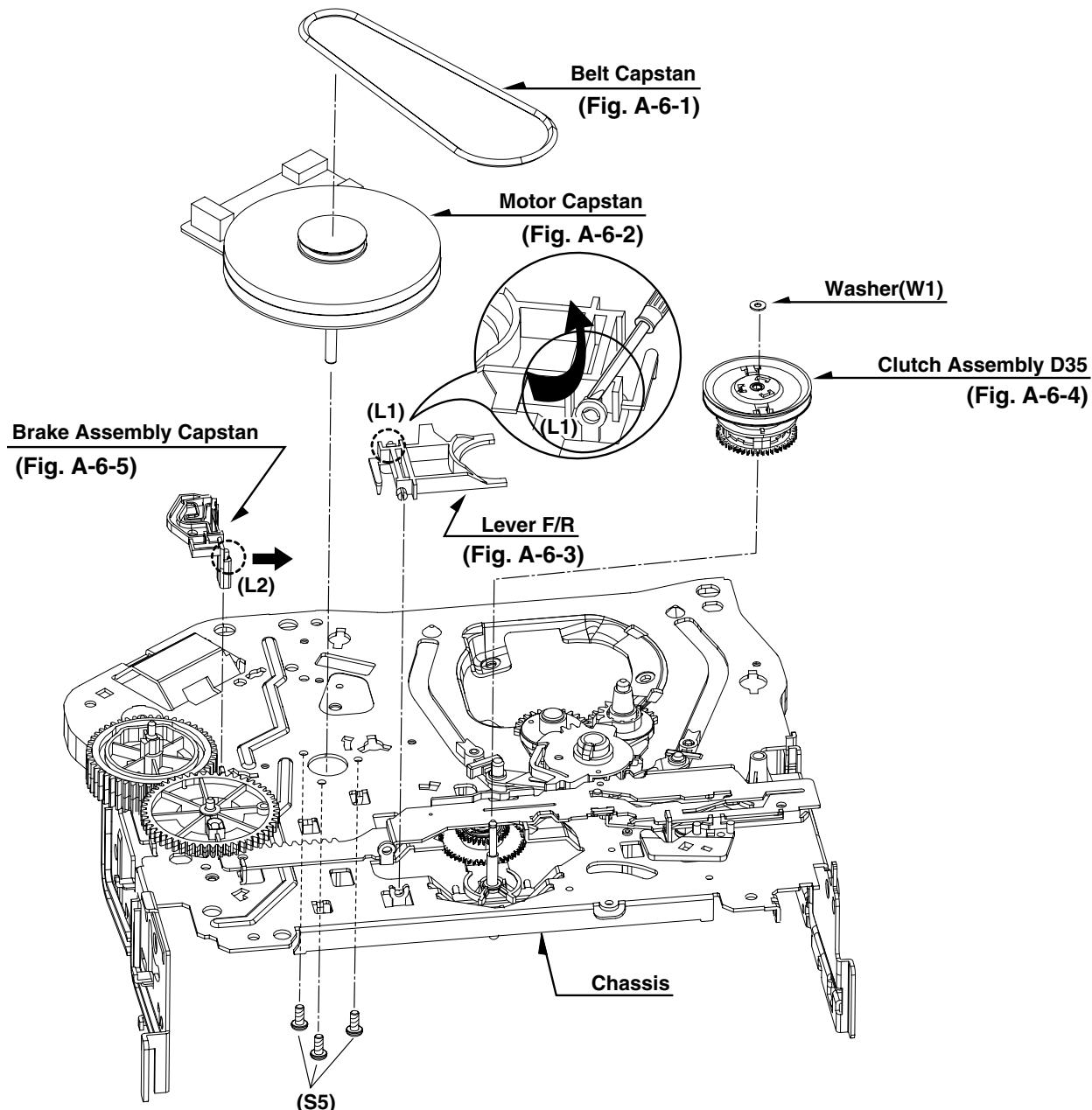


Fig. A-6

20. Belt Capstan (Fig. A-6-1)/ Motor Capstan (Fig. A-6-2)

- 1) Remove the Belt Capstan.
- 2) Remove the three Screws(S5) on bottom Chassis and lift the Motor Capstan up.

21. Lever F/R (Fig. A-6-3)

- 1) Unlock the Locking Tab(L1) as Fig. A-6-3 and lift the Lever F/R up.

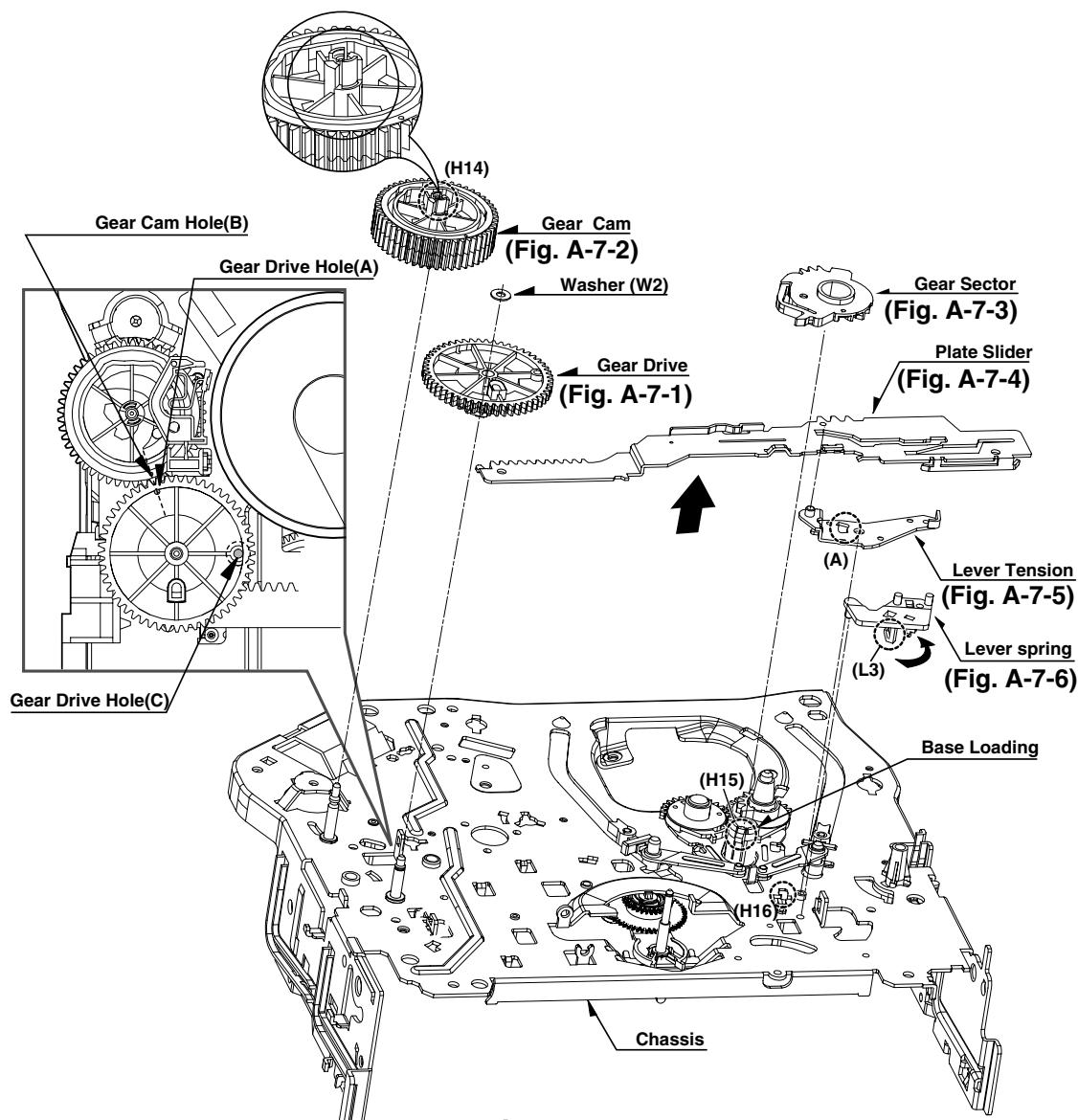
22. Clutch Assembly D35 (Fig. A-6-4)

- 1) Remove the Washer(W1) and lift the Clutch Assembly D35 up.

23. Brake Assembly Capstan (Fig. A-6-5)

- 1) Pull the Locking Tab(L2) back in direction of arrow and lift it up.

DECK MECHANISM DISASSEMBLY



24. Gear Drive (Fig. A-7-1)/ Gear Cam (Fig. A-7-2)

- 1) Remove the Washer(W2) and lift the Gear Drive up.
- 2) Unhook the Hook(H14) of the Gear Cam and lift the Gear Cam up.

NOTE

When reassembling, align the Gear Drive Hole(A) and the Gear Cam Hole(B) in a straight line after the Gear Drive Hole(C) is aligned with the Chassis Hole as Fig.

25. Gear Sector (Fig. A-7-3)

- 1) Unhook the Hook(H15) of the Base Loading on bottom Chassis and lift the Gear Sector up.

26. Plate Slider (Fig. A-7-4)

- 1) Just lift the Plate Slider up.

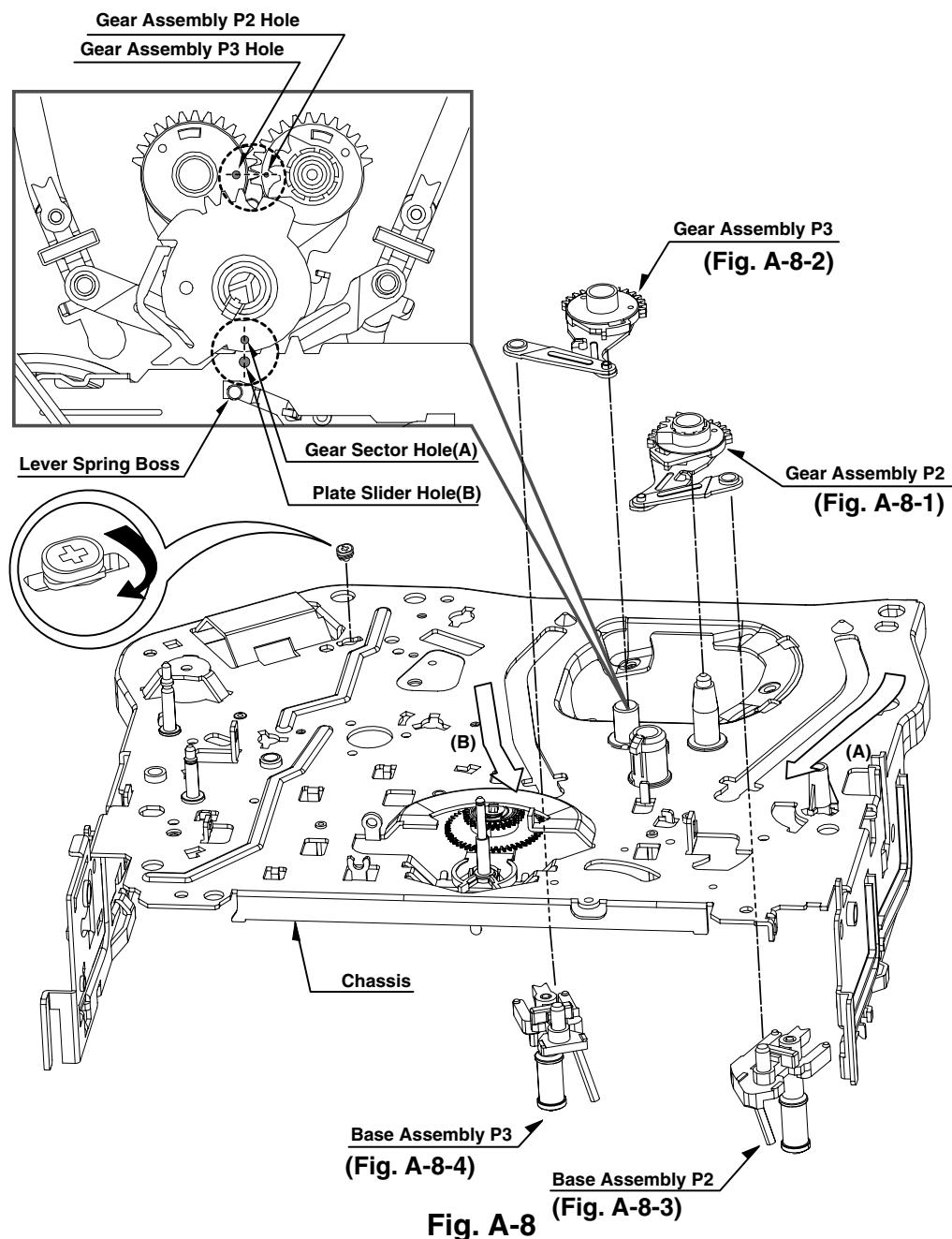
27. Lever Tension (Fig. A-7-5)

- 1) Unhook the (A) portion of the Lever Tension from the Hook(H16) of the Chassis.
- 2) Turn the Lever Tension to counterclockwise direction and lift it up.

28. Lever Spring (Fig. A-7-6)

- 1) Unlock the Locking Tab(L3) of the bottom Chassis and lift the Lever Spring up.

DECK MECHANISM DISASSEMBLY



29. Gear Assembly P2 (Fig. A-8-1)/ Gear Assembly P3 (Fig. A-8-2)

- 1) Just lift the Gear Assembly P2 up.
- 2) Just lift the Gear Assembly P3 up.

NOTE

When reassembling, align the two holes of the Gear Assembly P2 and P3 in a straight line after confirmation whether the Gear Sector Hole(A) and the Plate Slider Hole(B) are aligned or not as Fig.

30. Base Assembly P2 (Fig. A-8-3)/ Base Assembly P3 (Fig. A-8-4)

- 1) Move the Base Assembly P2 in direction of arrow(A) along the guide hole of the Chassis and disassemble it on bottom side.
- 2) Move the Base Assembly P3 in direction of arrow(B) along the guide hole of the Chassis and disassemble it on bottom side.

DECK MECHANISM DISASSEMBLY

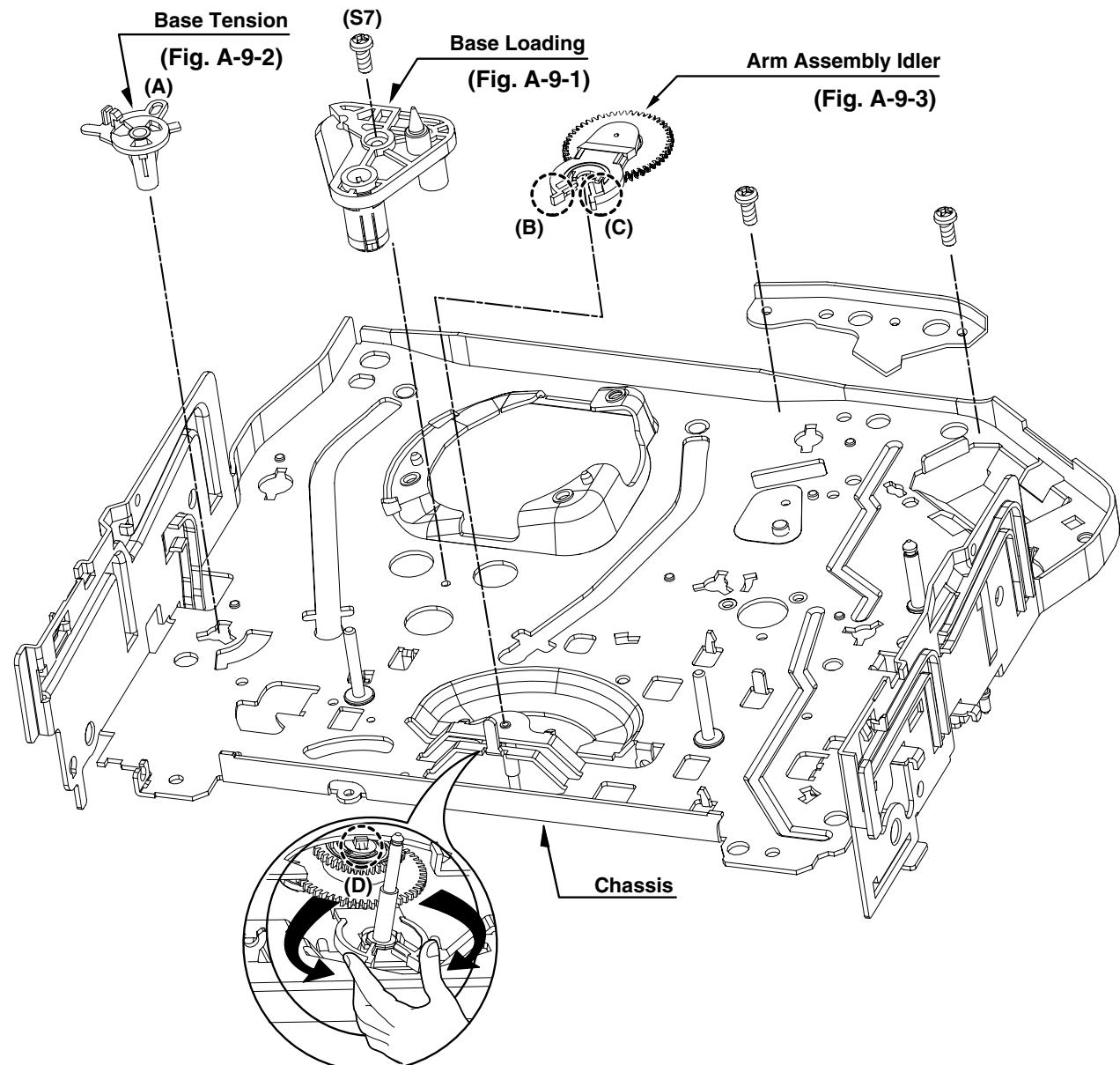


Fig. A-9

31. Base Loading (Fig. A-9-1)

- 1) Remove the Screw(S7).
- 2) Lift the Base Loading up.

32. Base Tension (Fig. A-9-2)

- 1) Breakaway the (A) portion of the Base Tension from the embossing of the Chassis.
- 2) Turn the Base Tension to counterclockwise direction and lift it up.

33. Arm Assembly Idler (Fig. A-9-3)

- 1) Make narrower the two parts, (B) and (C), as Fig. A-9-3.
- 2) Lift the Arm assembly Idler up.

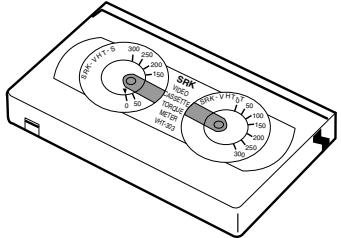
NOTE

When disassembling, be careful not to be caught the (D) part by the Chassis as Fig.

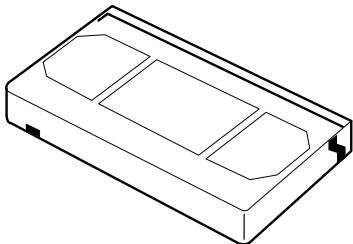
DECK MECHANISM ADJUSTMENT

• Tools and Fixtures for Service

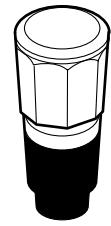
1. Cassette Torque Meter
SRK-VHT-303(Not SVC part)
Parts No: D00-D006



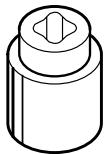
2. Alignment Tape
Parts No NTSC: DTN-001
PAL:DTN-002



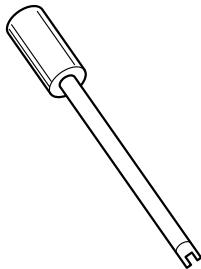
3. Torque Gauge
600g.Cm ATG
Parts No:D00-D002



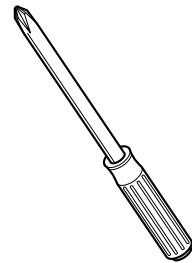
4. Torque Gauge Adaptor
Parts No:D09-R001



5. Post Height Adjusting Driver
Parts No:DTL-0005



6. + Type Driver (ø 5)



DECK MECHANISM ADJUSTMENT

1. Mechanism Alignment Position Check

Purpose: To determine if the Mechanism is in the correct position, when a Tape is ejected.

Test Equipment/ Fixture	Test Conditions (Mechanism Condition)	Check Point
• Blank tape	• Eject Mode (with Cassette ejected)	• Mechanism and Mode Switch Position
1) Turn the Power S/W on and eject the Cassette by pressing the Eject Button. 2) Remove the Top Cover and Plate Assembly Top, visually check if the Gear Cam Hole is aligned with the Chassis Hole as below Fig. C-2. 3) IF not, rotate the Shaft of the Loading Motor to either clockwise or counterclockwise until the alignment is as below Fig. C-2.		4) Remove the Screw which fixes the Deck Mechanism and Main Frame and confirm if the Gear Cam is aligned with the Gear Drive as below Fig. C-1(A). 5) Confirm if the Mode S/W on the Main P.C.Board is aligned as below Fig. C-1(B). 6) Remount the Deck Mechanism on the Main P.C.Board and check each operation.

CHECK DIAGRAM

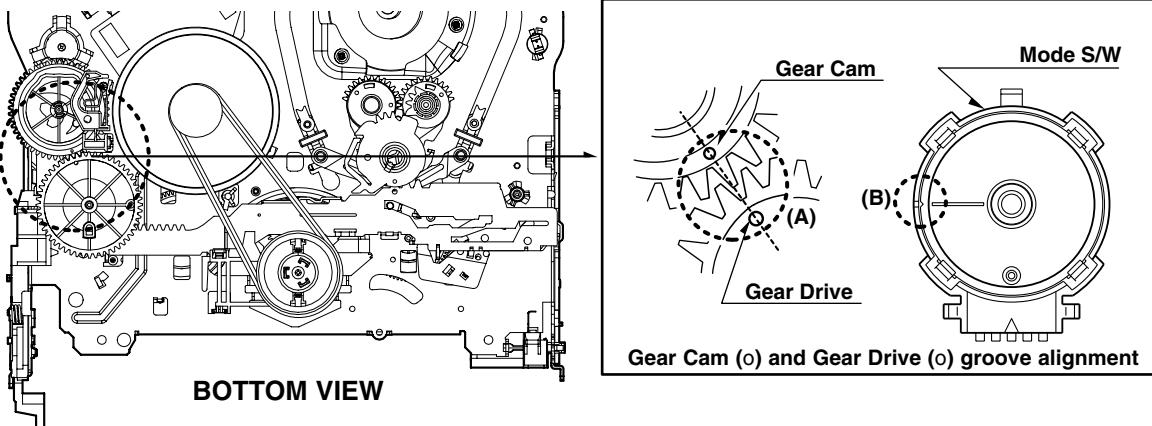


Fig. C-1

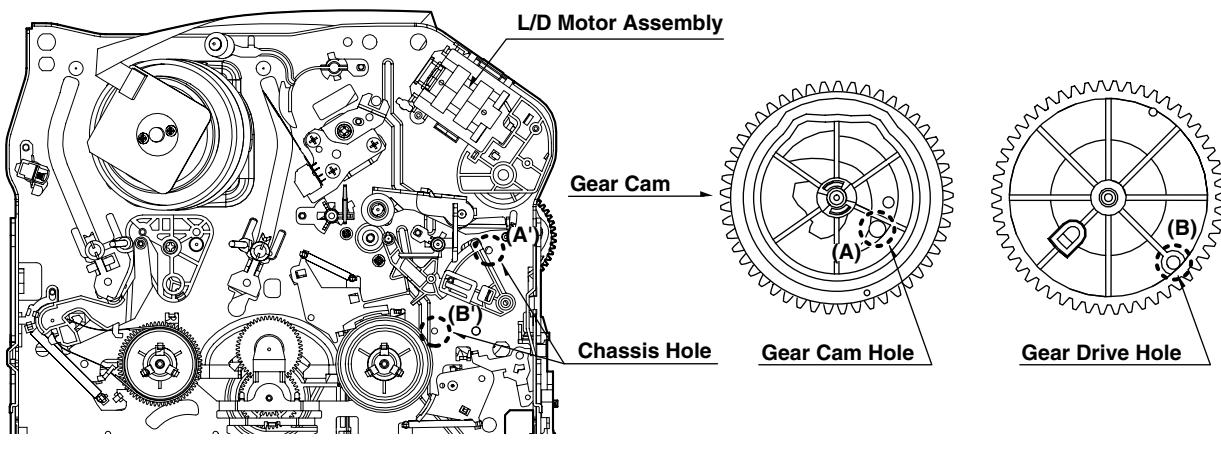


Fig. C-2

DECK MECHANISM ADJUSTMENT

2. Preparation for Adjustment (To set the Deck Mechanism of the loading state without inserting a cassette tape).

- 1) Unplug the power cord from the AC outlet.
- 2) Disassemble the Top Cover and Plate Assembly Top.
- 3) Plug the power cord into the AC outlet.
- 4) Turn the power S/W on and push the Lever Stopper of the Holder Assembly CST to the back for loading the

cassette without tape.

Cover the holes of the End Sensors at the both sides of the Chassis to prevent a light leak.

Then the Deck Mechanism drives to the Stop Mode.

In this case, the Deck Mechanism can accept inputs of each mode, however the Rewind and Review operation can not be performed for more than a few seconds because the Take-up Reel Table is in the Stop State and can not be detected the Reel Pulses.

3. Checking Torque

Purpose: To insure smooth transport of the tape during each mode of operation.

If the tape transport is abnormal, then check the torque as indicated by the chart below.

Test Equipment/ Fixture	Test Conditions (Mechanism Condition)	Checking Method		
Item	Mode	Test Equipment	Measurement Reel	Measurement Values
• Torque Gauge(600g/cm ATG) • Torque Gauge Adaptor • Cassette Torque Meter SRK-VHT-303	• Play (FF) or Review (REW) Mode			
		• Perform each Deck Mechanism mode without inserting a cassette tape(Refer to above No.2 Preparation for Adjustment). • Read the measurement of the Take-up or Supply Reels on the Cassette Torque Meter(Fig. C-3-2). • Attach the Torque Gauge Adaptor to the Torque Gauge and then read the value of it(Fig. C-3-1).		
Fast Forward Torque	Fast Forward	Cassette Torque Gauge	Take-Up Reel	More than 400g/cm
Rewind Torque	Rewind	Cassette Torque Gauge	Supply Reel	More than 400g/cm
Play Take-Up Torque	Play	Cassette Torque Meter	Take-Up Reel	40~100g/cm
Review Torque	Review	Cassette Torque Meter	Supply Reel	120~210g/cm

NOTE:

The values are measured by using a Torque Gauge and Torque Gauge Adaptor with the Torque Gauge affixed.

NOTE:

The torque reading to measure occurs when the tape abruptly changes direction from Fast Forward to Rewind Mode, when quick braking is applied to both Reels.

• Torque Gauge (600g.cm ATG)

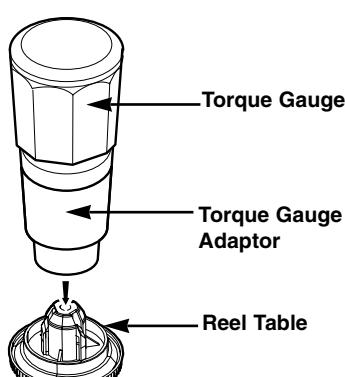


Fig. C-3-1

• Cassette Torque Meter (SRK-VHT-303)

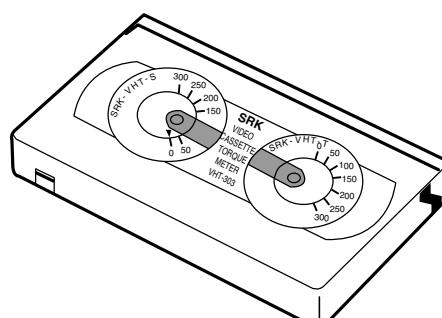


Fig. C-3-2

DECK MECHANISM ADJUSTMENT

4. Guide Roller Height Adjustment

Purpose: To regulate the height of the tape so that the bottom of the tape runs along the tape guide line on the Lower Drum.

4-1. Preliminary Adjustment

Test Equipment/ Fixture	Test Conditions (Mechanism Condition)	Adjustment Point
• Post Height Adjusting Driver	• Play or Review Mode	• Guide Roller Height Adjustment screws on the Supply and Take-Up Guide Rollers.

Adjustment Procedure

- 1) Confirm if the tape runs along the tape guide line of the Lower Drum.
- 2) If the tape runs the bottom of the guide line, turn the Guide Roller Height Adjustment Screw to clockwise direction.
- 3) If it runs the top, turn to counterclockwise direction.
- 4) Adjust the height of the Guide Roller to be guided to the guide line of the Lower Drum from the starting and ending point of the Drum.

ADJUSTMENT DIAGRAM

Guide Roller Height Adjustment screw
Upper Flange
Guide Roller Retaining Screw

Fig. C-4-1

4-2. Precise Adjustment

Test Equipment/Fixture	Test Equipment Connection Points	Test Conditions VCR(VCP) State	Adjustment Point
• Oscilloscope • Alignment Tape • Post Height Adjusting Driver	• CH-1:PB RF Envelope • CH-2:NTSC: SW 30Hz PAL: SW 25Hz • Head Switching Output Point • RF Envelope Output Point	• Play an Alignment Tape	• Guide Roller Height Adjustment Screws

Adjustment Procedure

- 1) Play an Alignment Tape after connecting the probe of the Oscilloscope to the RF Envelope Output Test Point and Head Switching Output Test Point.
- 2) Tracking Control(in PB Mode) : Center Position(When this adjustment is performed after the Drum Assembly has been replaced, set the Tracking Control so that the RF Output is Maximum).
- 3) Height Adjustment Screw : Flatten the RF waveform. (Fig. C-4-2)
- 4) Turn(Move) the Tracking Control(in PB Mode) clockwise and counterclockwise.(Fig. C-4-3)
- 5) Check that any drop of RF Output is uniform at the start and end of the waveform.

NOTE

If the adjustment is excessive or insufficient the tape will jam or fold.

Waveform Diagrams

P2 POST ADJUSTMENT

P3 POST ADJUSTMENT

Turn the Roller Guide Height Adjustment Screw slightly to flatten the waveform.

Fig. C-4-2

Tracking Control at center

Turn(Move) the Tracking Control to both directions

Fig. C-4-3

Connection Diagram

OSCILLOSCOPE

RF ENVELOPE OUTPUT TEST POINT

HEAD SWITCHING OUTPUT TEST POINT

DECK MECHANISM ADJUSTMENT

5. Audio/Control (A/C) Head Adjustment

Purpose: To insure that the tape passes accurately over the Audio and Control Tracks in exact alignment of the both Record and Playback Modes.

5-1. Preliminary Adjustment (Height and Tilt Adjustment)

Perform the Preliminary Adjustment, when there is no Audio Output Signal with the Alignment Tape.

Test Equipment/ Fixture	Test Conditions (Mechanism Condition)	Adjustment Point
• Blank Tape • Screw Driver(+) Type 5mm	• Play the blank tape	• Tilt Adjustment Screw(C) • Height Adjustment Screw(B) • Azimuth Adjustment Screw(A)

Adjustment Procedure/Diagrams

- 1) Initially adjust the Base Assembly A/C Head as shown Fig. C-5-1 by using the Height Adjustment Screw(B).
- 2) Play a blank tape and observe if the tape passes accurately over the A/C Head without tape curling or folding.
- 3) If folding or curling is occurred then adjust the Tilt Adjustment Screw(C) while the tape is running to resemble Fig. C-5-3.

- 4) Reconfirm the tape path after Playback about 4~5 seconds.

NOTE

Ideal A/C head height occurs when the tape runs between 0.2~0.25mm above the bottom edge of the A/C Head core.

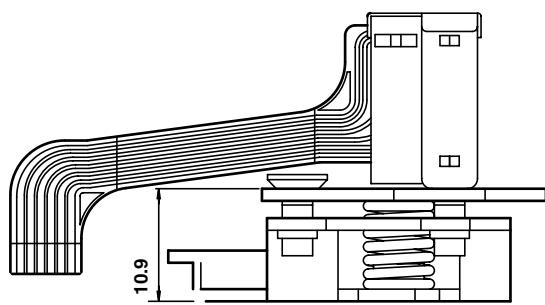


Fig. C-5-1

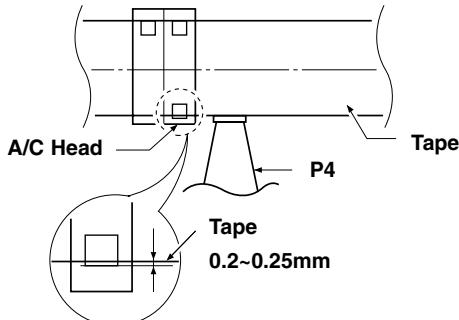
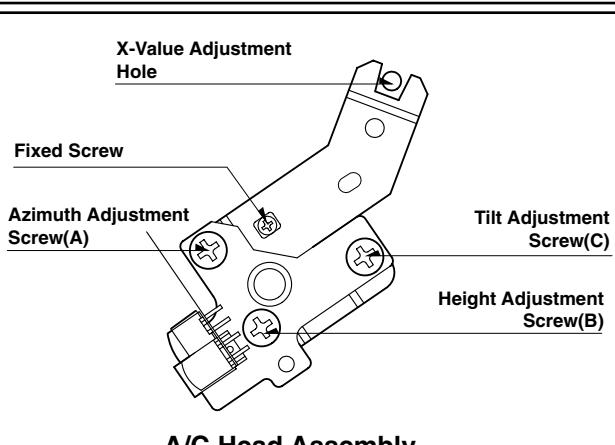


Fig. C-5-3



A/C Head Assembly

Fig. C-5-2

DECK MECHANISM ADJUSTMENT

5-2. Confirm that the tape passes smoothly between the Take-up Guide and Pinch Roller(using a mirror or the naked eye).

- 1) After completing Step 5-1.(Preliminary Adjustment), check that the tape passes around the Take-up Guide and Pinch Roller without folding or curling at the top or bottom.
- (1) If folding or curling is observed at the bottom of the Take-up Guide then slowly turn the Tilt Adjustment Screw(C) in the clockwise direction.

(2) If folding or curling is observed at the top of it then slowly turn the Tilt Adjustment Screw(C) in the counterclockwise direction.

NOTE:

Check the RF envelope after adjusting the A/C Head, if the RF waveform differs from Fig. C-5-4, performs Precise Adjustment to flat the RF waveform.

5-3. Precise Adjustment (Azimuth adjustment)

Test Equipment/ Fixture	Connection Point	Test Conditions (Mechanism Condition)	Adjustment Point
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Oscilloscope • Alignment Tape(SP) • Screw Driver(+) Type 5mm 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Audio output jack 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Play an Alignment Tape 1KHz, 7KHz Sections 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Azimuth Adjustment Screw(A) • Height Adjustment Screw(B)

Adjustment Procedure

- 1) Connect the probe of the oscilloscope to Audio Output Jack.
- 2) Alternately adjust the Azimuth Adjustment Screw(A) and the Tilt Adjustment Screw(C) for maximum output of the 1Khz and 7Khz segments, while maintaining the flattest envelope differential between the two frequencies.

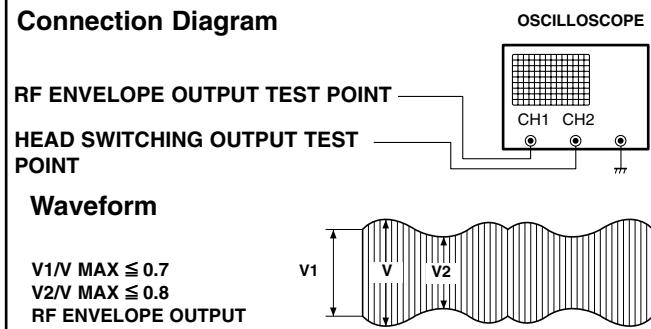
Fig. C-5-4

6. X-Value Adjustment

Purpose: To obtain compatibility with the other VCR(VCP) Models.			
Test Equipment/ Fixture	Connection Point	Test Conditions (Mechanism Condition)	Adjustment Point
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Oscilloscope • Alignment Tape(SP only) • Screw Driver(+) Type 5mm 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CH-1: PB RF Envelope • CH-2: NTSC: SW 30Hz PAL: SW 25Hz • Head Switching Output Test Point • RF Envelope Output Test Point 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Play an Alignment Tape 	
Adjustment Procedure		Adjustment Diagram	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Release the Automatic Tracking to run long enough for tracking to complete its cycle. 2) Loosen the Fixed Mounting Screw and move the Base Assembly A/C Head in the direction as shown in the diagram to find the center of the peak that allows for the maximum waveform envelope. This method should allow the 31μm Head to be centrally located over the 58μm tape track. 3) Tighten the Base Assembly A/C Head mounting Screw. 			
		Connection Diagram	

DECK MECHANISM ADJUSTMENT

7. Adjustment after Replacing Drum Assembly (Video Heads)

Purpose: To correct for shift in the Roller Guide and X value after replacing the Drum.			
Test Equipment/ Fixture	Connection Point	Test Conditions (Mechanism Condition)	Adjustment Points
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Oscilloscope Alignment Tapes Blank Tape Post Height Adjusting Driver Screw Driver(+) Type 5mm 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> CH-1: PB RF Envelope CH-2: NTSC: SW 30Hz PAL: SW 25Hz Head Switching Output Test Point RF Envelope Output Test Point 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Play the Blank Tape Play an Alignment Tape 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Guide Roller Precise Adjustment Switching Point Tracking Preset X-Value
Checking/Adjustment Procedure Play a blank tape and check for tape curling or creasing around the Roller Guide. If there is a problem then follow the procedure 4. "Guide Roller Height" and 5. "Audio Control(A/C) Head Adjustment".	Connection Diagram  Waveform V1/V MAX ≤ 0.7 V2/V MAX ≤ 0.8 RF ENVELOPE OUTPUT		

8. Check the Tape Travel after Reassembling Deck Assembly.

8-1. Checking Audio and RF Locking Time during playback and after CUE or REV (FF/REW)

Test Equipment/ Fixture	Specification	Connection Points	Test Conditions (Mechanism Condition)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Oscilloscope Alignment Tapes(with 6H 3KHz Color Bar Signal) Stop Watch 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> RF Locking Time: Less than 5 sec. Audio Locking Time:Less than 10sec 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> CH-1: PB RF Envelope CH-2: Audio Output RF Envelope Output Point Audio Output Jack 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Play an Alignment Tape (with 6H 3kHz Color Bar Signal)
Checking Procedure Play an Alignment Tape then change the operating mode to CUE or REV and confirm if the unit meets the above listed specifications.	NOTES: 1) CUE is the forward search mode 2) REV is the backward search mode 3) Refer to the Play mode		

8-2. Checking for tape curling or jamming

Test Equipment/ Fixture	Specification	Test Conditions (Mechanism Condition)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> T-160 Tape T-120 Tape 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Be sure there is no tape jamming or curling at the beginning, middle or end of the tape. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Run the CUE, REV, Play mode at the beginning and the end of the tape.
Checking Procedure	1) Confirm that the tape runs smoothly around the roller guides, Drum and A/C Head Assemblies while abruptly changing operating modes from Play to CUE or REV. This is to be checked at the begining, middle and end sections of the tape. 2) Confirm that the tape passes over the A/C Head Assembly as indicated by proper audio reproduction and proper tape counter performance.	

MAINTENANCE/INSPECTION PROCEDURE

1. Check before starting repairs

The following faults can be remedied by cleaning and oiling. Check the needed lubrication and the conditions of cleanliness in the unit.

Check with the customer to find out how often the unit is used, and then determine that the unit is ready for inspection and maintenance. Check the following parts.

Phenomenon	Inspection	Replacement
Color beats	Dirt on Full-Erase Head	o
Poor S/N, no color	Dirt on Video Head	o
Vertical or Horizontal jitter	Dirt on Video Head Dirt on tape transport system	o
Low volume, Sound distorted	Dirt on Audio/Control Head	o
Tape does not run. Tape is slack	Dirt on Pinch Roller	o
In Review and Unloading (off mode), the tape is rolled up loosely.	Clutch Assembly D35 torque reduced Cleaning Drum and transport system	o Fig. C-9-3

NOTE

If locations marked with o do not operate normally after cleaning, check for wear and replace.

See the EXPLODED VIEWS at the end of this manual as well as the above illustrations and see the Greasing (Page 4-21, 22) for the sections to be lubricated and greased.

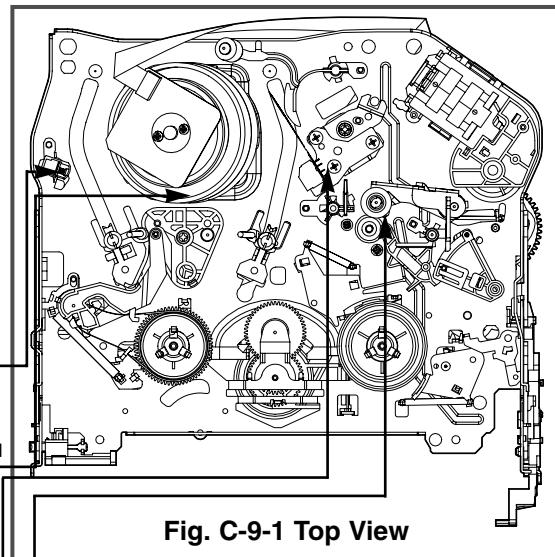


Fig. C-9-1 Top View

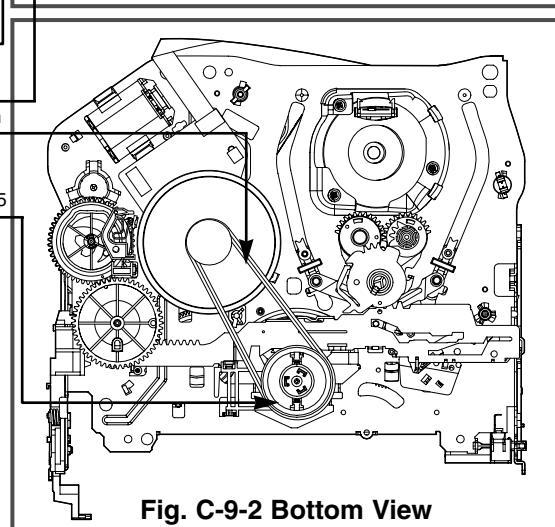


Fig. C-9-2 Bottom View

* No. (1)~(12) Indicates the Tape Path to be traveled from Supply Reel to Take-up Reel.

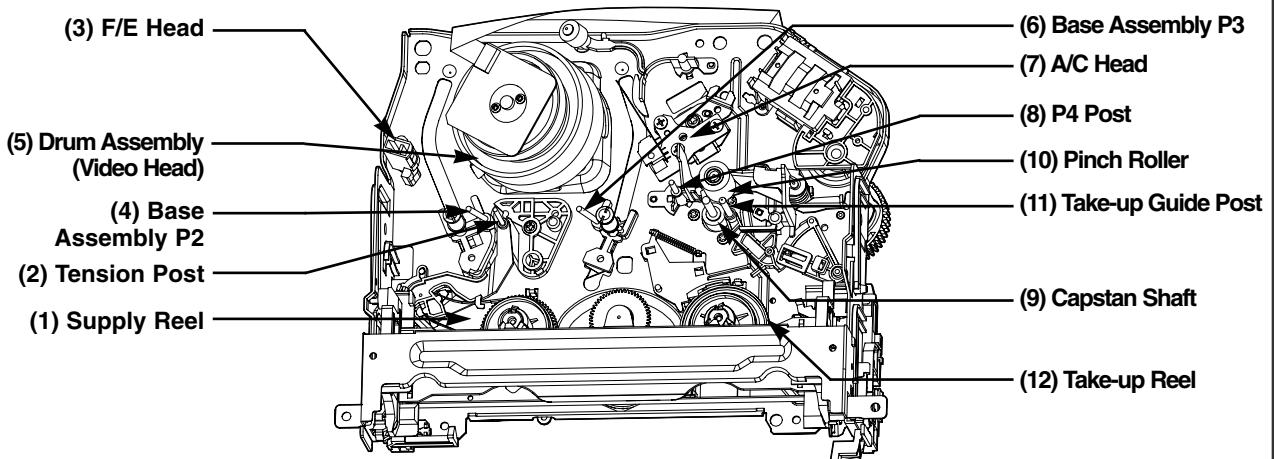


Fig. C-9-3 Tape Transport System

MAINTENANCE/INSPECTION PROCEDURE

2. Required Maintenance

The recording density of a VCR(VCP) is much higher than that of an audio tape recorder. VCR(VCP) components must be very precise, at tolerances of 1/1000mm, to ensure compatibility with the other VCRs. If any of these components are worn or dirty, the symptoms will be the same as if the part is defective. To ensure a good picture, periodic inspection and maintenance, including replacement of worn out parts and lubrication, is necessary.

3. Scheduled Maintenance

Schedules for maintenance and inspection are not fixed because they vary greatly according to the way in which the customer uses the VCR(VCP), and the environment in which the VCR(VCP) is used.

But, in general home use, a good picture will be maintained if inspection and maintenance is made every 1,000 hours. The table below shows the relation between time used and inspection period.

Table 1

When inspection is necessary	About 1 year	About 18 months	About 3 years
Average hours used per day			
One hour			
Two hours			
Three hours			

4. Supplies Required for Inspection and Maintenance

- (1) Grease : Kanto G-311G (Blue) or equivalent
- (2) Isopropyl Alcohol or equivalent
- (3) Cleaning Patches
- (4) Grease : Kanto G-381(Yellow)

5. Maintenance Procedure

5-1) Cleaning

(1) Cleaning video head

First use a cleaning tape. If the dirt on the head is too stubborn to remove by tape, use the cleaning patch. Coat the cleaning patch with Isopropyl Alcohol. Touch the cleaning patch to the head tip and gently turn the head(rotating cylinder) right and left.

(Do not move the cleaning patch vertically. Make sure that only the buckskin on the cleaning patch comes into contact with the head. Otherwise, the head may be damaged.)

Thoroughly dry the head. Then run the test tape. If Isopropyl Alcohol remains on the video head, the tape may be damaged when it comes into contact with the head surface.

- (2) Clean the tape transport system and drive system, etc, by wiping with a cleaning patch wetted with Isopropyl Alcohol.

NOTES:

- ① It is the tape transport system which comes into contact with the running tape. The drive system consists of those parts which moves the tape.
- ② Make sure that during cleaning you do not touch the tape transport system with excessive force that would cause deformation or damage to the system.

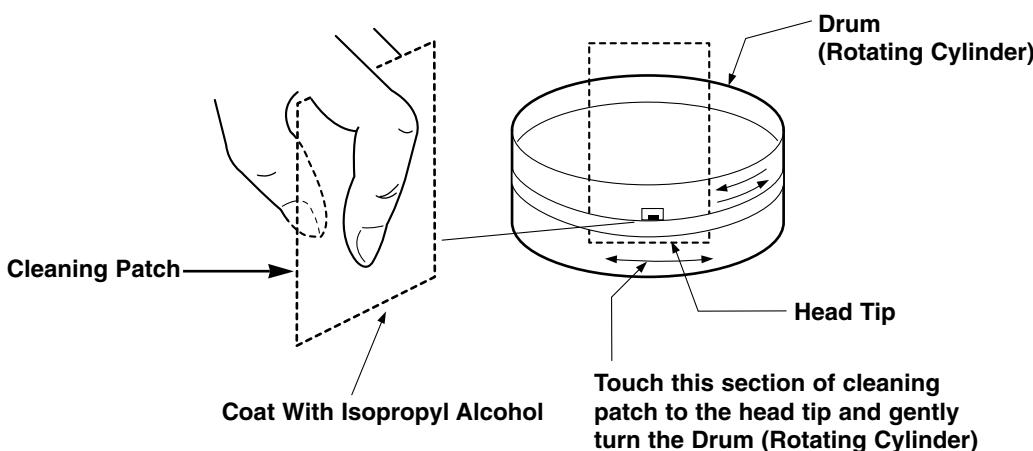


Fig. C-9-4

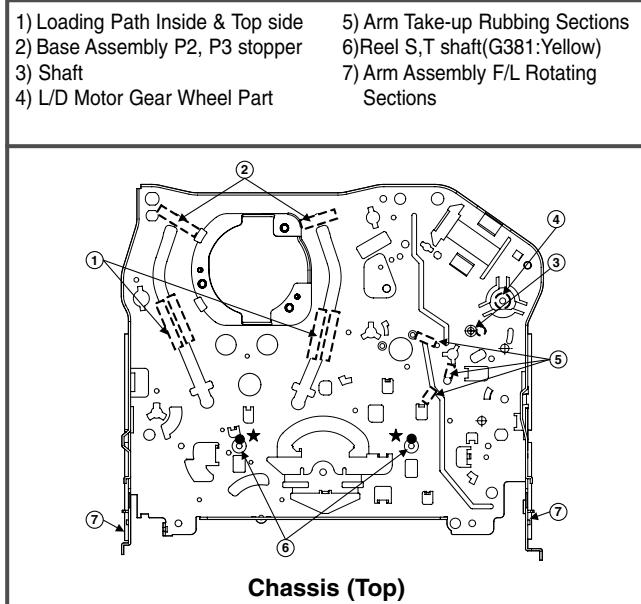
MAINTENANCE/INSPECTION PROCEDURE

5-2) Greasing

(1) Greasing guidelines

Apply grease, with a cleaning patch. Do not use excess grease. It may come into contact with the tape transport or drive system. Wipe excessive grease and clean with cleaning patch wetted in Isopropyl Alcohol.

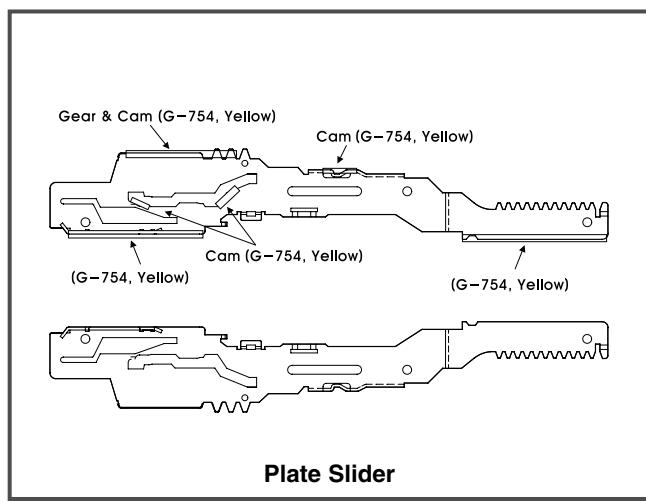
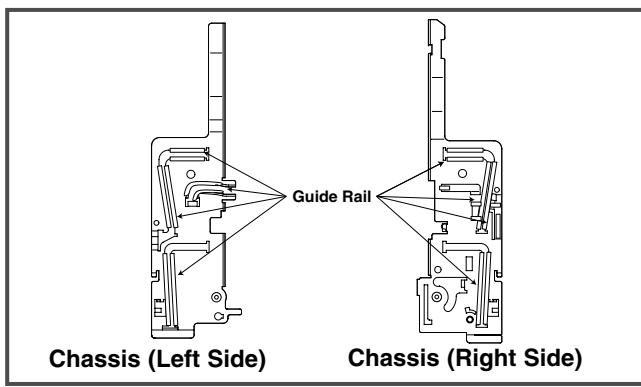
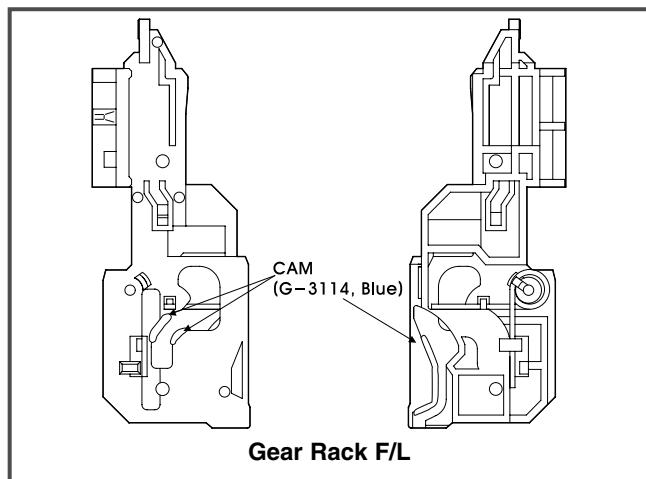
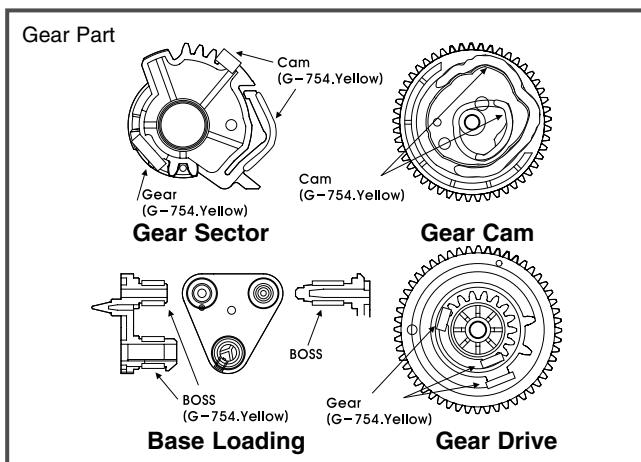
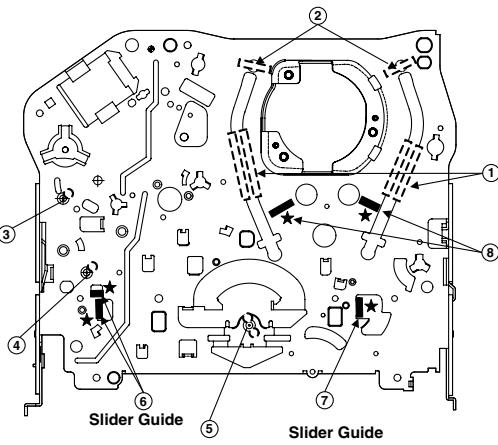
NOTE:Greasing Points



(2) Periodic greasing

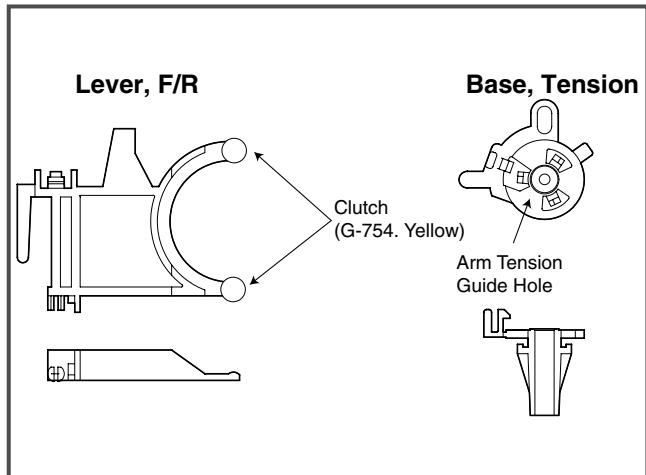
Grease specified locations every 5,000 hours.

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| 1) Loading Path Inside & Top side | 6) Plate Slider Guide Sections |
| 2) Base Assembly P2,P3 stopper | 7) Plate Slider Guide Sections |
| 3) Shaft | 8) Gear Assembly P2, P2 Rubbing Sections |
| 4) Shaft | |
| 5) Clutch Assembly D35 Shaft | |

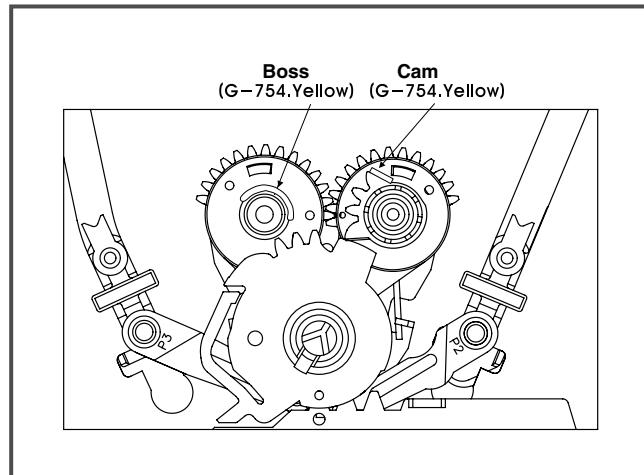


MAINTENANCE/INSPECTION PROCEDURE

Lever, F/R, Base, Tension



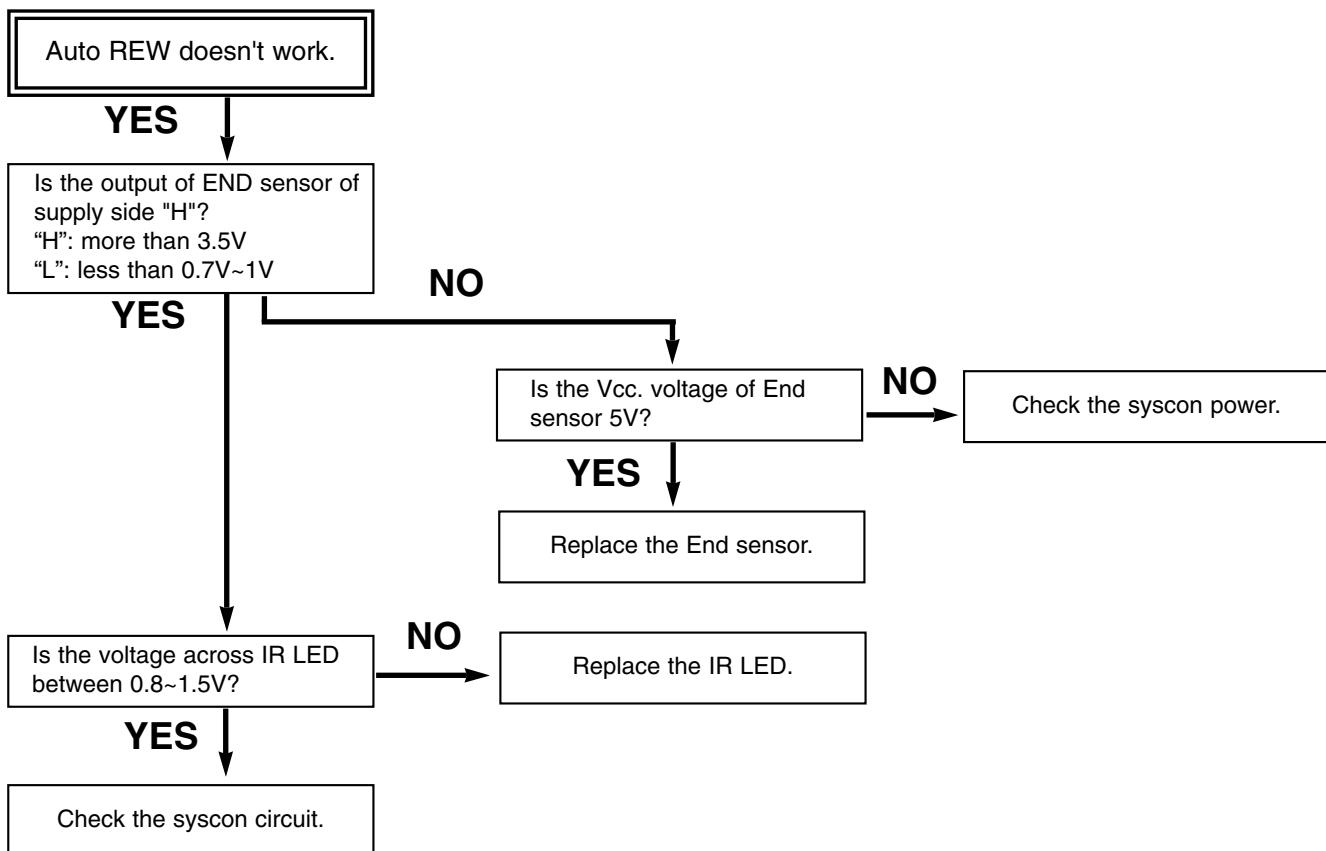
GEAR AY, P2 & P3



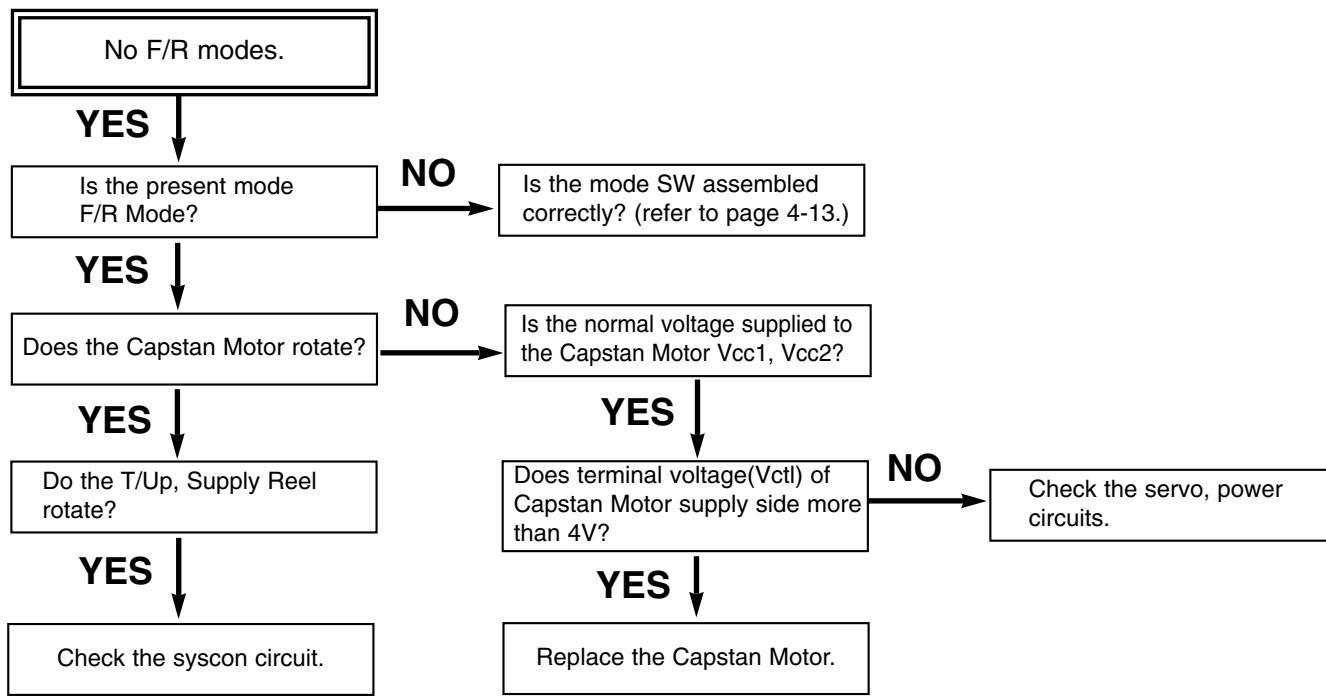
MECHANISM TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

1. Deck Mechanism

A.

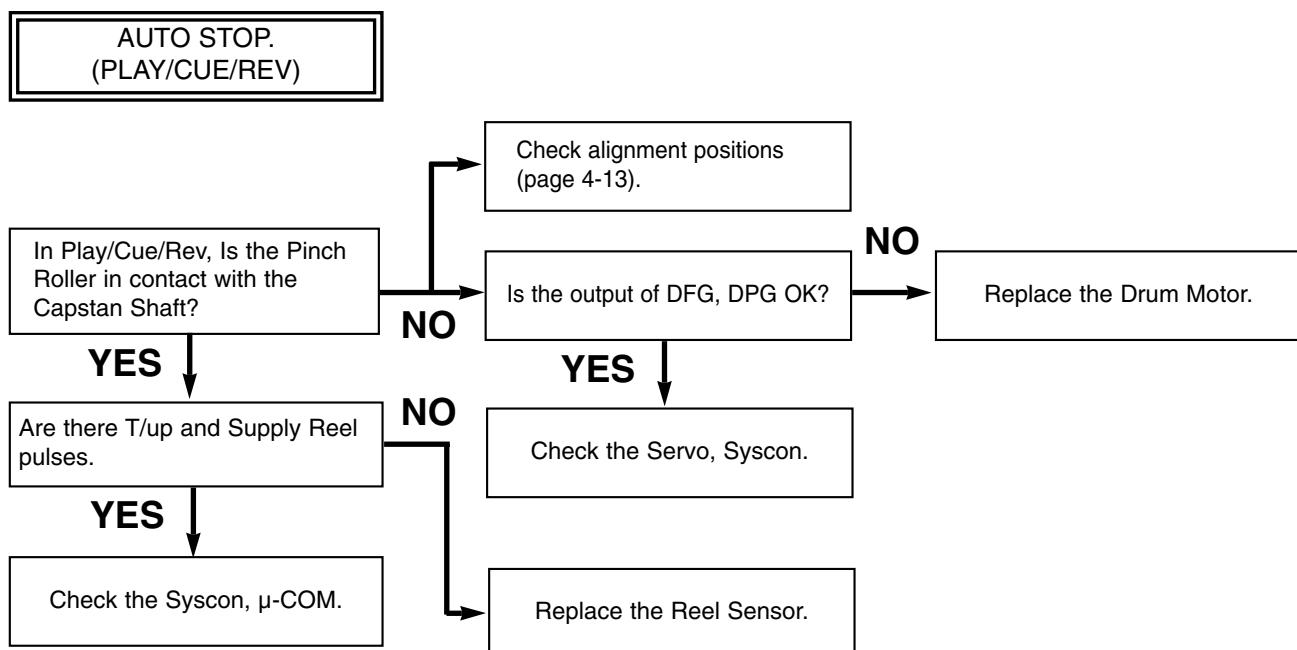


B.

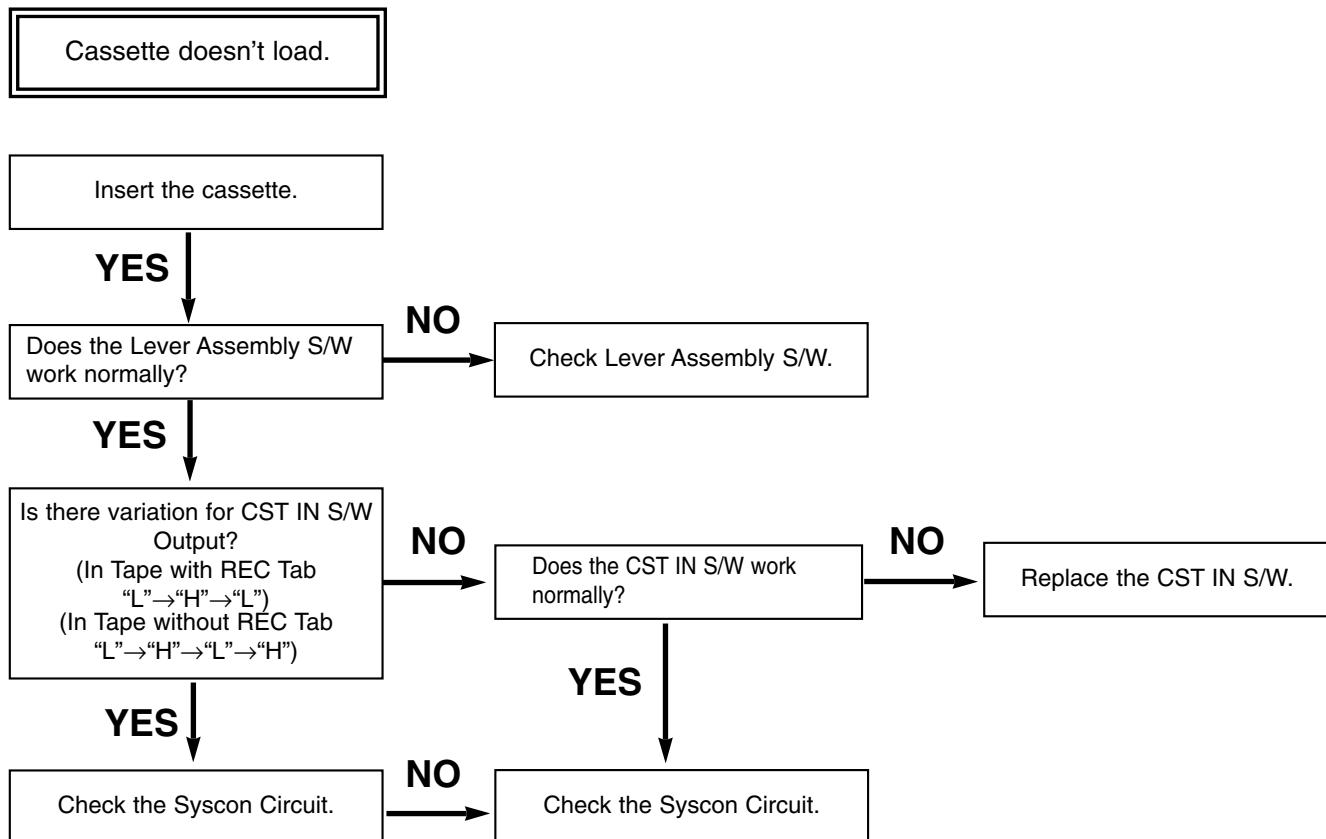


MECHANISM TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

C.

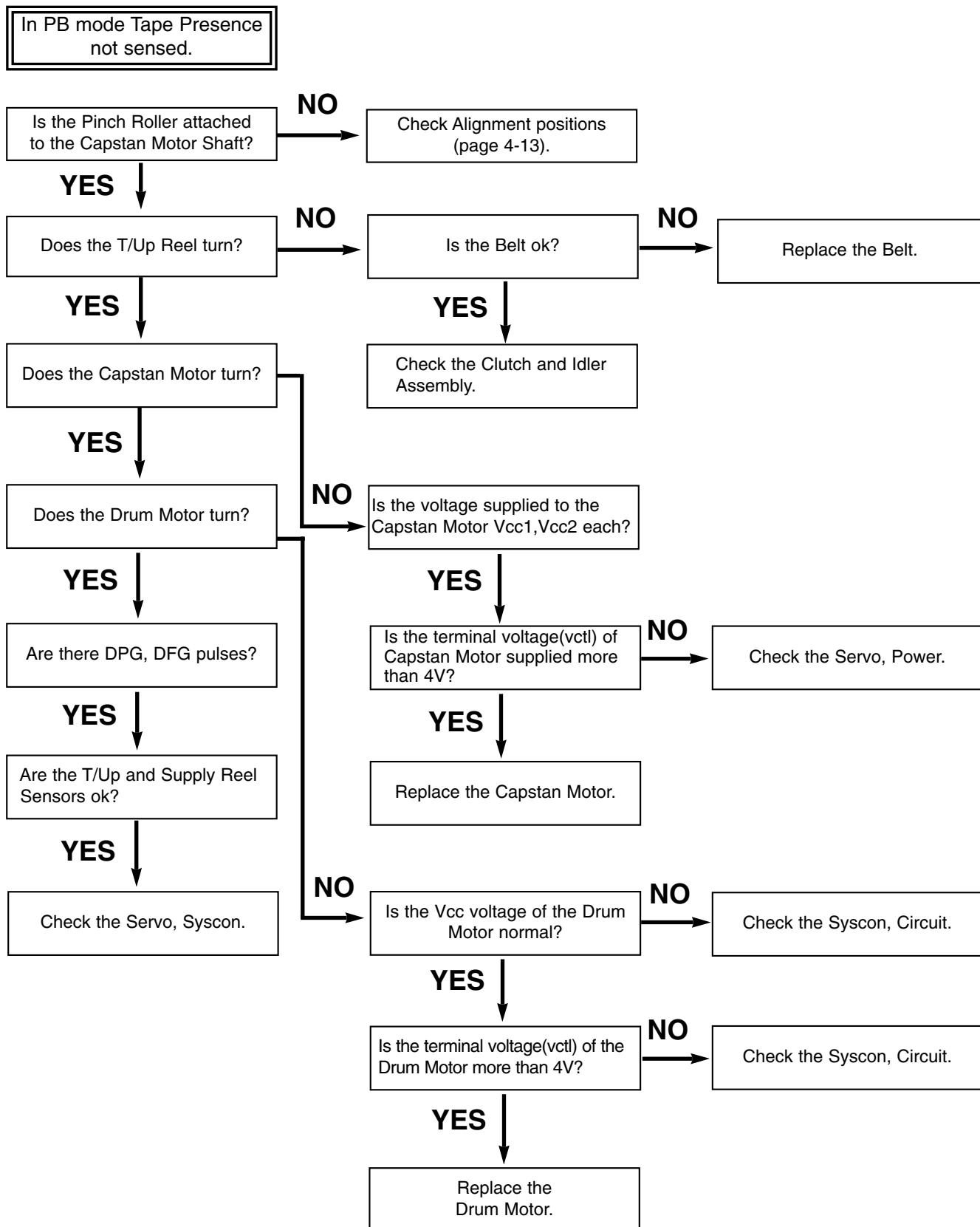


D.



MECHANISM TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

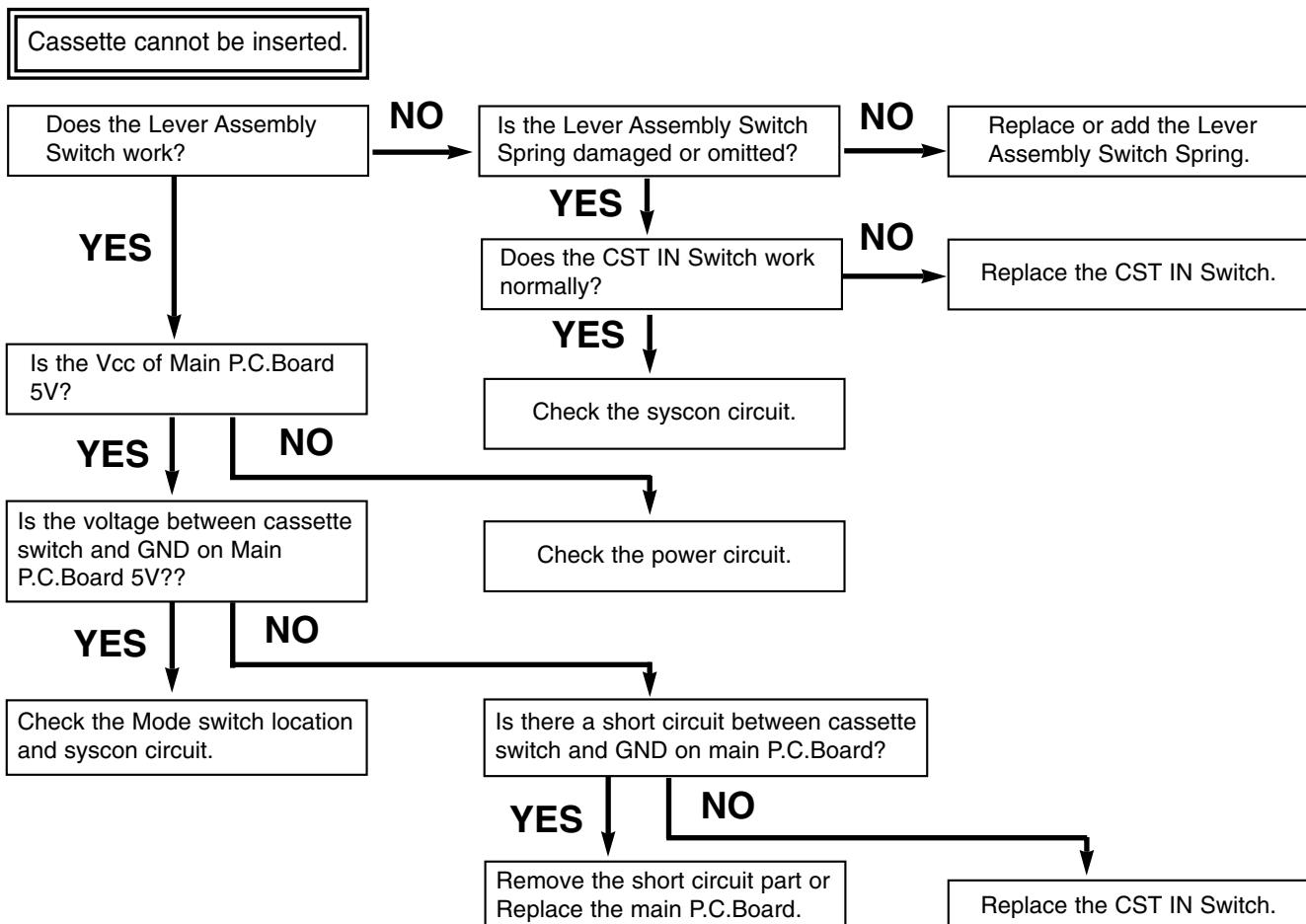
E.



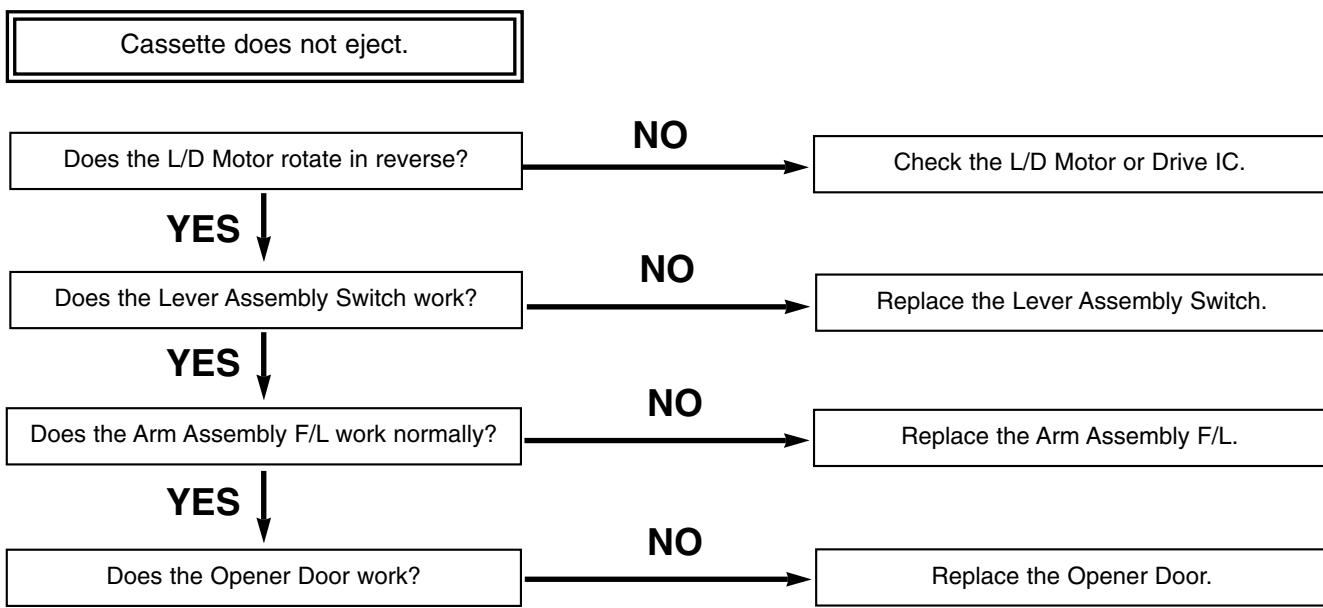
MECHANISM TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

2. Front Loading Mechanism

A.

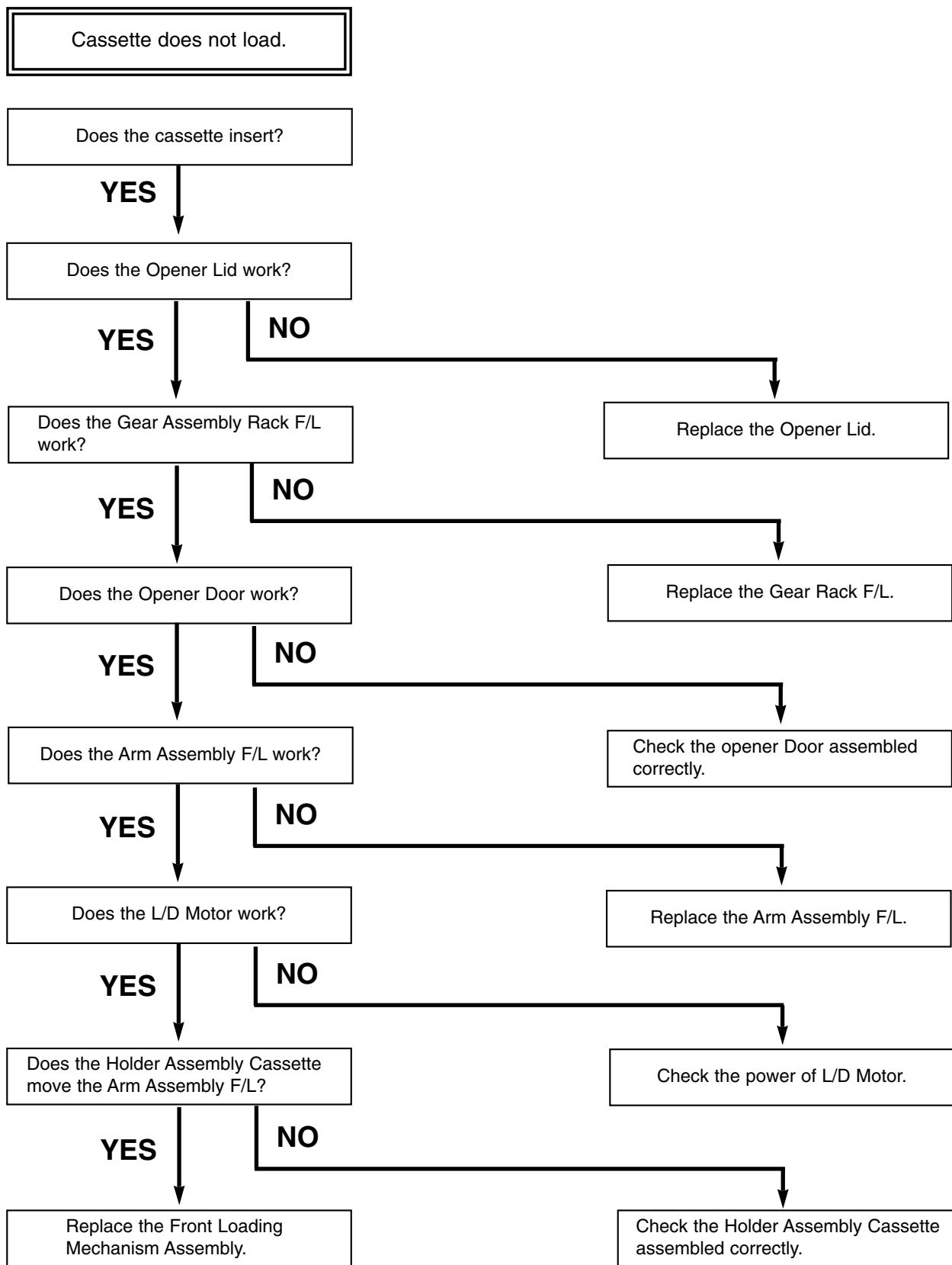


B.



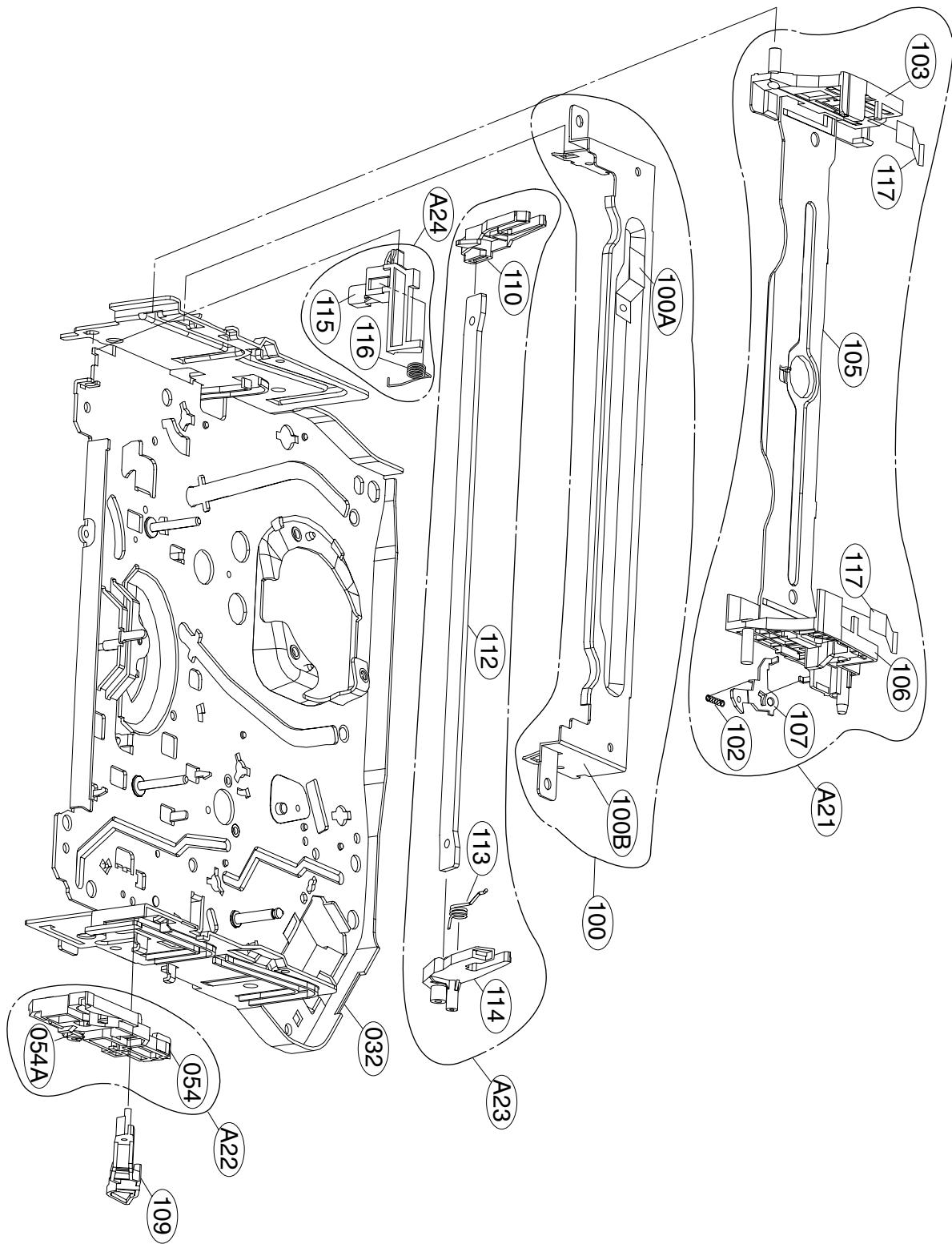
MECHANISM TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

C.



EXPLODED VIEWS

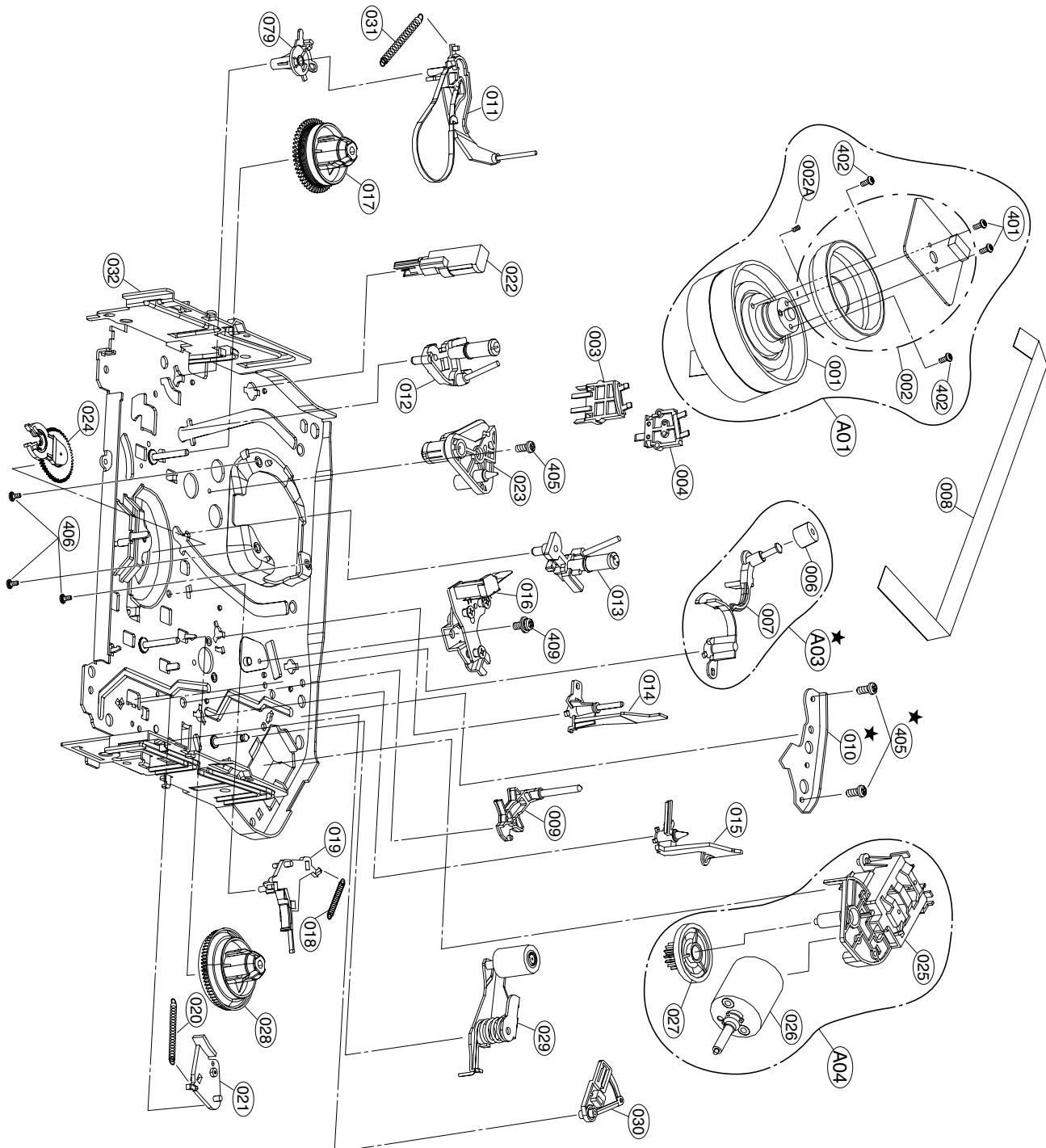
1. Front Loading Mechanism Section



EXPLODED VIEWS

2. Moving Mechanism Section(1)

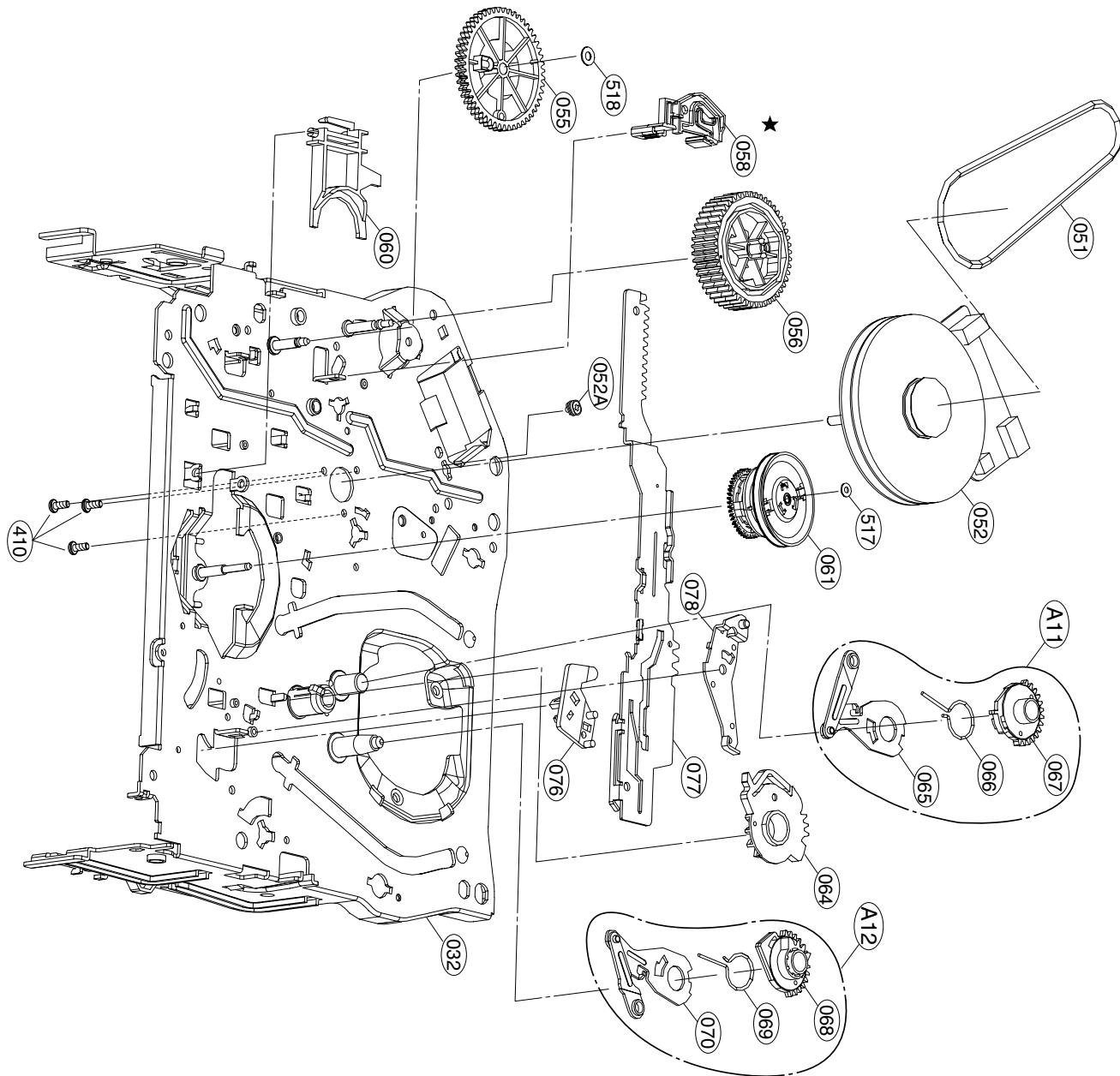
★ OPTIONAL PART



EXPLODED VIEWS

3. Moving Mechanism Section(2)

★ OPTIONAL PART



MEMO